



MTOSPORE

Manufacturer Maintenance Manual

MTOsport Model 2017

(Line Maintenance)



Aircraft Maintenance Manual for Gyroplane MTOsport Model 2017

0 - PREFACE

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AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

1 - INTRODUCTION

This manual provides accepted and recommended maintenance procedures applicable for the MTOsport Model 2017 gyroplane, designed and manufactured by AutoGyro GmbH, Hildesheim, Germany. The generic term "maintenance" comprises checks, inspections, replacement, repair and other tasks, which are defined in "01-11-00 Definitions and Standard Procedures". The manual also provides a full description of the aircraft and its systems and troubleshooting (fault isolation) procedures. Where applicable, the manual refers to related manuals, such as the engine manufacturer's documentation or Component Maintenance Manuals, for example battery, avionics, or optional equipment.

All task descriptions follow aerospace, industry and safety standards or special AutoGyro procedures. The procedures, methods, instructions and parameters specified in this manual must be adhered to by all means. It is not permitted to change procedures or to alter parameters provided herein. Proposed deviations from the procedures, methods and instructions contained in this manual should be directed to:

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The manual has been prepared in accordance with ATA Specification No. 100 being a common standard in aviation and for your convenience. The ATA100 numbering system is described under "Organization and Handling of the Manual".

This manual will be revised as necessary to incorporate changes in design, parts, approved procedures, or parameters. Note that the manual is only valid if available in current version. The use of an out dated manual may render the aircraft in unsafe or even not airworthy condition. The revision service is described below.

Service Information Letters (SIL), Service Bulletins (SB) or Airworthiness Directives (AD) will also be covered by the revision service and incorporated in the maintenance manual.

Revision Service

This manual must always be maintained in current, up-to-date status. The latest version status is available at www.auto-gyro.com. Note that the manual is subdivided into 6 parts which will be revised individually. As an example, the revision index for the aircraft maintenance manual (AMM), MTOsport Model 2017 (M17), Part B could be 'AMM-M17-B_2018-01'. Note that the date code is 'yyyy-mm' so files will sort chronologically.

For the purpose of current status this manual will not be published in paper format. A current personalized copy will be provided by AutoGyro GmbH for all certified and registered service partners on the basis of a subscription service. Registered users will be informed about new revisions. We recommend **not** to keep printouts or paper copies for reference.



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Record of Revisions

The manufacturer will keep this manual current as an entire document. After each revision of a part the latest revision index (i.e. list of revision indices for each part) will be published on AutoGyro's web portal and/or by E-Mail to each subscription customer. The document part's revision index can be found in the footer on the left hand side of each page.



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Maintenance Concept and Eligibility

The maintenance concept of the MTOsport gyroplane is structured into 4 qualification levels:

- Basic operational (OPR) Maintenance / Pilot Checks and Servicing
- Line (LNE) Maintenance Inspection and general maintenance tasks, Inspection of Critical Parts (CP) included
- Specialized (SPC) Level Tasks Major Modification, Repair & Overhaul, Special Topics

The respective maintenance level for each maintenance task is printed in right hand position in the header line on each Job Card as three-letter code for quick reference (see red circle in example below) and repeated under 'GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS'.



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61-10-00 4-1 REMOVAL-INSTALLATION: PROPELLER - HTC



Maintenance tasks may be carried out solely by persons or organizations fulfilling the requirements for personal qualification, infrastructure and required equipment, and only in strict compliance with the documentation and manuals listed in below table. Examples are provided for better illustration:

| Level | Qualification | Documentation | Example |
|-------|--|--|--|
| OPR | Licensed Pilot or trained/briefed person | Pilot's Operating Handbook and Job Cards marked 'OPR' | Check and replenish engine oil |
| LNE | AutoGyro maint. course (and organization approval) | Aircraft Maintenance. Manual (AMM) Job Cards 'LNE' and 'HVY' | All maintenance tasks |
| SPC | AutoGyro special courses and org. approval 'Specialized' | AMM Job Cards 'SPC' and manufacturer instructions | Main frame overhaul, major mod., repair |

Warnings, Caution and Notes

This manual uses **WARNINGs**, **CAUTION**s and **NOTE**s in bold italic letters to indicate especially critical and important instructions. The call-outs appear at the top of the Maintenance Job Card if of general nature or applicable for the complete task, or will directly precede the individual Work Step.

The meaning of each call-out is defined below:

WARNING: A warning means that the neglect of the appropriate procedure or condition could result in personal injury or fatal accidents.

CAUTION: A caution means that the neglect of the appropriate procedure or condition could result in damage to or destruction of equipment.

NOTE: A note stresses the attention for a special circumstance, which is essential to emphasize.

Organization and Handling of the Manual

This manual is structured according to ATA100 numbering system. The numbering system will be explained later in more detail.

On document level, the manual is subdivided into 6 parts, named A to F. The designation and content of each part is listed below:

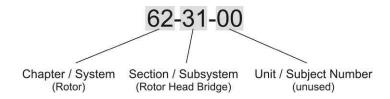
| Part | Designation / Content |
|------|---|
| A | Introduction and Declarations This section. Explains the basic concept, handling of this manual, its structure according to the ATA100 numbering system, abbreviations and acronyms. |
| В | Master Servicing Manual (ATA Chapters 00 to 20) General description of the aircraft, basic definitions and standard procedures, tools, spares, airworthiness limitations, time limits, inspections and checks. Briefly, part B describes 'what is to be done, and when'. |
| С | System Description Section (ATA Chapters 21 to 90) Part C describes all aircraft systems, following the ATA100 numbering system. |
| D | Diagrams and Charts Part D contains diagrams and charts, if necessary in special sizes or as fold-outs. |
| E | Maintenance Job Cards [Maintenance] Job Cards are collected in Part E. Note that the footer of Part E does not spell out to the part's designation, but just shows part and the job index of the referred maintenance task according to the ATA100 numbering system. Briefly, Part E describes 'how something has to be done'. |
| (F) | Protocols and Forms Protocols and forms, such as maintenance check lists, are available for download. |

ATA100 Numbering System

ATA100 - Chapter Code

The Air Transport Association (ATA) Standard 100 numbering system is a widely accepted standard that provides a 6 digit numbering system to identify aircraft systems, subsystems and individual components in a structured, hierarchical approach.

The first or leftmost pair of digits defines the Chapter, respectively system. The next pair of digits refers to the subsystem. The third pair of digits specifies a unit. Only complex systems use unit numbers. In case of simple systems, all information is contained in the main chapter and there is no subsystem or unit breakdown.



The ATA100 numbering system and the corresponding system designations were adopted where ever possible and rational. In some cases the wording and nomenclature was adapted to match the design specifics of a gyroplane in best possible way. Due to its high degree of system integration, some systems cannot clearly be assigned to a single function. In this case the system or component was categorized by its main function. Example: the pneumatic trim cylinder also acts as brake in its secondary function.

Chapter 02 has been modified to contain "TOOLS, SPARES AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS".

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Nomenclature and Structure of Maintenance Tasks (Job Cards)

Part E of this manual describes maintenance tasks to be performed by a qualified person in order to check, inspect, replenish, adjust, replace, repair, clean, or to identify malfunctions. Each **Task** is outlined in detail in a **[Maintenance] Job Card**.

Each [Maintenance] Job Card (sometimes referred to as Task Card) consists of

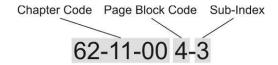
- Task Description (header, descriptive text) with task level in most right position
- a section referring to GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS
- a section listing SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS
- a section pointing out PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES
- a section called PROCEDURES, which lists all Work Steps to be performed subsequently
- a PARTS LIST listing part numbers and associated information, and
- explanatory GRAPHICS, such as explosion drawings or photographs

For ease of navigation each page in Part E shows a unique job index in the page footer consisting of 3 elements:

 Chapter Code (acc. to ATA100, see explanation below)

Page Block Code
 (distinct index/number per type of maintenance action, see explanation below)

Sub-Index



Page Block Code

The pages within a chapter are structured and numbered according to the page block numbering system as specified below:

| Subject | Code |
|---|------|
| Introduction / Description and Operation | 0 |
| Fault Isolation / Trouble Shooting | 1 |
| Maintenance Procedures | 2 |
| Servicing | 3 |
| Removal / Installation / Disassembly / Assembly | 4 |
| Adjustment / Test | 5 |
| Inspection | 6 |
| Cleaning / Painting | 7 |
| Repair / Replacement / Retrofit / Modification | 8 |
| Storage | 9 |

Effectivities

A job card may contain information relating to different versions of the referred aircraft. This may be stipulated by optional equipment installed, by different design states (Serial Number driven), or modification (MI, AD).

The keyword **EFFECTIVITY**, followed by a term describing its applicability, marks the start of instructions that apply exclusively to a specified version. Examples:

EFFECTIVITY: Variable Pitch Propeller

The following instructions must be performed and are applicable only if a Variable Pitch Propeller is installed

EFFECTIVITY: up to S/N 0123

The following instructions apply to serial numbers 0123 and before

EFFECTIVITY: S/N 0124 to S/N 0248

The following instructions refer only to serial numbers 0124 up to, and including, 0248

EFFECTIVITY: S/N 0124 and subsequent

The following instructions must be performed for serial numbers starting 0124 and subsequent

EFFECTIVITY: before SB 2011-99

Instructions refer to modification state before/without the referenced SB implemented

EFFECTIVITY: SB 2011-99 accomplished

Instructions apply only to those versions where the referenced SB has been accomplished

The end of the range of validity is marked by the term **EFFECTIVITY – END**

In case the effectivity solely comprises of the subsequent work step, or another effectivity statement is introduced, the term **EFFECTIVITY – END** will be omitted.

Instructions outside of **EFFECTIVITY** statements apply to the standard model, respectively to all versions.

Teilelisten-Schlüssel - PC / PIT

Für jedes Teil werden PC (Beschaffungsschlüssel) und PIT (übergeordneter bestellbarer Artikel) genannt (siehe Beispiel). Der Beschaffungsschlüssel kann L0, L1, L2 oder L3 sein.

| L0 | Bauteil / Baugruppe erhältlich für registrierte Piloten/Betreiber (OPR) |
|----|---|
| L1 | Bauteil / Baugruppe bestellbar für Personen / Organisationen qualifiziert für Inst. "LNE" |
| L2 | |
| L3 | Bauteil / Baugruppe bestellbar für Organisationen qualifiziert für "SPC" Tätigkeiten |

PIT (übergeordneter bestellbarer Artikel) listet die Bestellnummer des Teils, Pakets, Sets oder der kleinsten Baugruppe auf, in welchem das entsprechende Teil enthalten ist.

| TEIL | LELI | STE | | | |
|------|------|---|----|------------------|-----------|
| Abb. | Pos | . Beschreibung | PC | PIT | Bemerkung |
| 1 | 1-2 | Austauschsatz Passschrauben Rotorhub | L1 | 62-00-00-S-33356 | (RSI) |
| 1 | 1-2 | Austauschsatz Passschrauben Rotorhub II | L1 | 62-00-00-S-33355 | |

Abbreviations and Acronyms

In this manual, a minimum number of abbreviations are used. Where possible the abbreviations and acronyms used correspond with regulations and common standards.

AD Airworthiness Directive

AMM Aircraft Maintenance Manual

ATA Air Transport Association

CHT Cylinder Head Temperature

CP Critical Part

CT (Engine) Coolant Temperature
CRP Carbon Reinforced Plastic

DOM Date of Manufacture

ELT Emergency Locator Transmitter
FOD Foreign Object Damage (Debris)

GRP Glass Reinforced Plastic

hrs hours

i.f.d. in flight direction

JNP Jahresnachprüfung (annual inspection, annual airworthiness review)

LED Light Emitting Diode

LH left hand

LR Limited reusability

(Parts or components that can be used only once or a limited number of times,

such as self-locking nuts, split pins, ...)

LTA Lufttüchtigkeitsanweisung (AD, issued by the Airworthiness Authority)

MAP Manifold Absolute Pressure
MLL Manufacturer Life Limit

N/A not applicable

NPI non procurable item
OAT Outside Air Temperature
PC Procurement Code
PIT procure item through

POH Pilot's Operating Handbook

Qty. Quantity rcv receive

rec. recommended RH right hand

RPM Revolutions Per Minute

SB Service Bulletin

SIL Service Information Letter SoC Statement of Compliance

sqm square metre(s)

STP Stückprüfung (C of A, i.e. conformity of airworthiness)

TADS Type Approval Data Sheet (dt.: Geräte-Kennblatt)

TBO Time Between Overhaul VPP Variable Pitch Propeller VSI Vertical Speed Indicator

xmt transmit yr year(s)



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Service Bulletins (SB) and Airworthiness Directives (AD)

Service Bulletins (SB) (formerly 'Herstellerinformationen'), published by the manufacturer, or Airworthiness Directives (AD), issued by the Authority, will be incorporated into the Maintenance Manual with the next revision

The following list covers the Service Bulletins applicable to the MTOsport Model 2017. The statement "No Effect" means that the service bulletin has been reviewed to the revision number stated and is considered to have no effect on the text or the illustrations of the manual.

At publishing date, no Service Bulletins have been issued for the MTOsport Model 2017.

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| 05-10-00 | | |
| | · | |
| - | e-Flight Check nentary / Servicing Tasks | |
| • | spection (one-time / non-recurrent) | |
| | Annual Inspection | |
| 05-21-00 | • | |
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| 05-30-00 | Unscheduled Inspections | |
| 05-50-00 | Conditional Inspections | |
| 05-51-00 | n in sand or dust | |
| • | | |
| | peration | |
| 05-55-00 Supports | Inspections - Special Operational Incidentd hard landing | |
| | ntact with obstacle | |
| | contact with obstacle or external impact | |
| | Contact with obstacle of external impact | |
| | strike | |
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| | on: Pre-rotator drive coupling sleeve | |
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| 12-30-20 | Servicing: The Pressure | |
| 12-30-30 | Servicing: Battery | |
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CHAPTER 00 - INTRODUCTION / AIRCRAFT GENERAL

General

The MTOsport Model 2017 is a 'new generation' gyroplane with 3-bladed push propeller and a 2-blade aluminium main rotor system with swivelling rotor head. It features an open-cockpit fuselage with two seats in tandem configuration. The load carrying frame consists of inert-gas welded stainless steel square tubing. Fuselage and stabilizer with rudder are made from carbon fibre reinforced (CRP) plastic.

The tricycle gear with GRP (glass fibre reinforced plastic) suspension bow features a steerable nose gear.

Rotor flight control consists of conventional linkage using push-rods while the rudder is controlled by cables to allow adjustment of both pairs of pedals and push-pull-cables, routed inside the aft frame extension.



CHAPTER 01 - GENERAL

01-11-00 Definitions, Terms and Standard Procedures

The following definitions, procedures and words with special meanings are used in this manual:

adjust To put in specified position or condition, usually using tools or devices

Example: Adjust the clearance to 1 mm

Check (noun) A set of check items to be performed. Example: pre-flight check

check (verb) To make sure that the item is present and/or a given requirement is fulfilled. No

tools are required.

Example: Warning Lights...Check NONE

Critical Part (CP) "Critical Parts" are those parts whose failure during ground or flight operation could

have a disastrous effect on the gyroplane.

dent Depression in a surface having area and depth with no sharp edges

(see also 'nick')

discard Put away in order to exclude inadvertent or intentional re-use of the item. Comply

with FOD procedures.

dispose of Discard item or substance while employing strict procedures, such as

environmental or legal requirements.

hand-tighten Use the bare hand without any tools, gloves or extra efforts

inspect / examine To look carefully at an item and compare with its standard or specification. Tools or

devices may be needed. The condition may be explicitly specified (example: no corrosion). Generally, or if not otherwise stated, inspect/examine means:

Make sure that the item

- is complete

- is correctly attached

- has no loose parts

- shows no signs of leaks

- is not cracked or damaged

- is not worn

Make sure that

- the surface protection is not damaged

- all locking devices are installed correctly

Make sure that items such as pipes, hoses and cables

- look serviceable

- do not rub against other items

For log books and other technical records:

- find pending faults

- make sure they are up-to-date and correctly maintained

Inspection Maintenance procedure to be performed as described in this manual.

Example: 100 hrs / Annual Inspection

maintenance Any one or combination of overhaul, repair, inspection, replacement, modification

or defect rectification of an aircraft or component, with the exception of pre-flight

inspection



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measure To find out dimensions, capacity or quantity of something. Except for counting of

smaller numbers, calibrated measurement devices are needed.

monitor To watch a parameter or item over a certain period of time in order to read an exact

value, derive a trend or identify a change caused by an event. **Example**: monitor rotor speed indication, monitor RPM drop, ...

nick A dent with sharp edges (see also 'dent)

re-torque Refer to procedure 'torque-tighten'. In contrary to procedure 'torque check'

attachment hardware may rotate during re-torquing.

Record (noun) Technical name for a documentation that shows the accomplishment of

maintenance tasks or other activities, usually stating the responsible person's

name and date of compliance.

record (verb) To make an (official) entry in a maintenance record.

remove securing hardware

Cut open and remove split pins, lock wire, and such. Wear eye protection. Hold securing hardware with other hand to prevent particles from darting around. Collect

all splinters and particles of securing hardware and discard.

replace To remove an unserviceable item and install a serviceable in the same location

servicing Simple tasks such as lubrication and cleaning, checking and adjusting of air tire

pressure, replenishing of fluids

set To change (or verify) status of equipment to a given parameter, condition or mode.

Example: set altimeter sub-scale to 1013 hPa

torque-check Refer to procedure 'torque-tighten'. Check with the (minimum) torque value

supplied. Attachment hardware must NOT turn! If rotation of attachment hardware was noticeable the torque check FAILED. Refer to procedure described in Job

Card.

tool to minimum torque (if min. and max. torque values are provided). Use stretched fingers at the long end of the tool and counterhold directly at the pivot

point.

Click-Type: Stop upon the first clicking. If multiple clicking is heard or further rotation is suspected, open/unscrew and repeat. Replace attachment hardware if appropriate. In order to align attachment hardware (for example in case of a split pin) adjust tool to the maximum allowed torque and tighten carefully until hardware aligns. NO clicking must be heard! If clicking was heard, redo the complete

procedure while trying different attachment hardware and/or in different installation

position.

verify Check that a certain dimension or condition, or set of these, is in-line with given

specifications. In order to do so, a special (measurement) procedure will be

required and the reference to comply with will be specified.

If not otherwise stated the following standards are based on aeronautical regulations and recommendations (AC43.13-1B), industry and safety standards, and general practices, and shall be applicable throughout this manual. Examples are:

- Torquing
- Securing (handling of lockwire and other securing hardware)
- Removal of securing hardware
- FOD (foreign object damage) protection
- Discard and disposal procedures
- Handling of hazardous material
- Workplace safety

Notes on "nyloc" (and metal locking such as BinX) nuts:



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Ideally a nyloc nut should be used once only. It may be re-used if the thread is undamaged and when fitted to its mating fastener it must only turn with a torque greater than the "Prevailing Torque" listed (values factored from AC43.13-1B):

M6 0.8Nm, M8, 0.8Nm, M10 1.0Nm, M12 1.2Nm.

01-12-00 Standard Bolt Torques

Standard torques are M4 2-3 Nm, M5 5-6 Nm, M6 11 +/-1 Nm, M8 25 +/-3Nm, M10 35 +/-4Nm. Always assess the joint to be tightened and use engineering judgement – do not overtighten plastic or unsupported tube joints!

01-21-00 Standard Commercial Tools

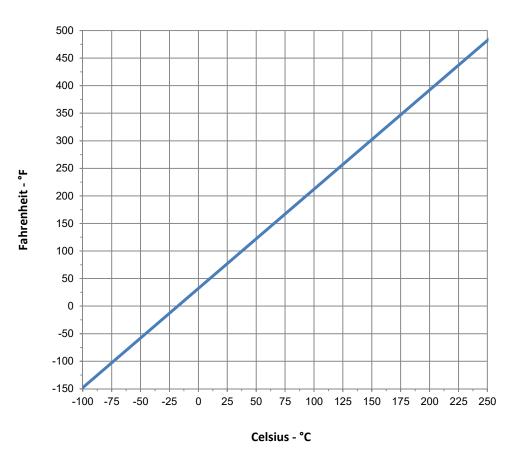
Most maintenance tasks on the MTOsport can be conducted using standard, commercially available metric tools. In addition, the following standard commercial tools are required:

- Inclinometer (digital) / Digital spirit level with angle gauge
- Spring balance / Dynamometer
- Tensiometer (to measure cable tension)
- 1m aluminium ruler
- Fuel hose clamp
- Torque wrench (in required torque ranges)
- Multimeter
- 3 m-tape measure
- Torch light
- Tyre pressure gauge / tyre filling device

01-91-00 Conversion Tables

| LENGTH / DISTANCE | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------|--------|-----------|
| Multiply | by | to obtain / Multiply | by | to obtain |
| m (metre) | 3.28 | ft (feet) | 0.305 | m |
| mm (millimetre) | 0.039 | in (inch) | 25.4 | mm |
| km (kilometre) | 0.54 | nm (nautical mile) | 1.852 | km |
| | | SPEED | | |
| Multiply | by | to obtain / Multiply | by | to obtain |
| m/s (metre per second) | 196.85 | ft/min (feet per minute) | 0.0051 | m/s |
| km/h (kilometre per hour) | 0.54 | kts (knots) | 1.852 | km/h |
| km/h (kilometre per hour) | 0.62 | mph (miles per hour) | 1.61 | km/h |
| | | PRESSURE | | |
| Multiply | by | to obtain / Multiply | by | to obtain |
| hPa (hectopascal) | 1.0 | mbar (millibar) | 0.0001 | bar |
| bar (Bar) | 14.50 | psi (lb per square inch) | 0.0689 | bar |
| bar (Bar) | 0.0295 | inHg (inch mercury) | 33.864 | bar |
| | | FORCE / WEIGHT | | |
| Multiply | by | to obtain / Multiply | by | to obtain |
| N (Newton) | 2.205 | lbf (pound force) | 0.4536 | N |
| N (Newton) | 0.1019 | (respective force of 1 kg) | 9.81 | N |
| | | MASS (WEIGHT) | | |
| Multiply | by | to obtain / Multiply | by | to obtain |
| kg (kilogram) | 2.2046 | lb (pound) | 0.4536 | kg |
| | | VOLUME | | |
| Multiply | by | to obtain / Multiply | by | to obtain |
| I [or Itr] (Litre) | 0.2642 | US gal (US gallons) | 3.7854 | I/Itr |
| I [or Itr] (Litre) | 1.057 | US qts (US quarts) | 0.946 | I/Itr |
| l [or ltr] (Litre) | 0.0164 | in ³ (cubic inch) | 0.946 | l/ltr |
| TORQUE | | | | |
| Multiply | by | to obtain / Multiply | by | to obtain |
| | | lbf.ft. (pound-foot) | 1.3558 | Nm |
| Nm (Newton metre) | 0.738 | ibi.it. (pourid-loot) | 1.0000 | |
| Nm (Newton metre) Nm (Newton metre) | 0.738 | lbf.in. (pound-inch) | 8.851 | Nm |





Celsius-Fahrenheit Conversion Chart



CHAPTER 02 - TOOLS, SPARES AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

02-51-00 Consumable Materials

The following consumable materials are referenced in the Maintenance Manual:

| Material / Description | AutoGyro Order Codes |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Loctite 221 red | 30487 |
| Loctite 243 blue | 30483 |
| Loctite 542 red | 30488 |
| Loctite 638 green | 30485 |
| 'Hohlraumspray' | 34197 |
| WHS 2002 | 30477 |
| Ballistol Öil Universal | 31816, 31846, 31847 |
| Anti-Seize Spray | 31590 |
| Würth HHS2000 Oil Spray | 30476 |
| Silicone Spray | 30490 |
| Talcum powder | 34089 |
| Shell Advance VSX4 10W-40 | 43082, 31629 |

CHAPTER 03 - MINIMUM EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENT

In accordance with the Pilot's Operating Handbook (POH) Section 2.11 the following equipment must be operative for flight

Air speed indicator

Altimeter

Compass

Rotor RPM indicator

Engine instruments (oil pressure, oil temperature, RPM, engine coolant temperature/CT)

Pre-rotator

Depending on the equipment state or relevant condition a limited or restricted operation may be granted to facilitate maintenance efforts and operability.

| Equipment / System | Condition | Limitation/Restriction |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Compass | Defective | Local flights within the traffic pattern and with ground reference. |
| Rotor RPM indicator | Defective | Flight to a maintenance facility. |
| Pre-rotator | Defective / No function R-RPM indicator working | Flight to a maintenance facility under the following conditions: • Experienced pilot as sole occupant • Concrete/asphalt runway with a minimum of 5 times the normal required take-off roll distance available • Second briefed person 'handpropping' the rotor while engine/propeller is off • Steady, laminar headwind |
| Pre-rotator | Malfunction, R-RPM > 120 R-RPM indicator working | Flight to a maintenance facility under the following conditions: • Experienced pilot • Concrete/asphalt runway with a minimum of 3 times the normal required take-off roll distance available • Steady, laminar headwind |

CHAPTER 04 – MANUFACTURER LIFE LIMITATIONS

For the safe operation over the specified lifecycle of the aircraft and liability reasons the following manufacturer limitations shall apply. In case the component has an operating hours and calendric time limit the first limit shall apply.

Note that at expiration of the specified manufacturer life limit (MLL) the component shall be replaced for your own safety, independent of its condition.

| ATA | Equipment / System | MLL |
|----------|-----------------------------------|----------|
| 62-00-00 | Rotor System II (RSII) Standard | 2500 hrs |
| | Rotor System II (RSII) TOPP 8.4 m | 2500 hrs |
| | Rotor System II (RSII) TOPP 8.6 m | 2500 hrs |
| 62-31-00 | Rotor main bearing | 1500 hrs |

Note that the Rotor main bearing is only supplied pre-assembled into the teeter tower.

Status and lifetimes of components, liquids and fluids is listed in the Event and Configuration Log (AG-F-ECL) form. The initial Event and Configuration Log is delivered with the gyroplane by AutoGyro. An empty form is provided for download on the AutoGyro web site.

Primary and Secondary structure determination:

A primary structural part is one for which the failure would be catastrophic and would prevent continued safe flight and landing.

All other structure can be considered as Secondary, thus failure of a Secondary structural part would not be immediately catastrophic and with due care continued safe flight and/or a safe precautionary landing could still be made.

Because of the simplicity of the aircraft structure some parts have a dual role – such as the composite body. As an example, the composite body of the aircraft is primary structure, yet it carries attachment point for items not flight critical.

The primary structural elements are considered to be:

Airframe

Upper mast

Connection assemblies joining the rotor head to the mast, and mast to airframe.

The rotor assembly and rotor head

The tail and rudder assembly

The rudder and rotor control system

The main undercarriage and nosegear

Whilst other items may have an effect on flight safety, they are considered secondary to the above. The undercarriage is included, as whilst it does not contribute to safe flight, it is difficult to make a safe landing without it – inevitably an aircraft rollover would result, probably destroying the aircraft.

Critical parts.

The following parts and assemblies have been denoted critical during the design review process, and special care must be taken with them during storage, handling and installation.

| Item & pt No. | Reason/comment | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Assemblies | | |
| Rotor Head Upper Assembly | Correct assembly of pitch, roll, main bearing and teeter bolts/nuts and splits pins is essential for safe operation | |
| Mast welded fabrication | Must be inspected carefully for cracks or other weld problems | |
| Airframe assembly | Must be inspected carefully for cracks and integrity of welded-on brackets, especially mast and keel tube | |



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| Rotor assembly RSII 8.4m Rotor Assy RSII TOPP 8.4 and 8.6m | Correct assembly of the rotor system is essential for safe operation Life limited and serialised assembly | |
|--|---|--|
| Rotor Head assembly | Comprising combination of Rotor Head upper and lower assemblies | |
| Parts | | |
| Teeter bolt | Must be correctly fitted, with no cracks or damage for safe operation | |
| Teeter tower (assembly) | No cracks or damage permitted for safe operation, and free spinning bearing without any poor feel. Life limited and serialised assembly because it carries the bearing. | |
| Main bearing nut | Must be properly tightened and correctly fitted with a split pin. | |
| Rotor blade assembly | Damage or fracture of the rotor blade is not permitted. | |
| Mast box section | Must be inspected carefully for cracks or other fractures | |
| Gimbal block | Must be free of cracks or fractures for safe operation | |
| Main bearing bolt | Must be properly tightened and correctly fitted with a split pin. | |
| Pitch and roll bolts | Must be correctly fitted, with no cracks or damage for safe operation | |



CHAPTER 05 - TIME LIMITS, INSPECTIONS & CHECKS

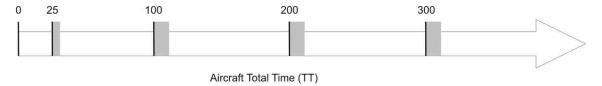
For safe operation and continued airworthiness over the specified lifecycle of the aircraft the following inspection schedule shall apply. Note that specified tolerances must NOT be accumulated!

| Task | Interval | Recurrence | Tolerance |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| Daily / Pre-Flight Check | Before flight / daily | Each | N/A |
| Complementary / Servicing Tasks | 5 hrs (rec.) | Each | N/A |
| 25 hrs Inspection | 25 hrs | Once | 5 hrs |
| 100 hrs / Annual Inspection | 100 hrs / 1 yr | Each | 10 hrs |

The 25 hrs inspection has to be performed once, within the specified tolerance.

The 100 hrs inspection has to be performed every 100 hours, within the specified tolerance, at latest within 12 months, counted from issue of the aircraft's Statement of Compliance (Stückprüfung) or Annual Inspection (JNP).

Note that tolerances do not accumulate! However, a preponed (earlier) inspection outside the tolerance will reduce the next inspection due cycle accordingly.



(Total time in hours, counted from engine start to engine shut-down, i.e. HOBBS meter)

05-10-00 Time Limits

In addition to time limits for inspection items and checks the following time limits for inspection or overhaul of respective components or replacement of liquids and fluids apply. Please refer also to the engine manufacturer's manual and time limits specified herein, as well as CHAPTER 04 – Manufacturer Life Limitations!

Components

| ATA/Ref. | Equipment / System | Time Limit |
|----------|------------------------|--------------|
| 53-00-00 | Welded Steel Mainframe | on condition |

Liquids and Fluids

| ATA/Ref. | Equipment / System | Time Limit |
|----------|---|-------------------|
| 75-00-00 | Engine coolant (acc. to coolant manufacturer) | at latest 5 years |
| 79-00-00 | Engine oil (acc. to engine manufacturer) | at latest 100 hrs |

Refer to <u>CHAPTER 12</u> concerning replenishing/replacement procedures and types of liquids and fluids.

Status and lifetimes of components, liquids and fluids is listed in the Event and Configuration Log (AG-F-ECL) form. It is the obligation of the maintenance facility to keep this form current. An empty form is provided for download on the AutoGyro web site.

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05-20-00 Scheduled Inspections & Checks

Daily / Pre-Flight Check

All daily or pre-flight check list items consist of visual checks and do not replace professional mechanical inspection and maintenance. The **Daily / Pre-Flight Checklist** for the standard MTOsport Model 2017 gyroplane is provided in the current Pilot's Operating Handbook.

Note that there is no 'post-flight' inspection mentioned. It is reasonable, however, to perform parts of the pre-flight inspection after the last flight of the day in order to take maintenance action in advance, if necessary.

Complementary / Servicing Tasks

The following tasks have to be performed in-between 100hrs inspections and may be performed on an operational level by the pilot or a trained person.

| Task | Interval | Tolerance |
|--|--------------|-----------|
| Lubrication: Teeter hinge (see <u>Ch. 12 – Servicing</u>) | 5 hrs (rec.) | N/A |
| Lubrication: Pre-rotator drive coupling sleeve | as req. | N/A |
| Cleaning/replacement: Engine air filter | as req. | N/A |

25 hrs Inspection (one-time / non-recurrent)

The inspection items of the 25 hrs inspection are covered within the 100 hrs inspection protocol, which is available for download.

100 hrs / Annual Inspection

The maintenance protocol of the 100 hrs / Annual Inspection (AG-F-PCA-MTO2017) is available for download.

05-21-00 Temporary Scheduled Inspections & Checks

Temporary Scheduled Inspections and Checks may be introduced by SBs or AD's (if any). Notice of, and compliance with ADs is mandatory. If necessary, AutoGyro GmbH will point out the existence of such information and will provide detailed procedures to registered service partners and owners.

Important Note: Temporary scheduled inspections introduced by the engine/powerplant manufacturer will not be covered by process. As a contribution to fleet safety, AutoGyro may point out the existence of such information, if possible.

05-30-00 Unscheduled Inspections

In case of the following events or occurrences, unscheduled inspections have to be performed.

| Event / Occurrence / Unusual Condition | Action / Reference |
|--|-----------------------|
| Rotor vibration | see <u>CHAPTER 18</u> |
| Propeller vibration | see <u>CHAPTER 18</u> |

If in doubt contact AutoGyro customer support.

05-50-00 Conditional Inspections

Depending on the conditions the gyroplane is operated in or special operational incident the following conditional inspection may apply:

05-51-00 Inspections - Special Operational Conditions

| Condition | Action / Reference |
|---------------------------|--|
| Operation in sand or dust | see below |
| AVGAS | see Pilot Operating Handbook and engine manufacturer documentation |
| Winter operation | see below |

Operation in sand or dust

- Refer to engine manufacturer documentation
- Inspect/change air filter regularly
- Reduce 100 hrs inspection interval to 50 hrs
- Apply propeller leading edge protection strip
- Operation with keel tube fin (recommended)

Winter operation

The cooling system for the cylinder heads of the engine is filled with a mixture of anti-freeze and water, which gives freezing protection down to -20°C. Using a hydrometer, check protection temperature of the coolant and add anti-freeze, if necessary. If temperatures are expected to fall below protection temperature, drain the coolant, and if required for service, refill with pure antifreeze (see 12-30-40 Servicing: Engine Coolant).

CAUTION

Pure antifreeze is not as good an engine coolant as a 50/50 mix with water. Take care that engine coolant limits are not exceeded. As soon as ambient temperatures permit, drain and refill with the normal coolant mix.

Because the oil and coolant system contain a thermostat, operation in winter does not require partblocking of the radiators to maintain temperatures

05-55-00 Inspections - Special Operational Incident

| Event / Occurrence / Unusual Condition | Action / Reference |
|--|--------------------|
| Suspected hard landing | see below |
| Rotor contact with obstacle | see below |
| Propeller contact with obstacle or external impact | see below |
| Birdstrike | see below |
| Lightning strike | see below |

Suspected hard landing

In case of a suspected hard landing perform the following checks:

- Inspect nose gear, attachment, fork, linkage and wheel bearing
- Inspect main gear axles and attachment
- Examine possible rotor / propeller strike → see 'Rotor / propeller contact with obstacle'
- CRITICAL: Inspect main gear suspension bow (body attachment and both axle attachments ok, no cracks)
- CRITICAL: Inspect fuselage, frame and attachment point for possible deformation or cracks.
 Perform levelling procedure (see JobCard <u>08-20-00 2-1</u>)
- CRITICAL: Inspect engine mounting and propeller to frame clearance approx. 5 cm
- CRITICAL: Perform a rotor alignment check

Defective components must be replaced. In case one or more of the items marked 'CRITICAL' are found defective or out of tolerance, contact AutoGyro customer support.

Rotor contact with obstacle

Rotor contact with an obstacle including any rotor strike of a stationary or turning rotor with an obstacle, including propeller and fuselage structures. In case of rotor contact with obstacle:

- Perform a rotor alignment check and adjust, if necessary
- Examine damage of aluminium rotor profile:
 - → allowed damage: dent with max. depth of 1 mm
 - → CRITICAL damage: nick(s)
- In case the turning rotor hit the stabilizer/rudder, a detailed inspection of the affected components must be performed.

In case CRITICAL damage is found, the rotor system must be replaced. Contact AutoGyro customer support.

It always recommended to replace the main rotor bearing in case of a strike, because the torque reaction of the impact can cause brinelling of the bearing and rough operation.

Propeller contact with obstacle or external impact

Refer to engine manufacturer documentation. If there is no visible damage, then perform tap test on propeller blades to assess for invisible damage. Replace damaged parts.

Birdstrike

- Perform detailed inspection of all affected component
- If rotor blades are affected, proceed according to 'Rotor contact with obstacle'
- If propeller is affected, proceed according to 'Propeller contact with obstacle or external impact'



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Lightning strike

A lightning strike is likely to cause invisible damage to many components, especially the main rotor bearing. The aircraft must not be flown until satisfactory inspection has been undertaken and any rectification has been completed.

05-60-00 Ground Test Run

The maintenance protocol of the Ground Test Run (AG-F-PGR-Generic) is available for download.

05-70-00 Functional Test Flight

The maintenance protocol of the Functional Test Flight (AG-F-PTF-MTO2017) is available for download.

05-90-00 Maintenance Records & Aircraft Logs

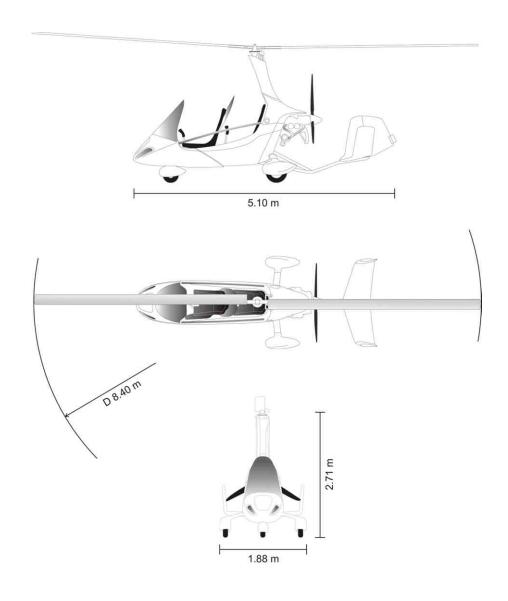
An illustrated 'Parts List' (AutoGyro Parts List) will be compiled individually and delivered with each gyroplane.

Forms are available for download.

An 'Event and Configuration Log' (ECL) is delivered with the aircraft by AutoGyro and shall be kept current by the maintenance facility. An empty form (AG-F-ECL) is provided for download.



CHAPTER 06 - DIMENSIONS & AREAS



| Length | 5.10 m |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Width | 1.88 m |
| Height | 2.71 m |
| Rotor diameter | 8.4 m (or 8.6m) |
| Rotor disc area | 55.4 sqm (or 58.1sqm) |
| Propeller diameter | 1.72 m |

CHAPTER 07 - LIFTING / JACKING / SHORING

See Job Card 07-00-00 2-1 in Part E of this manual.

CHAPTER 08 - LEVELING & WEIGHING

Weighing shall be performed in a draft-free hangar on level ground, with the aircraft defueled to minimum useable fuel.

Make sure each wheel of the gyroplane is located centred on the scales.

The weighing report AG-F-WRP-M17 is available for download.

CHAPTER 09 - TOWING & TAXIING

Experience shows that aircraft may be exposed to much higher loads when operated on ground, than when in flight. Such loads caused by rumbling on rough terrain, or bouncing the aircraft over the hangar threshold may easily exceed the design load in peak.

Use caution when handling the gyroplane on ground. Care must be taken when pushing at the rudder or at the outer stabilizers. Avoid excessive swing of the rotor blades as repeated bending ultimately leads to fatigue or damage.

CHAPTER 10 - PARKING, STORAGE & RETURN TO SERVICE

Parking up to 6 months

No special measures need to be taken.

NOTE Don't let E10 remain in the fuel system for unnecessary long time or for long-term storage!

Parking more than 6 months

- Refer to engine manufacturer documentation
- Maintain battery charged

CAUTION No overwinter survival mode (snowflake) with Ctek charger MXS3.8 for Super B batteries.

- Unload wheel gear
- Cover aircraft with a light plastic tarpaulin or cloth

Long-term Storage

Contact AutoGyro

Return to Service

Perform a 100 hrs Inspection.

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CHAPTER 11 - PLACARDS & MARKINGS

To avoid duplication and error, placards are shown in the pilot operating handbook (POH).

CHAPTER 12 - SERVICING

12-10-00 Cleaning

Care and regular cleaning of engine, propeller, rotor system and fuselage is the basic foundation for airworthiness and reliability. Therefore, the gyroplane should be cleaned after every last flight of the day or more often, if environmental conditions dictate.

In order to protect the gyroplane against dirt, dust, bird soil, and sunlight, the aircraft should be covered with a light plastic tarpaulin or cloth. Openings of the engine and airspeed indicator should be closed after the flight (insects, birds etc.).

Contamination can be cleaned with clean water, possibly with mild cleaning additives. To clean the rotor it is best to soak contamination with a cloth or towel, wipe with soft or micro-fibre cloth, and rinse thoroughly with water.

12-20-00 Lubrication

| Component | Application | Reference |
|--|-----------------|-----------|
| Lubrication: Teeter hinge | 5 hrs (recomm.) | see below |
| Lubrication: Pre-rotator drive coupling sleeve | as required | see below |

See CHAPTER 05 for respective time limits.

Lubrication: Teeter hinge

The teeter hinge consists of a steel bolt running in special Teflon coated bushings. In order to provide proper bearing action and to avoid wear and bearing play, which will cause rotor vibration in consequence, regular lubrication is essential. In order to do so, the best practise is to perform work steps 5 to 7 from Job Card 62-11-00 6-1 INSPECTION: ROTOR – TEETERING PARTS. Make sure to apply grease also on the outer (secondary) bearings inside the teeter tower.

Lubrication: Pre-rotator drive coupling sleeve

Apply a thin layer of lubricant Liquid Moly LM 47 MoS2- grease (45506) on coupling sleeve when in extended position in regular intervals, at latest when the sliding surface feels dry or after flight through rain.

12-30-10 Servicing: Engine Air Filter

The air intake filters need to be replaced or cleaned according to the manufacturer's recommendation. Depending on environmental conditions, such as dust, sand, or pollution the recommended rate of maintenance should be increased as required.

12-30-20 Servicing: Tire Pressure

| Main wheels | 1.8 – 2.3 bar |
|-------------|---------------|
| Nose wheel | 2.0 – 2.4 bar |

NOTE: Green valve caps are used when the tire is filled with nitrogen.

12-30-30 Servicing: Battery

The aircraft is fitted with a maintenance-free electrolyte battery. Maintenance is therefore limited to outside soundness, correct attachment, and cleaning. Check integrity of the battery as leaking fluid contains corrosive sulphuric acid which would lead to extensive damage when contacting the framework and attachments.

Charge the battery only with a charging device which is suitable for gel electrolyte batteries.

CAUTION: The battery must never be deep discharged, as it will be damaged. If so, it might need to be replaced.

CAUTION: No overwinter survival mode (snowflake) with Ctek charger MXS3.8 for Super B batteries.

12-30-40 Servicing: Engine Coolant

The cooling system for the cylinder heads of the engine is filled with a mixture of anti-freeze and water, which gives freezing protection down to -20°C. Check protection temperature of the coolant and add anti-freeze, if necessary.

Verify coolant level in the aluminium expansion tank, replenish as required. Minimum cooling fluid level can be read from a sight glass with a cold engine.

In case no cooling fluid is visible through the sight glass a technical defect is most probable. Have engine inspected before the next flight.

If temperatures are expected to fall below protection temperature, refer to 05-51-00 Winter operation.

12-40-00 Replenishing/Replacement of Fluids

| Liquid / Fluid | Max. Filling Qty. | Type / Code |
|---|-------------------|---------------|
| Engine coolant (50/50 water and EthyleneGlycol antifreeze suitable for aluminium engines) | 3.4 ltr | as documented |
| Engine Oil | 3.4 ltr | as documented |

See CHAPTER 05 for respective time limits.

CHAPTER 13-17 - UNASSIGNED / N/A

CHAPTER 18 – VIBRATION & NOISE ANALYSIS

Vibration may be induced by the rotor system, the propeller or even the engine. Finding out the cause for vibration and its proper cure requires experience and special equipment. This is why vibration analysis and related maintenance can only be performed by specialized service partners (maintenance level 'S'), or AutoGyro GmbH, Germany directly.

The following tests or fault isolation procedures should be performed in order to exclude systematic errors in case of rotor vibration:

- rotor system cleanliness
- check/verify correct installation position of the shim washers relative to teeter block and teeter tower (one or two dot markings on block, shim washer and teeter tower must align)
- check for possible play in teeter bearing in axial or radial direction
- check rotor system alignment (see Job Card 62-11-00 5-1)
- check for possible play in rotor bearing
- adjust (increase) rotor control friction (see Job Card 62-32-00 5-1)

In case of unusual vibration, contact AutoGyro or an AutoGyro specialized service partner. If possible, try to describe the type of vibration as precise as possible as this will help to save time to reproduce and troubleshoot, or even allow a first remote assessment. The following table provides a basic classification.

Vibration appearance / sensation / parameter

Lateral (left-right / back-forth) vibration with approximately 6 per second amplitude

Vertical (up-down) vibration with approximately 12 per second amplitude

Free-stick movement – carefully release control stick (if possible/safe) and describe path and displacement of control stick head

Flight condition (weight, speed) with highest vibration level

Rotor RPM

Higher frequency vibration (around 50 Hz, like an electric razor), changing with RPM

Higher frequency vibration, frequency and amplitude significantly changing with power setting, possibly irregular or erratic

RPM or power setting with highest vibration levels



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Noise is mainly created by the propeller. Engine and muffler play a secondary role in noise emission, as long as intact. Any deficiencies could be easily identified by a visual inspection or tap test. A defective muffler can be refilled with insulating material. Repair as necessary.

Propeller noise is emitted by the fast turning blade tips and usually increases exponentially with RPM and speed due to interaction of air disturbances with the blade tips.

As noise is a subjective perception, only measurement will provide reliable data. However, the following table provides elements and countermeasure to troubleshoot and cure in case of unusual noise emission.

Possible causes for noise / countermeasures

Check propeller condition (cleanliness, erosion, damaged or splintered blade tips). Clean or repair propeller.

Check propeller RPM during take-off (full throttle) or cruise. Adjust/reduce if required.

Check/adjust propeller pitch. Check pitch setting of individual blades and adjust so that they are the same.

Check leading edge of propeller and leading edge protection strip (if installed). A damaged leading edge protection strip (loose or sticking out end) may change noise signature significantly. Replace as necessary.

Check airfilter condition and installation condition.

Check exhaust system for soundness and correct orientation of the aftermuffler exit.

CHAPTER 19-20 - UNASSIGNED / N/A

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CHAPTER 21-22 - UNASSIGNED / N/A

CHAPTER 23 - COMMUNICATIONS

23-10-00 Speech Communication / Radio

The optional communication system consists of an integrated VHF radio system installed in the instrument panel. Different versions may be possible. Please refer to the manufacturer's specifications and manuals for reference. Wiring diagrams are provided in Part D of this document. Different possible cockpit layouts are described in <u>31-10-00 Instruments & Control Panels</u>.

At the time of writing, the radio approved by AutoGyro is the Funk ATR833.

23-40-00 Interphone / Intercom

The intercom system features sockets with PJ coupling installed in a panel to the left of the seat to connect a helmet or headset. The intercom amplifier and VOX control is integrated in the respective radio. See manufacturer's manual for additional information.

As the intercom function is an integral part of the radio system, please refer to <u>23-10-00 Speech</u> Comm. / Radio.

CHAPTER 24 - ELECTRICAL POWER

The 12V DC electrical system consists of an engine driven electrical generator, a battery, master switch, indicators, switches, electrical consumers, and cabling. With the ROTAX 914 UL engine an electrical power supply is vital for continued engine operation as this engine variant solely relies on electrically driven fuel pumps (depending on configuration).

Turning the master switch to the ON position closes the battery contact and energizes the gyroplane's electrical system. The red LOW VOLT warning light will illuminate. A steady indication warns the pilot that the voltage of the system has dropped below a safe value. In this case a safety circuit (load shedding relay) will automatically disconnect nonessential consumers, such as the 12V power receptacle and supply for the heated clothing regulator. It is normal for this lamp to be on when the engine is not running.

A red GEN warning light is installed to indicate that the battery is not being charged.

24-30-00 DC Generation and Battery

Direct current is provided by an engine-integrated AC generator with external rectifier-regulator (12V 20 A DC). The battery is mounted in a bracket at the rear of the lower mast frame.

24-60-00 DC Electrical Load Distribution

The DC electrical load distribution system includes cockpit switches, control electronics (relays and logic components), fuses, electrical harnesses and cabling, and electrical consumers.

Electrical schematics are provided in <u>Part D - Diagrams and Charts</u> of this manual.

The power demand for various consumers is provided in the following table:

| ATA Reference | Equipment / System | Power load |
|---------------|-------------------------------|---|
| 24-3 | Generator | (-) 240 W |
| 23-1 | Radio ATR833 (if inst.) | 7 W (receive) / 39 W (transmit) |
| 25-1 | Seat heating (if inst.) | 100 W |
| 28-2 | Electrical fuel pump (ea) | 41 W |
| 33-4 | NAV/Pos lights (LED) | 8 W |
| 33-4 | Strobe lights | 46 W |
| 33-4 | Landing light (LED) | 36 W |
| 34-1 | Digital ALT and ASI | 6 W / (20 W when charging backup batt.) |
| 34-7 | ATC Transp.TRT800H (if inst.) | max. 10 W |
| 36-1 | Pneumatic compressor | 103 W / (280 W peak) |
| 61-2 | IVO propeller (if inst.) | 30 W / (140 W peak) |
| 85-23 | Heated gloves (if conn.) | 30 W |
| 85-23 | Heated pants (if conn.) | 50 W |
| 85-23 | Heated jacket (if conn.) | 88 W |
| 85-23 | Heated soles (if conn.) | 17 W |
| 85-34 | Aspen (if inst.) | 70 W |
| 85-34 | Garmin 695 / 795 (if inst.) | 40 W |
| 85-34 | Garmin area 500 (if inst.) | 5 W (charging) |
| 85-34 | Garmin G3X (if inst.) | 30 W |
| 85-34 | Dynon 10 (if inst.) | 48 W |
| 85-34 | FlyMap L (if inst.) | 35 W |
| 85-34 | FlyMap XL (if inst.) | 46 W |

Fuses together with their values and application are listed below:

| Fuse / Name | Value | Application |
|----------------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| Gen. 1 | 5 A | Generator / Alternator |
| Gen. 2 | 5 A | Generator 2 (if installed) |
| Compressor | 15 A | Electric Compressor |
| Pump 2 | 5 A | Secondary Fuel Pump (if inst.) |
| TCU | 10 A | Engine Turbo Control Unit (if inst.) |
| Cockpit | 5 A | |
| Avionic | 10 A | |
| ACL | 10 A | Strobes |
| Start | 5 A | Engine Starter Relay |
| Taxi light | 10 A | |
| Landing light | 10 A | |
| Prop. | 15 A | Propeller Adjustment (if inst.) |
| Trim. | 3 A | Trim and Rotor Brake Control |
| Sensor | 3 A | |
| Heater pilot | 15 A | Seat Heating Front Seat (if inst.) |
| Heater copilot | 15 A | Seat Heating Rear Seat (if inst.) |
| 12 V plug | 5 A | 12 V Power Outlet |
| Rear cockpit | 10 A | |
| At the battery | | |
| Regulator | 30 A | |
| Cockpit | 50 A | |
| Aux. generator | 50 A | |
| Starter | 125 A | |



CHAPTER 25 - EQUIPMENT / FURNISHINGS

25-10-00 Flight Compartment

Forward and aft seat are adjustable to suit different pilots and consist of a GRP bowl which is fastened to the frame structure. Basic upholstering consists of seat and backrest cushions with foam core and a fabric covering.

As an option, an easily cleanable, water-repellent 'sports design' cover is available. The cushions are attached with hook-and-loop tape and press studs.

For each seat an adjustable four point harness is available.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Seat belts have a manufacturer recommended life of 10 years. Continued service is at the discretion of the Servicing Engineer.

CHAPTER 26 - N/A

CHAPTER 27 - FLIGHT CONTROLS

27-00-00 Flight Controls

See <u>CHAPTER 67 – Rotors Flight Control</u>.

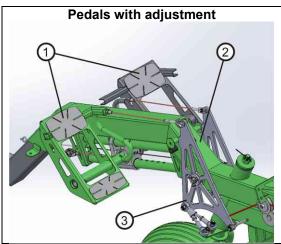
Note: Stabilizers are described in CHAPTER 55.

27-20-00 Flight Controls - Rudder

The rudder is connected to the adjustable foot pedals with two push-pull control cables with are routed through the horizontal frame, steel cables and two bell crank levers. Nose wheel steering is directly linked to pedal/rudder control input by the two bell crank levers and control rods. The pair of aft pedals is interconnected in parallel with the nose wheel control path.

Both pairs of pedals are individually adjustable to suit pilot's comfort. A shorter adjustment is achieved by pulling the handle which moves the pedals closer. Pulling the handle while pushing with both feet gently against the pedals allows longer adjustment.

The rudder fin is described in 55-40-00 Rudder.



- 1 Pedals
- 2 Adjustment handle
- 3 Nose wheel and rudder control

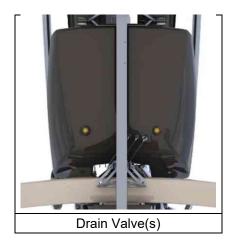


CHAPTER 28 - FUEL

28-10-00 Storage

Two fuel tanks are located under the rear seat and have a total capacity of 94 litres. Tanks are made from PE plastic and feature a ventilation line that is routed under the aircraft body. A drain valve is available in the bottom aft area of each tank that accepts a standard drain tool with pin to open the valve.

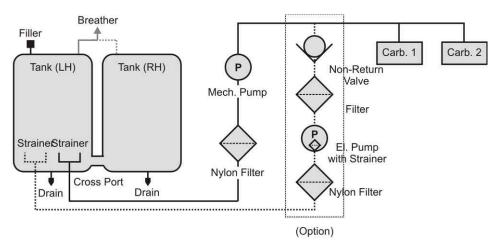
A large crossover port connects both tanks to ensure quick equalization.



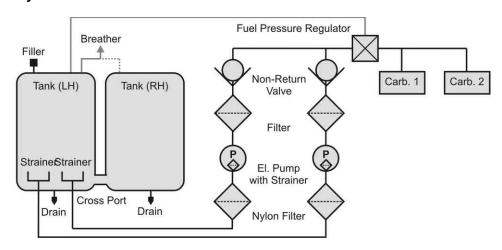
28-20-00 Distribution

The fuel distribution system comprises fuel hoses, made of fabric-reinforced rubber, filters and pumps. Possible fuel system versions differ with engine model, see schematics below. In case of ROTAX 912 engine variant, a secondary electrical pump (P2) with filter can be configured as an option.

Fuel system ROTAX 912:



Fuel system ROTAX 914:



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

28-40-00 Indicating

An electronic fuel level gauge with integrated and independent low fuel sensor is provided in the cockpit. The LOW FUEL warning light is triggered as soon as 7.5 litres or less of usable fuel remain in the tanks. On ground, fuel quantity can be determined by a transparent line positioned at the rear end of the tanks.

Additionally, and optionally, a low fuel pressure warning LED (FUEL P.) may be fitted to the panel. This lamp indicates when the fuel pressure downstream of the fuel pumps is less than 0.15bar. The pressure sensor is located in the fuel supply hose between the pump filters and the fuel pressure regulators on 914UL engines.

CHAPTER 29-30 - N/A

CHAPTER 31 – INDICATING SYSTEM

Note: The hour meter / HOBBS meter is described in CHAPTER 77 - ENGINE INDICATING.

31-10-00 Instruments & Control Panels

Different instrument panel layouts are available. The basic instrumentation arrangements include:

- GPS Layout
- EFIS Layout
- Night VFR

The panel layout "GPS" includes all relevant instruments arranged in a way to accept most off-theshelf moving map navigation devices in the respective format. Alternatively, the area in the centre of the panel may be used to install a map holder or attach checklists and/or maps.

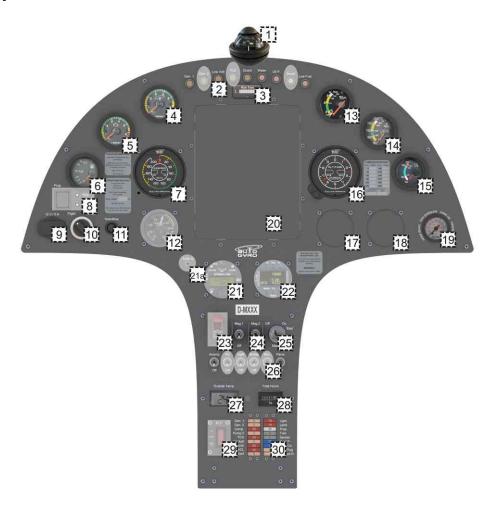
Some hand held GPS units and antennas emit magnetic fields that vary with respect to time and/or levels of battery charge. These may change your compass deviations, so always cross check between the compass headings with your GPS installed and placard accordingly if required.

All EFIS layouts are tailored to the integrated flight and navigation suite of the respective manufacturer. In addition to navigational and moving map functions, the system provides primary flight data and engine/vehicle monitoring. It is of utmost importance to read and understand the operators' manual and to become familiar with the system before operation. In case of a system failure, altimeter and air speed indicator are provided as back-up.

Depending on the chosen instrumentation and optional equipment, the depicted panels on the following pages may vary.



Panel Layout - GPS Panel



- 1 Magnetic compass
- 2 Warning lights
- 3 Lateral/roll trim indicator
- 4 Rotor RPM
- 5 Engine RPM
- 6 Fuel level indicator
- 7 Air speed indicator
- 8 Variable pitch propeller / VPP (if inst.)
- 9 12V power receptacle (if installed)
- 10 Pneumatic mode selector
- 11 Pre-rotator overdrive
- 12 Manifold pressure gauge (if inst.)
- 13 Oil pressure
- 14 Oil temperature
- 15 Engine Coolant Temperature / CT

- 16 Altimeter
- 17 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 18 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 19 Trim/brake pressure gauge
- 20 Installation provisions
- 21 Radio (if installed)
- 22 ATC Transponder (if inst.)
- 23 Boost guarded switch- only R914
- 24 MAG switches
- 25 Master/starter switch
- 26 Switches (Avionics, P2, Lights, Opt.)
- 27 Outside air temperature / OAT
- 28 Hour meter
- 29 ELT control (if inst.)
- 30 Fuses



Panel Layout - GPS Rack for Garmin 695



- 1 Magnetic compass
- 2 Warning lights
- 3 Lateral/roll trim indicator
- 4 Rotor RPM
- 5 Engine RPM
- 6 Fuel level indicator
- 7 Air speed indicator
- 8 Variable pitch propeller / VPP (if inst.)
- 9 12V power receptacle (if installed)
- 10 Pneumatic mode selector
- 11 Pre-rotator overdrive
- 12 Manifold pressure gauge (if inst.)
- 13 Oil pressure
- 14 Oil temperature
- 15 Engine Coolant Temperature / CT

- 16 Altimeter
- 17 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 18 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 19 Trim/brake pressure gauge
- 20 Option GPS Rack for Garmin 695
- 21 Radio (if installed)
- 22 ATC Transponder (if inst.)
- 23 Boost guarded switch- only R914
- 24 MAG switches
- 25 Master/starter switch
- 26 Switches (Avionics, P2, Lights, Opt.)
- 27 Outside air temperature / OAT
- 28 Hour meter
- 29 ELT control (if inst.)
- 30 Fuses



Panel Layout - GPS Rack for Garmin 795



- 1 Magnetic compass
- 2 Warning lights
- 3 Lateral/roll trim indicator
- 4 Rotor RPM
- 5 Engine RPM
- 6 Fuel level indicator
- 7 Air speed indicator
- 8 Variable pitch propeller / VPP (if inst.)
- 9 12V power receptacle (if installed)
- 10 Pneumatic mode selector
- 11 Pre-rotator overdrive
- 12 Manifold pressure gauge (if inst.)
- 13 Oil pressure
- 14 Oil temperature
- 15 Engine Coolant Temperature / CT

- 16 Altimeter
- 17 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 18 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 19 Trim/brake pressure gauge
- 20 Option GPS Rack for Garmin 795
- 21 Radio (if installed)
- 22 ATC Transponder (if inst.)
- 23 Boost guarded switch- only R914
- 24 MAG switches
- 25 Master/starter switch
- 26 Switches (Avionics, P2, Lights, Opt.)
- 27 Outside air temperature / OAT
- 28 Hour meter
- 29 ELT control (if inst.)
- 30 Fuses



Panel Layout - GPS Rack for I Pad mini 1,2,3



- 1 Magnetic compass
- 2 Warning lights
- 3 Lateral/roll trim indicator
- 4 Rotor RPM
- 5 Engine RPM
- 6 Fuel level indicator
- 7 Air speed indicator
- 8 Variable pitch propeller / VPP (if inst.)
- 9 12V power receptacle (if installed)
- 10 Pneumatic mode selector
- 11 Pre-rotator overdrive
- 12 Manifold pressure gauge (if inst.)
- 13 Oil pressure
- 14 Oil temperature
- 15 Engine Coolant Temperature / CT

- 16 Altimeter
- 17 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 18 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 19 Trim/brake pressure gauge
- 20 Option GPS Rack for I Pad mini 1,2,3
- 21 Radio (if installed)
- 22 ATC Transponder (if inst.)
- 23 Boost guarded switch- only R914
- 24 MAG switches
- 25 Master/starter switch
- 26 Switches (Avionics, P2, Lights, Opt.)
- 27 Outside air temperature / OAT
- 28 Hour meter
- 29 ELT control (if inst.)
- 30 Fuses



Panel Layout - GPS Rack for I Pad mini 4



- 1 Magnetic compass
- 2 Warning lights
- 3 Lateral/roll trim indicator
- 4 Rotor RPM
- 5 Engine RPM
- 6 Fuel level indicator
- 7 Air speed indicator
- 8 Variable pitch propeller / VPP (if inst.)
- 9 12V power receptacle (if installed)
- 10 Pneumatic mode selector
- 11 Pre-rotator overdrive
- 12 Manifold pressure gauge (if inst.)
- 13 Oil pressure
- 14 Oil temperature
- 15 Engine Coolant Temperature / CT

- 16 Altimeter
- 17 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 18 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 19 Trim/brake pressure gauge
- 20 Option GPS Rack for I Pad mini 4
- 21 Radio (if installed)
- 22 ATC Transponder (if inst.)
- 23 Boost guarded switch- only R914
- 24 MAG switches
- 25 Master/starter switch
- 26 Switches (Avionics, P2, Lights, Opt.)
- 27 Outside air temperature / OAT
- 28 Hour meter
- 29 ELT control (if inst.)
- 30 Fuses



Panel Layout - GPS Insert for Aspen



- 1 Magnetic compass
- 2 Warning lights
- 3 Lateral/roll trim indicator
- 4 Rotor RPM
- 5 Engine RPM
- 6 Fuel level indicator
- 7 Air speed indicator
- 8 Variable pitch propeller / VPP (if inst.)
- 9 12V power receptacle (if installed)
- 10 Pneumatic mode selector
- 11 Pre-rotator overdrive
- 12 Manifold pressure gauge (if inst.)
- 13 Oil pressure
- 14 Oil temperature
- 15 Engine Coolant Temperature / CT

- 16 Altimeter
- 17 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 18 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 19 Trim/brake pressure gauge
- 20 Option GPS Insert for Aspen
- 21 Radio (if installed)
- 22 ATC Transponder (if inst.)
- 23 Boost guarded switch- only R914
- 24 MAG switches
- 25 Master/starter switch
- 26 Switches (Avionics, P2, Lights, Opt.)
- 27 Outside air temperature / OAT
- 28 Hour meter
- 29 ELT control (if inst.)
- 30 Fuses



Panel Layout - GPS Insert for Area 500



- 1 Magnetic compass
- 2 Warning lights
- 3 Lateral/roll trim indicator
- 4 Rotor RPM
- 5 Engine RPM
- 6 Fuel level indicator
- 7 Air speed indicator
- 8 Variable pitch propeller / VPP (if inst.)
- 9 12V power receptacle (if installed)
- 10 Pneumatic mode selector
- 11 Pre-rotator overdrive
- 12 Manifold pressure gauge (if inst.)
- 13 Oil pressure
- 14 Oil temperature
- 15 Engine Coolant Temperature / CT

- 16 Altimeter
- 17 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 18 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 19 Trim/brake pressure gauge
- 20 Option GPS Insert for Area 500
- 21 Radio (if installed)
- 22 ATC Transponder (if inst.)
- 23 Boost guarded switch- only R914
- 24 MAG switches
- 25 Master/starter switch
- 26 Switches (Avionics, P2, Lights, Opt.)
- 27 Outside air temperature / OAT
- 28 Hour meter
- 29 ELT control (if inst.)
- 30 Fuses



Panel Layout - GPS Insert for Flymap 7"

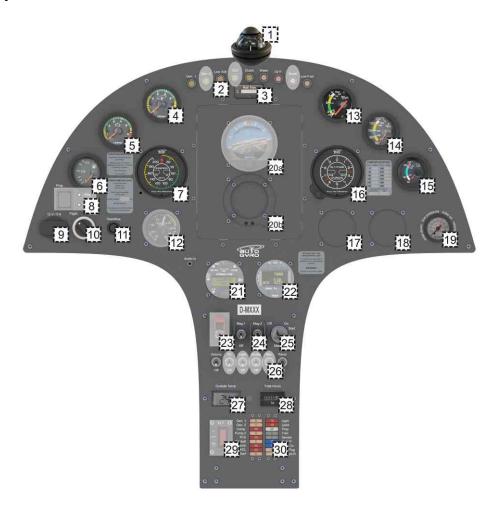


- 1 Magnetic compass
- 2 Warning lights
- 3 Lateral/roll trim indicator
- 4 Rotor RPM
- 5 Engine RPM
- 6 Fuel level indicator
- 7 Air speed indicator
- 8 Variable pitch propeller / VPP (if inst.)
- 9 12V power receptacle (if installed)
- 10 Pneumatic mode selector
- 11 Pre-rotator overdrive
- 12 Manifold pressure gauge (if inst.)
- 13 Oil pressure
- 14 Oil temperature
- 15 Engine Coolant Temperature / CT

- 16 Altimeter
- 17 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 18 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 19 Trim/brake pressure gauge
- 20 Option GPS Insert for Flymap 7"
- 21 Radio (if installed)
- 22 ATC Transponder (if inst.)
- 23 Boost guarded switch- only R914
- 24 MAG switches
- 25 Master/starter switch
- 26 Switches (Avionics, P2, Lights, Opt.)
- 27 Outside air temperature / OAT
- 28 Hour meter
- 29 ELT control (if inst.)
- 30 Fuses



Panel Layout - GPS Insert basic T



- 1 Magnetic compass
- 2 Warning lights
- 3 Lateral/roll trim indicator
- 4 Rotor RPM
- 5 Engine RPM
- 6 Fuel level indicator
- 7 Air speed indicator
- 8 Variable pitch propeller / VPP (if inst.)
- 9 12V power receptacle (if installed)
- 10 Pneumatic mode selector
- 11 Pre-rotator overdrive
- 12 Manifold pressure gauge (if inst.)
- 13 Oil pressure
- 14 Oil temperature
- 15 Engine Coolant Temperature / CT

- 16 Altimeter
- 17 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 18 Cut-out 57mm / 2 1/4" for optional inst.
- 19 Trim/brake pressure gauge
- 20 2 x Cut-out 80mm for opt. installation
- 21 Radio (if installed)
- 22 ATC Transponder (if inst.)
- 23 Boost guarded switch- only R914
- 24 MAG switches
- 25 Master/starter switch
- 26 Switches (Avionics, P2, Lights, Opt.)
- 27 Outside air temperature / OAT
- 28 Hour meter
- 29 ELT control (if inst.)
- 30 Fuses



31-60-00 Integrated Display Systems

Different Integrated Display Systems are available as an option, and described in the following. In addition to navigational and moving map functions, the systems provide primary flight data and engine/vehicle monitoring. It is of utmost importance to read and understand the operators manual and to become familiar with the system before operation. In case of a system failure, a 2 ½" (47mm) altimeter, air speed indicator and rotor speed indicator are provided as backup instrumentation.

Panel Layout - EFIS Insert Garmin G3X 10"



- 1 Magnetic compass
- 2 Warning lights
- 3 Lateral/roll trim indicator
- 4 Rotor RPM
- 5 Variable pitch propeller / VPP (if inst.)
- 6 Air speed indicator
- 7 12V power receptacle (if installed)
- 8 Pneumatic mode selector
- 9 Pre-rotator overdrive
- 10 Option EFIS Insert Garmin G3X 10"
- 11 Manifold pressure gauge (if inst.)
- 12 Altimeter

- 13 Trim/brake pressure gauge
- 14 Radio (if installed)
- 15 ATC Transponder (if inst.)
- 16 Boost guarded switch- only R914
- 17 MAG switches
- 18 Master/starter switch
- 19 Switches (Avionics, P2, Lights, Opt.)
- 20 Outside air temperature / OAT
- 21 Hour meter
- 22 ELT control (if inst.)
- 23 Fuses



Panel Layout - EFIS Insert Skyview 10"



- 1 Magnetic compass
- 2 Warning lights
- 3 Lateral/roll trim indicator
- 4 Rotor RPM
- 5 Variable pitch propeller / VPP (if inst.)
- 6 Air speed indicator
- 7 12V power receptacle (if installed)
- 8 Pneumatic mode selector
- 9 Pre-rotator overdrive
- 10 Option EFIS Insert Skyview 10"
- 11 Manifold pressure gauge (if inst.)
- 12 Altimeter

- 13 Trim/brake pressure gauge
- 14 Radio (if installed)
- 15 ATC Transponder (if inst.)
- 16 Boost guarded switch- only R914
- 17 MAG switches
- 18 Master/starter switch
- 19 Switches (Avionics, P2, Lights, Opt.)
- 20 Outside air temperature / OAT
- 21 Hour meter
- 22 ELT control (if inst.)
- 23 Fuses



Panel Layout - EFIS Insert Flymap 10"



- 1 Magnetic compass
- 2 Warning lights
- 3 Lateral/roll trim indicator
- 4 Rotor RPM
- 5 Variable pitch propeller / VPP (if inst.)
- 6 Air speed indicator
- 7 12V power receptacle (if installed)
- 8 Pneumatic mode selector
- 9 Pre-rotator overdrive
- 10 Option EFIS Insert Flymap 10"
- 11 Manifold pressure gauge (if inst.)
- 12 Altimeter

- 13 Trim/brake pressure gauge
- 14 Radio (if installed)
- 15 ATC Transponder (if inst.)
- 16 Boost guarded switch- only R914
- 17 MAG switches
- 18 Master/starter switch
- 19 Switches (Avionics, P2, Lights, Opt.)
- 20 Outside air temperature / OAT
- 21 Hour meter
- 22 ELT control (if inst.)
- 23 Fuses

CHAPTER 32 - LANDING GEAR

The MTOsport Model 2017 has a conventional tricycle gear with GRP (glass fibre reinforced plastic) suspension bow and a steerable nose gear.

32-10-00 Main Gear

The main gear consists of a GRP suspension bow which is bolted to a support frame at the bottom of the mast and main frame. The spar is designed to absorb even higher than normal landing loads in case of a hard landing or crash.

32-10-00 Nose Gear

The nose gear consists of a steerable nose wheel in a fork made of stainless steel tubing. Nose wheel steering is realized by cables and a linkage to pedal/rudder control input.

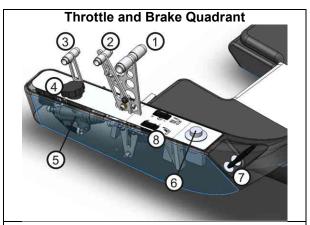
32-40-00 Wheels and Brakes

Both main wheels feature hydraulic disc brakes. The hydraulic wheel brake is actuated by pulling the brake lever (2). A locking pawl mechanism allows setting for use as parking brake. In order to release the parking brake pull the brake lever a little further to let the spring-loaded locking pawl disengage, and then release wheel brake.

Do not try to disengage the locking pawl by pressing the small release lever without pulling the brake lever at the same time. Releasing the pawl using the small release lever only will lead to premature deterioration of the teeth. If the teeth are worn the function of the parking brake will be compromised!

The throttle and brake quadrant also supports the brake fluid reservoir (4) with screw cap and fluid level minimum and maximum markings, as well as the primary brake cylinder (5).

For correct tire pressure see <u>12-30-20 Servicing:</u> *Tire Pressure*.



- 1 Throttle lever
- 2 Brake lever with locking pawl
- 3 Choke control
- 4 Brake fluid reservoir
- 5 Primary brake cylinder
- 6 Seat adjustment control push button
- 7 Headset / helmet connectors
- 8 Seat heating control (if installed)

CHAPTER 33 - LIGHTS

33-40-00 Exterior

The basic aircraft is approved for day VFR operation only. As an option the following lights can be configured on the MTOsport Model 2017:

- Landing Light
- Position Lights with integrated Strobe Lights on both outer vertical stabilizers (Either AutoGyro or Aveo Ultra Galactica (certified) devices)
- Belly landing light
- Dimmable instrument panel lighting for front and rear seats

Electrical schematics / wiring diagrams are provided in <u>Part D - Diagrams and Charts</u> of this manual. Power consumption figures are listed in <u>24-60-00 DC Electrical Load Distribution</u>.

CHAPTER 34 - NAVIGATION

34-10-00 Flight Environment Data

Total pressure is picked up by a pitot tube located in the nose section of the fuselage. The tube is connected to the integrated cockpit instruments by a plastic line. Static pressure is measured behind the cockpit panel.

Outside air temperature (OAT) is measured by a thermocouple located at the fuselage belly above the nose wheel.

34-20-00 Attitude and Direction

As part of minimum equipment, a magnetic compass is installed on top of the instrument panel, under the windshield.

34-70-00 ATC Transponder

An ATC Transponder may be installed as an option. Possible installation positions in the instrument panel are described in <u>CHAPTER 31</u>. Please refer to the manufacturer's documentation for reference.

CHAPTER 35 - N/A

CHAPTER 36 - PNEUMATIC

Aircraft trim, rotor brake and activation of the pre-rotator is controlled by a pneumatic system, consisting of an electrically driven air compressor with filter/dryer, a pressure gauge in the cockpit, a pressure compensation vessel, solenoid valves, air lines, pneumatic actuators, and the respective cockpit controls.

The pneumatic system controls the following function:

- rotor brake ON, effects i.e. rotor disc flat / flight control stick forward position (brake mode)
- adjustable longitudinal trim, effects i.e. rotor disc/stick pulled aft (flight mode)
- engagement of the pre-rotator, i.e. activation of the clutch and upper engagement (only in flight mode or in brake mode with overdrive/override button)

The aforementioned functions are described in more detail in the dedicated chapters.

A schematic drawing of the pneumatic system is provided in <u>Part D - Diagrams and Charts</u> of this manual.

36-11-00 Generation / Compressor

The electrically driven compressor and filter/dryer is located behind the instrument panel. The wiring diagram is provided in *Part D - Diagrams and Charts* of this manual.

36-21-00 Distribution

Air distribution comprises of hoses, valves (solenoids), (cockpit) controls and switches, (pressure) sensors and a pressure compensation vessel. The main pneumatic switching logic is combined in the pneumatic control which is installed behind the instrument panel. See <u>Part D - Diagrams and Charts</u> for schematics.

Note that the pneumatics actuators (cylinders) are not described in this ATA Chapter, but assigned to their mechanical main function.

Example: the brake/trim cylinder is described in 67-05-00 Pitch Trim System / Rotor Brake.

CHAPTER 37-50 - UNASSIGNED / N/A

CHAPTER 51 - STANDARD PRACTICES - STRUCTURES

51-00-00 Standard Practices - Structures

Structural repair of composite structures or the welded steel frame is limited to AutoGyro GmbH or its specialized service partners (job cards labelled 'SPC').

CHAPTER 52 - DOORS, COVERS AND COWLINGS

52-10-00 Passenger / Crew

This gyroplane is designed as an open cockpit aircraft and features no doors. Two windshields from break-proof polycarbonate protect the crew against the air stream, insects, and direct rain. Access and exit is provided over the sillboard on the right hand side.

Note that windshields are described in 56-10-00 Flight Compartment / Windshields.

52-40-00 Service Covers and Cowlings

The pneumatic control box is installed behind the cover of the centre panel. Note that some of the pneumatic pump and air dryer can be accessed through the cover of the storage compartment in the nose section.

Access for maintenance and inspection is described in a dedicated job card <u>52-40-00 2-1</u> in Part D of this manual.

CHAPTER 53 – FUSELAGE / MAIN FRAME

The load carrying structure of the gyroplane consists of an inert-gas welded stainless steel square tube framework and includes mast, forward extension, and aft extension. The main frame carries all loads induced by the crew stations, engine, rotor, undercarriage, stabilizer, and serves as installation platform for additional equipment. Attachment points for the engine installation are provided by a steel tube ring mount at the rear of the mast, which also supports the rotor at its top end.

The fuselage enclosure including its two crew stations is made of glass fibre reinforced plastic. It is mounted to the forward extension of the main frame and is not designed as a load carrying structure.

CHAPTER 54 - N/A

AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

CHAPTER 55 - STABILIZERS

The stabilizer structure with rudder is made of carbon reinforced plastic (CRP) and is bolted to the keel tube (aft extension) of the main frame. Presence and function of the stabilizer plays a vital part in flight stability and safety. Inspect carefully all attachment points and the integrity of the composite component.

In order to assess the integrity of the stabilizer, carefully pull the fin tips in lateral direction (left/right) with a maximum of 150 N. A 'linear' resistance must be felt. In case mechanical noises are heard/felt, contact AutoGyro.

55-40-00 Rudder

The rudder is made of CRP and is hinged to the central fin of stabilizer. An aluminium trim tab is provided to eliminate constant pedal input during cruise flight and to provide a pre-defined rudder setting in case of a control failure. The trim tab should be adjusted to allow pedal-off cruise flight. Adjust according to the following table:

| Pedal input (for straight and level flight, slip indic./ball centred) | Corrective action (seen from behind, i.e. in flight direction) |
|---|--|
| Constant right pedal required | Bend trim tab to the left |
| Constant left pedal required | Bend trim tab to the right |

Avoid unnecessary bending as the tab may break at its perforation. A misadjusted or broken tab may change flight characteristics significantly and in case of a rudder control failure, the gyroplane may render difficult to control. Replace trim tab if it feels soft or if fissures at the perforated part are visible.

CHAPTER 56 - WINDOWS

56-10-00 Flight Compartment / Windshields

Environmental protection for pilot and occupant against the air stream, insects, and direct rain is provided by large windshields in each station. The windshields are made of break-proof polycarbonate (Makrolon) and bolted to the gyroplane enclosure.

CHAPTER 57-60 - UNASSIGNED / N/A

CHAPTER 61 - PROPELLER

In standard configuration a 3-bladed, fixed pitch 'HTC' propeller with GRP propeller blades is installed. Depending on customer configuration a spinner may be installed. As an option, a variable pitch propeller may be available, either the Woodcomp KW31 or the Ivoprop DL3-68. The Woodcomp KW 31 is an EASA certified propeller and should ('MUST' in the case of a certified version of the aircraft) be maintained in accordance with the Woodcomp issued MM.

Ivoprop do not issue an MM for their propeller, so the propeller is maintained iaw with RotorSport Ivoprop maintenance manual RSUK0325, and AutoGyro Service Bulletin AG-SB-2017-05-B-EN IVOprop gearbox overhaul.

Adjustment of the fixed pitch propeller is described in a dedicated Job Card in Part E of this manual. The mechanical end stops of the variable pitch propeller are pre-adjusted by AutoGyro. In case, re-adjustment should be necessary on the variable pitch propeller, please refer to the manufacturer's documentation or contact AutoGyro. It is essential that the propeller pitch adjustment does not prevent the aircraft from achieving a minimum climb rate in full coarse of 250fpm at MaxTOW, or allow over-revving in the climb at full fine. Nominal engine rpm at full fine in the climb is 5500, max 5700.

In certain cases, damaged propeller blades can be repaired (specialized / SPC maintenance task). Concerning repair limits and allowable damage contact AutoGyro GmbH. Provide a precise description of the damage, dimensions and preferably photos of the affected area.

61-10-00 Propeller assembly

The propeller assembly comprises propeller blades, hub and related attachment hardware.

61-20-00 Controlling

In case of a variable pitch propeller (VPP) refer to the manufacturer's (IVO DL3-68 or Woodcomp KW31) documentation and respective wiring diagrams in Part D of this manual.

CHAPTER 62 - ROTOR

The two-bladed, semi-rigid, teetering rotor system comprises high-strength aluminium extruded rotor blades, a hub bar, and a common teeter hinge assembly.

Due to their working principle, every two-bladed teetering rotor system induces a certain amount of vibration, depending on flight condition (speed) and disc loading. AutoGyro optimizes each rotor system at a medium disc loading and speed before delivery. However, if the rotor system shall be tuned to a different flight condition or reveals undue vibration, contact AutoGyro or a specialized service partners (maintenance level 'S').

IMPORTANT NOTE: Rotor Systems are Manufacturer Life Limited (MLL)!

Some guidelines to Vibration and Noise Analysis and classification schemes are provided in <u>CHAPTER 18</u> (Part B) of this manual.

62-11-00 Rotor – Teetering Parts

The teetering parts of the rotor system consist of teeter bolt, teeter block, rotor hub (bar), and rotor blades.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Only rotor system 8.4m standard or TOPP, or 8.6m TOPP is released for use with the Sport 2017.

The rotor blades feature an aerodynamic profile especially suitable for rotorcraft which, in combination with its relative centre of gravity, provides aerodynamic stability by eliminating negative blade pitching moments and flutter tendency. The hollow blade profile is sealed at both ends by plastic blade caps.



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The aluminium rotor hub bar is pre-coned to the natural coning angle of the blades and connects the blades firmly to each side with fitting bolts and a clamping profile. In order to compensate for asymmetric air flow in forward flight the blades are free to teeter. The hinge assembly consists of teeter tower, teeter bolt and teeter block.

The teeter bolt runs in a long Teflon coated bushing in the teeter block (main bearing action), as well as two shorter bushings in the teeter tower (emergency bearing action). The main bearing action is supported by special grease which is applied through a grease nipple on top of the teeter block. Servicing is described in *CHAPTER 05* (Part B) of this manual.

62-31-00 Rotor Head Bridge, Bearing and Teeter Tower

The rotor head bridge is made of welded stainless steel. Rotor bearing (Manufacturer Life Limited!) and teeter tower represent one integrated component.

62-32-00 Rotor Gimbal Head

Tilting action or flight control of the rotor is facilitated by the rotor gimbal head. The gimbal head is sometimes also referred to as 'hang point' and represents a cardan hinge.

62-41-00 Rotor RPM Monitoring

Rotor RPM monitoring is realized by an inductive pick-up which is installed with a gap of 2-3mm at the sprocket wheel. The sensor counts the (10) holes in the sprocket disc. Rotor RPM is indicated in the cockpit in an analogue-type instrument which also houses the control electronic. The system requires power supply.

CHAPTER 63 - ROTOR DRIVE

63-11-00 Pre-rotator

The pre-rotator is used to quickly bring the rotor up to safe RPM for take-off run by the press of a button. Pre-rotation is activated by a push-button on the flight control stick. Because of a safety circuit, activation of the pre-rotator is only possible with the pneumatic mode selector in FLIGHT position and the control stick in forward position. This prevents inadvertent activation of the pre-rotator during flight or in BRAKE mode.

The pre-rotator is activated as long as the respective push-button on the control stick head is depressed, provided the following pre-conditions are met:

- bar (if installed) down and locked
- pneumatic mode selector set to FLIGHT
- control stick in forward position (controlled by a micro switch)
- trim pressure less than 3 bar

In this case, the pneumatic clutch is pressurized. Engine torque is then transmitted through the prerotator drive, a 90° gearbox and upper drive to the pinion which is engaged by another small pneumatic actuator into the geared ring of the rotor head. The drive pinion is sliding on a helical gear to provide automatic lock-out in case of rotor RPM overrun. In order to allow necessary changes in length both pre-rotator drive shafts feature a sliding sleeve coupling.

The pre-rotator can be activated in BRAKE position to park the rotor blades fore-aft for taxi. To do so, the pre-rotator push-button and the overdrive/override switch in the cockpit panel have to be pressed simultaneously. Prolonged activation of the pre-rotator with rotor brake engaged should be avoided.

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63-11-10 **Pre-rotator Lower Engagement**

Pre-rotator lower engagement consists of the pneumatically activated clutch.

For pneumatic control of the clutch refer to CHAPTER 36 - PNEUMATIC.

63-11-20 **Pre-rotator Drive**

Power flow is realized through a 90-degree gearbox and drive shafts. The 90-degree gearbox is mounted directly to the disc clutch. The pre-rotator drive shaft features a cardan joint right after the 90degree gearbox and a sliding shaft coupling in the upper area to allow changes in length due to the tilt of the rotor head.

63-11-30 **Pre-rotator Upper Engagement**

The pre-rotator upper engagement comprises a drive pinion with bearing, which is engaged by a small pneumatic actuator into the geared ring / sprocket wheel of the rotor head. The drive pinion is sliding on a helical gear to provide automatic lock-out in case of rotor RPM overrun.

63-51-00 **Rotor Brake System**

The rotor brake system consists of a brake pad mounted to a bracket which is hinged to the rotor head bridge. A second brake pad is mounted in forward position which will contact the sprocket wheel only when in full flat / level (stick fully forward) position. With the pneumatic mode selector in BRAKE position the operation of the pneumatic trim actuator is reversed so that increased pressure causes the actuator to push the rotor head up (or level) and presses the brake pads against the rotor head disc. In order to increase brake pressure, move the 4-way trim switch to aft. Note that this action will also push the control stick forward which will push the sprocket wheel against the forward brake pad. At full brake pressure the control stick will be maintained in its full forward position while aft and forward brake pads provide braking action.

Due to its main function the pneumatic brake/trim actuator/cylinder itself is allocated to 67-05-00 Pitch Trim.

CHAPTER 64-66 - N/A

CHAPTER 67 - ROTOR FLIGHT CONTROL

Rotor flight control comprises of control stick, a base control unit / tube, flight control base link and control rods (push rods) which are connected to the rotor head bridge.

Pitch and roll of the gyroplane is controlled by tilting the complete rotor head by means of the control stick. Control input is transferred via a base control unit / tube running horizontally along the forward extension of the main frame (below the seats) to the base link and from there to the rotor head via control rods (push rods). The control rods with ball joints at both ends are supported by a bell crank about half way up the mast.

The control stick head is ergonomically shaped to fit the pilot's right hand and features control buttons for radio transmission (1), a fourway trim function (2), and activation of the pre-rotator (3).

67-05-00 Pitch Trim System / Rotor Brake

The Pitch Trim System comprises of a 4-way beep trim switch (2) / "Chinese Hat" at the flight control stick and the pitch trim / brake pneumatic actuator. Pneumatic control is allocated to and described in CHAPTER 36.

Control Stick Head 1 - Radio transmission 2 - Trim switch

Components related to the rotor brake are allocated to 63-51-00 Rotor Brake System.

3 - Pre-rotator

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Trimming is effected by varying trim pressure in the pneumatic trim actuator which is installed in parallel with the rotor head tilt for pitch control. Aft or nose-up trimming activates the electrical compressor and increases trim pressure, causing the actuator to contract, and tilting the rotor disc aft. Forward trimming opens the pressure relief valve to reduce trim pressure and allows the rotor disc to flatten, due to the spindle head offset and the gyroplane's weight. The actual trim condition is indicated on the trim/brake pressure gauge in the centre panel of the cockpit.

67-06-00 Roll Trim System

Lateral/roll trim works accordingly, using a lateral pneumatic trim cylinder. Lateral trim condition is indicated by a self-dimming LED bar on the instrument panel.

CHAPTER 68-70 - UNASSIGNED / N/A

CHAPTER 71 - POWER PLANT

Power plant comprises aircraft provisions, installations and systems related to the core engine. The engine itself is allocated to $\underline{CHAPTER\ 72-74}$.

71-20-00 Engine Mounts

Attachment points for the engine installation are provided by a steel tube ring mount at the rear of the mast. To provide vibration isolation, the engine is connected to the ring frame by 4 rubber mounting bushings. The engine mounting bushings have to be inspected regularly and have to be replaced, if torn or porous. Defective rubber bushing can also cause undue engine/propeller vibration.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Engine mounting bushings are recommended to be changed at a minimum of every 5years.

71-50-00 Engine Electrical Harness

The engine electrical harness includes wiring, cables and cockpit switches for starting, energizing and grounding of the dual breakerless capacitor discharge ignition circuits (including instructor mag switches, if installed), and engine indication. A wiring diagram is provided in Part D of this manual. Also refer to the engine manufacturer's documentation.

71-60-00 Engine Air Intakes

The engine aspirates through air filters mounted on each of the carburettors, or in the case of the 914UL engine, via a filter located on the turbocharger.

71-70-00 Engine Drains

Oil tank breathing is provided by a rubber hose which is routed down into the mast.

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CHAPTER 72 TO 74 - ENGINE RELATED

For the (core) engine refer to the engine manufacturer's documentation in its latest revision.

Concerning fuel system (Filter, Pumps, Shut-off valve) see CHAPTER 28.

Engine cowlings are described in <u>CHAPTER 52</u>. For removal and installation see the dedicated Job Card in Part E of this manual.

CHAPTER 75 - AIR / ENGINE COOLING

Engine cooling is provided by air cooled cylinders and liquid cooled cylinder heads. The sensors are mounted in the cylinder heads, into the coolant. Therefore, coolant temperature (CT) indication in the cockpit corresponds to actual coolant temperature. The water cooling system comprises of engine driven pump, one radiator, an aluminium expansion tank with radiator cap and sight glass, thermostat and hoses.

The radiator is mounted on rubber isolators and brackets just in front of the propeller. Hoses from/to the radiator go to the engine water pump and return. Hot water to the carburettor heat jackets is provided via T-pieces.

For the relevant checking and replenishing procedures, refer to engine manufacturer's manual.

Oil cooling is described in CHAPTER 79.



CHAPTER 76 - ENGINE CONTROLS

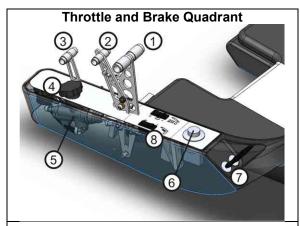
Engine control consists of engine power lever / throttle with choke and related cockpit switches for engine shut-down and test.

76-10-00 Power Control / Choke

Engine power / throttle is controlled by a control column located on the left side of the pilot station. The unit combines a choke control (3) as well as a lever for activation of the wheel brake.

Throttle control (1) is conventional with IDLE in aft (or pulled) and full throttle in most forward position. With the ROTAX 914 UL engine the boost range is entered by overcoming a small resistance to the front. The throttle lever is linked with cable controls to the carburettors. A mechanical spring applies tension to the control cables and brings the carburettors to full throttle in case of a cable break. The throttle lever has a preset friction brake which holds the throttle in the selected position.

Choke (3) is used start a cold engine. In order to do so, pull the choke lever fully to the rear or ON position and be sure to have the throttle in idle position. After starting the engine and a short warm-up, the choke can be slowly disengaged by moving the lever into its forward or OFF position.



- 1 Throttle lever
- 2 Brake lever with locking pawl
- 3 Choke control
- 4 Brake fluid reservoir
- 5 Primary brake cylinder
- 6 Seat adjustment control push button
- 7 Headset / helmet connectors
- 8 Seat heating control (if installed)

76-20-00 Engine Shutdown / Emergency

For normal and emergency shutdown, a pair of magneto switches (MAG 1 + MAG 2) is installed in the cockpit centre panel. The magneto switches are also used for testing the individual ignition circuits.

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CHAPTER 77 - ENGINE INDICATING

All relevant engine parameters are displayed in the cockpit, using analogue-type instruments in standard version. In case of integrated cockpit systems (option), engine data may be displayed in the integrated instrumentation system (glass cockpit). An hour meter (Hobbs Meter) is installed in the cockpit to count engine operating time with an accuracy of two decimals (1/100 hrs). Although the 'engine operating time' is also used for total aircraft hours counting, the hour meter is allocated to this chapter as the main function.

77-10-00 Power

With a piston engine with fixed pitch propeller, engine power indication solely consists of an engine RPM indicator. In case a variable pitch propeller is installed, a manifold absolute pressure (MAP) indicator is provided in addition. See *CHAPTER 31* for different cockpit layouts.

77-20-00 Temperature

For temperature indication, an engine coolant temperature (CT) gauge is provided. Due to the engine cooling principle (air cooled cylinders with water cooled cylinder heads) the CT represents cylinder head coolant temperature.

Oil temperature indication is described in <u>CHAPTER 79 – OIL SYSTEM</u>.

77-40-00 Integrated Engine Instrument Systems

Integrated display systems (glass cockpit) are described in 31-60-00 Integrated Display Systems.

CHAPTER 78 - EXHAUST

78-00-00 Exhaust

The basic exhaust system including manifold and turbo charger with waste gate (only ROTAX 914) is part of the core engine. Refer to the engine manufacturer's documentation. The exhaust system is supplemented by a silencer/muffler supplied by AutoGyro, venting to the right side of the aircraft and pointing at 45° backwards and up towards the propeller where required for noise reduction. This configuration meets the noise test requirements of Germany.

CHAPTER 79 - OIL SYSTEM

The dry sump forced lubrication comprises oil pump, separate oil tank with dip stick, oil cooler, hoses, as well as oil temperature and oil pressure indication.

79-11-00 Storage / Oil tank

The oil reservoir with dipstick is behind the aft seat and can be easily reached through an access door on the right hand side of the fuselage. The oil tank is made of stainless steel with oil filler cap. The cap can be unscrewed / tightened by a quarter rotation in order to check the oil level using a dip stick or for replenishing of engine oil.

The type of lubrication system requires a special procedure for accurate oil level checking and to prevent overfilling. Refer to the engine manufacturer documentation for detail and procedures.

79-20-00 Distribution and Cooling

Oil distribution and cooling is provided by a separate oil cooler, which is connected to the oil circuit by oil hoses and a thermostat assembly.

79-21-00 Oil Hoses and Lines

Oil hoses are made of PTFE hoses, protected by braided stainless steel.



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79-22-00 Oil Cooler

An oil cooler is fitted to the lower aft end of the fuselage / enclosure, below the central section of the main gear suspension bow. Oil flow through the cooler is regulated by a thermostat assembly which opens the cooler circuit at approximately 90 °C.

Do not attempt to block the oil cooler to increase the oil temperature, as this could cause overheating on a hot day. The oil reaches at least 90 °C before the oil can transit through the cooler.

79-30-00 Indicating

Oil temperature is measured in the oil feed line at the thermostat, between the oil cooler and the engine. The oil in this pipe is drawn from the oil sump, where the hot oil from the engine is delivered and mixes. When the gauge indicates 50 °C then the engine oil leaving the engine will exceed that value.

When the oil temperature reaches 90 $^{\circ}$ C the thermostat will open, allowing the oil to pass through the oil cooler matrix. Having been cooled, the oil then passes the same sensor, which will now indicate a lower temperature than 90 $^{\circ}$ C – subject to the incoming oil temp and OAT.

Indicators of Oil Pressure (Oil-P) and Oil Temperature (Oil-T) are provided in the cockpit as analogue-type instruments in standard version. See <u>CHAPTER 31</u> for different cockpit layouts.



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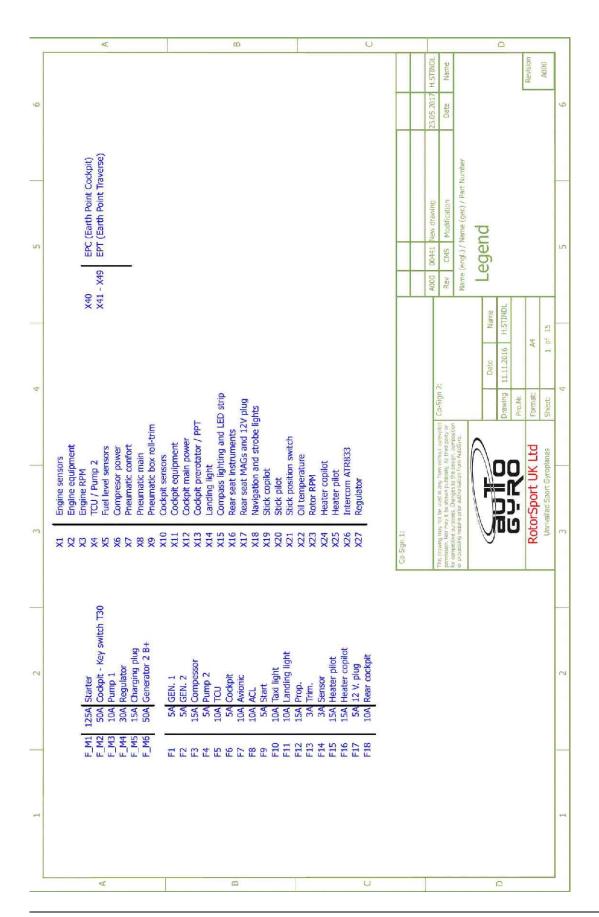
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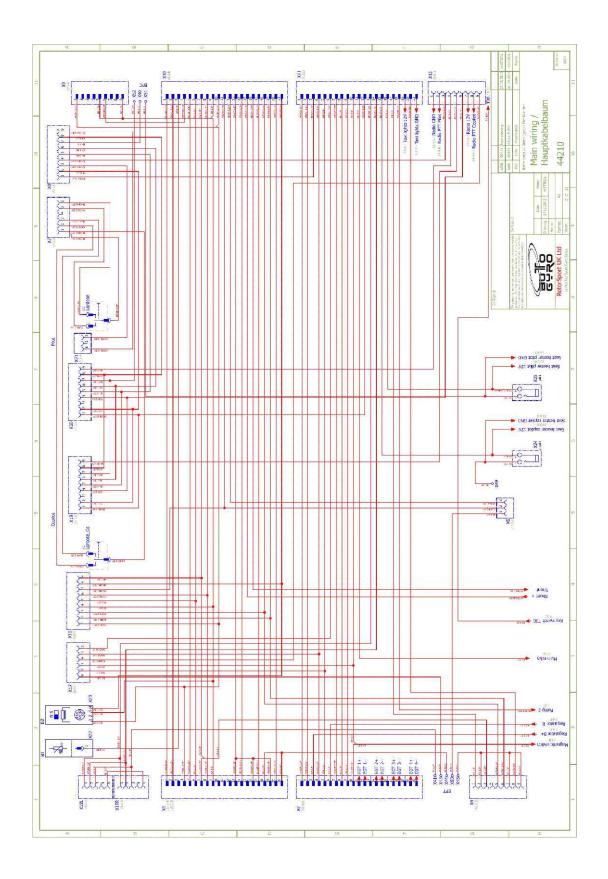
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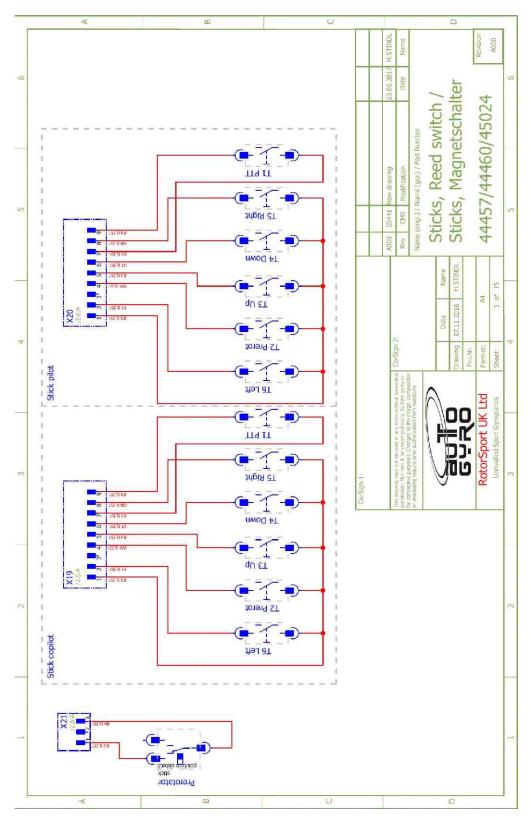






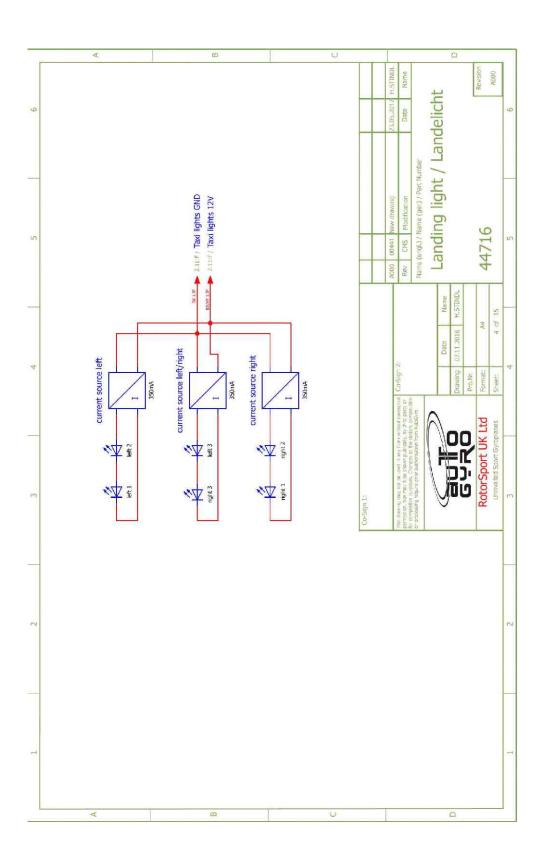
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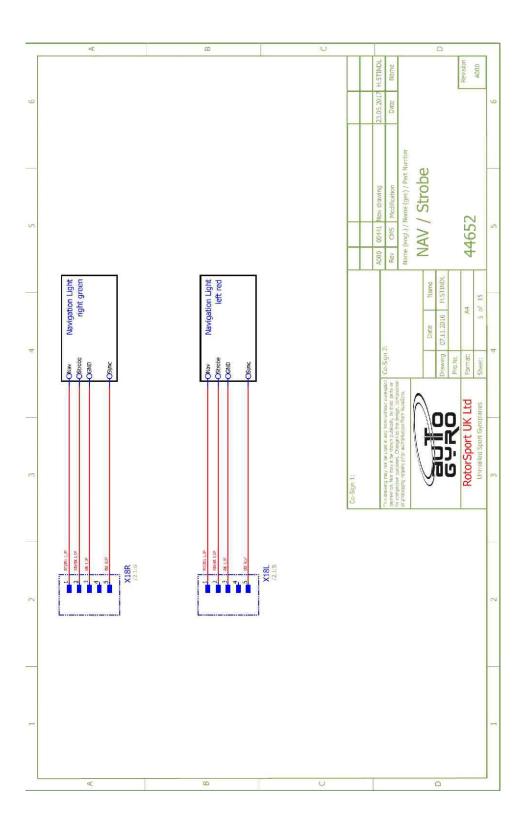
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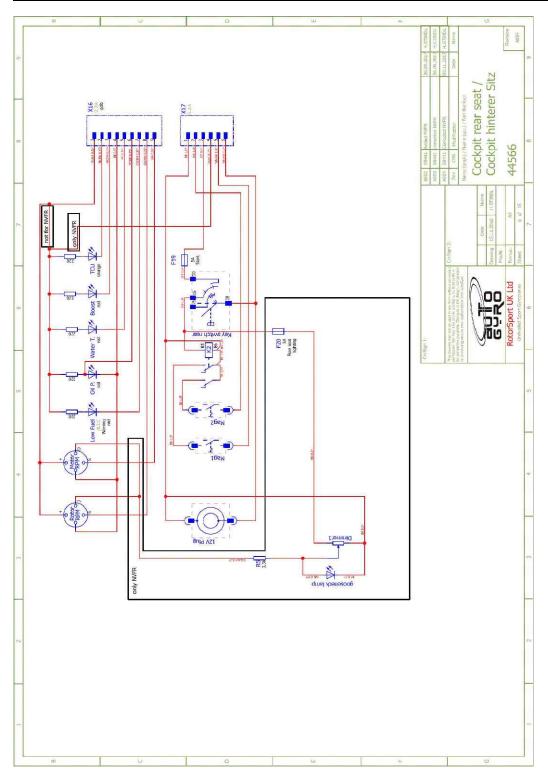
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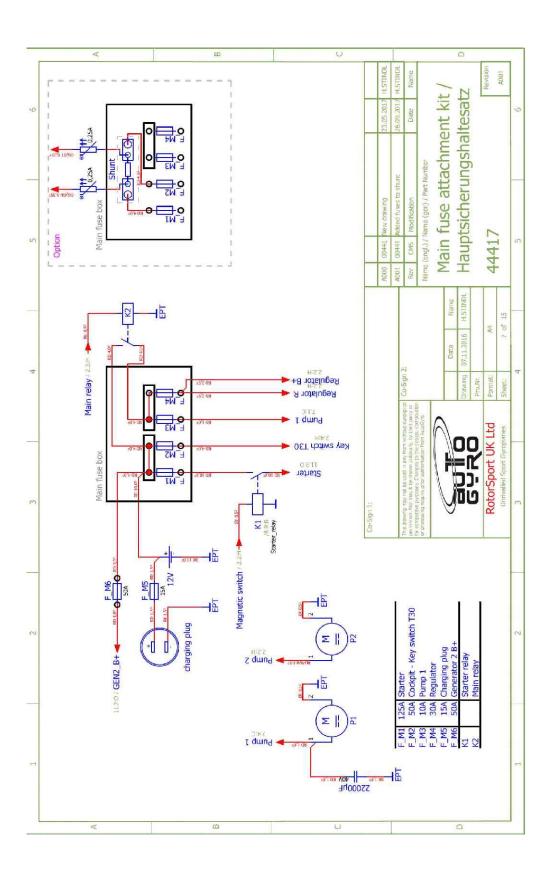
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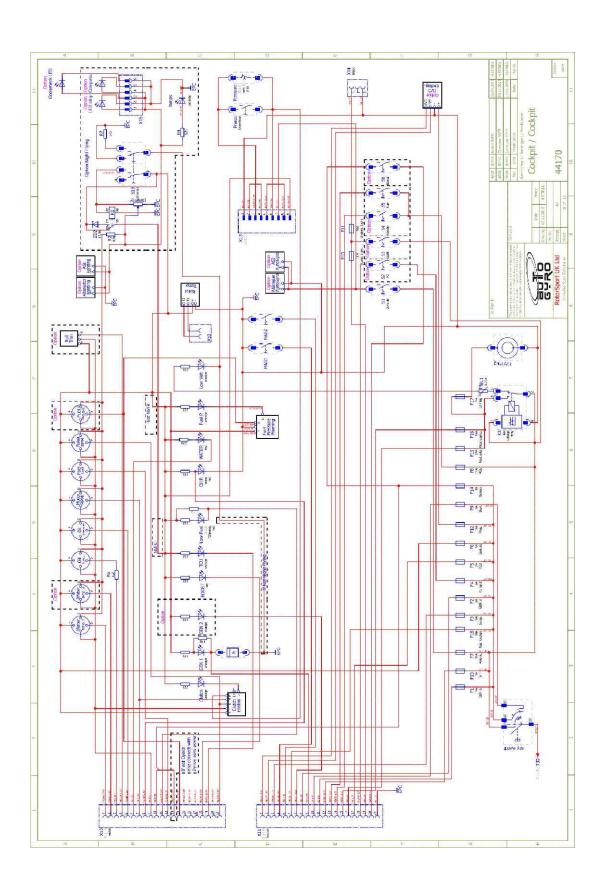
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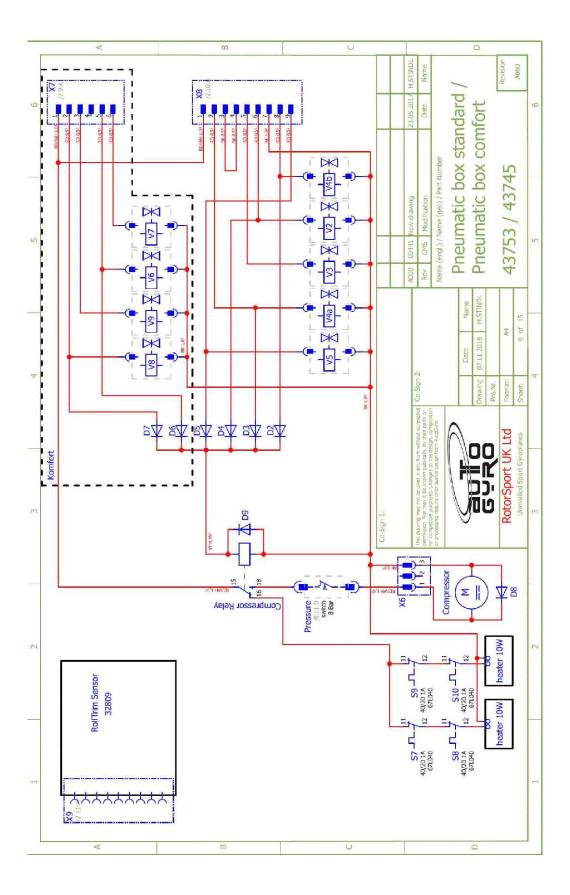
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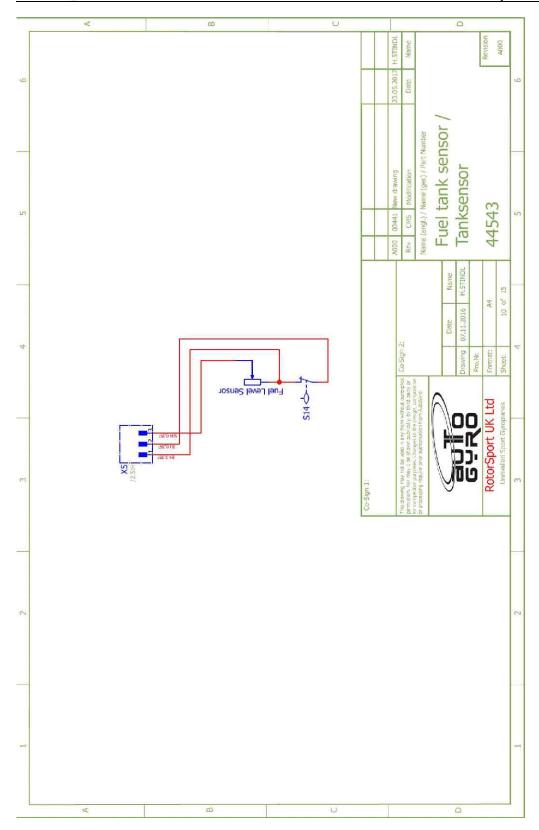


Wiring Diagram - Cockpit



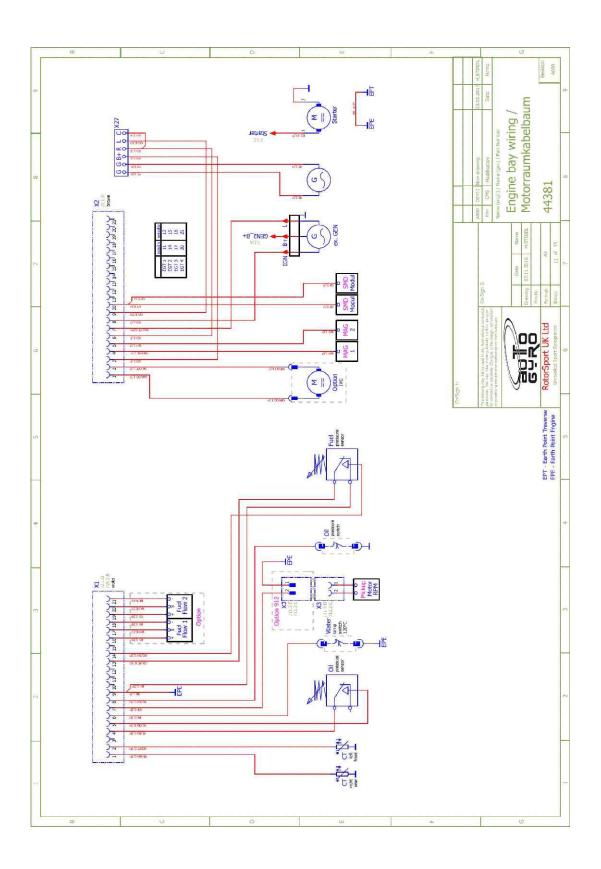


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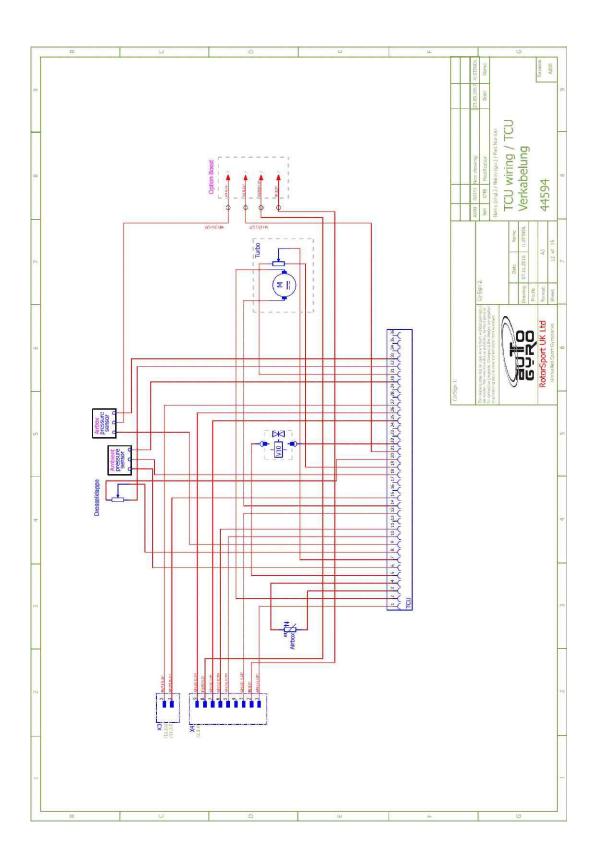
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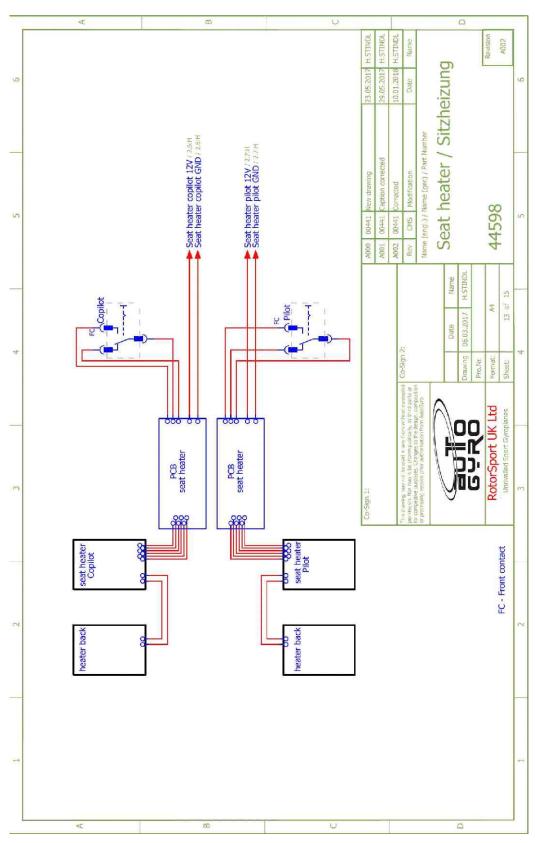
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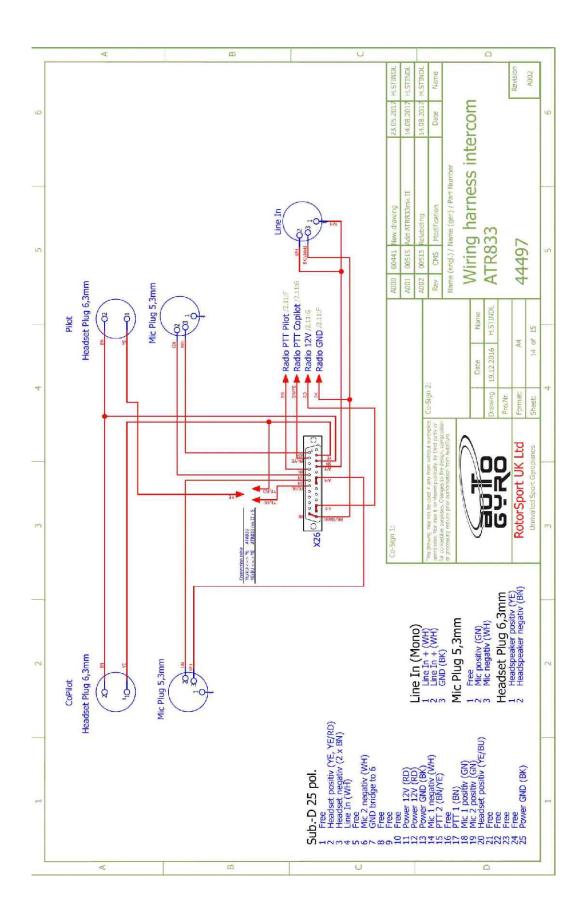
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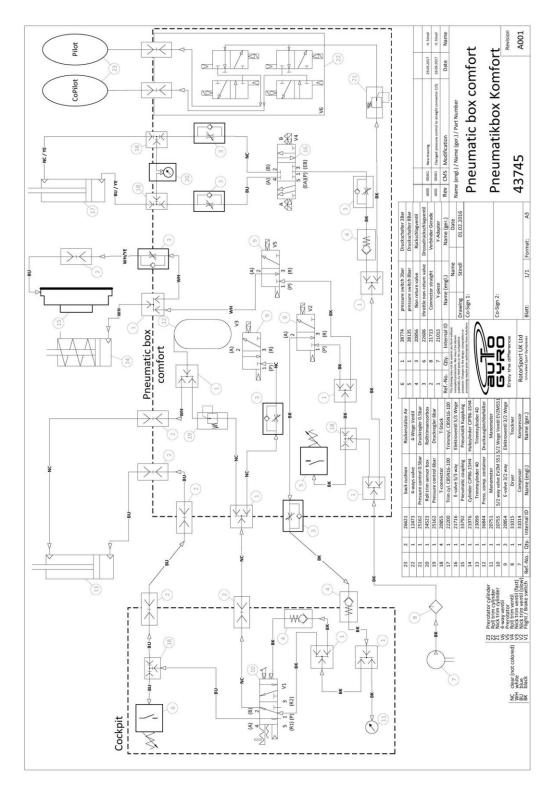
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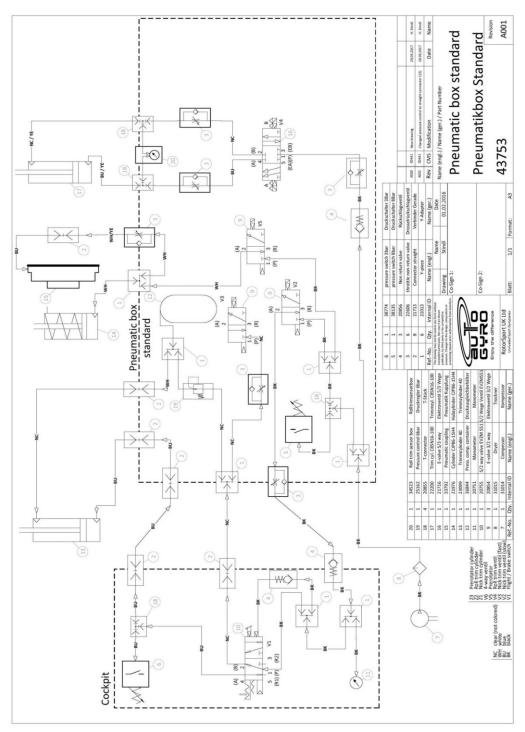
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Pneumatic Scheme - Standard package

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07-00-00 2-1 LIFTING OF THE GYROPLANE



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Rotor system must be removed, see 62-11-00 4-1!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

None

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Object is heavy! Inadequate handling could cause injury. Use proper lifting techniques or assistance!

WARNING: When working with cranes or other lifting equipment the general safety regulations have to be respected at all times!

CAUTION: Never attempt to lift gyroplane with rotor system attached!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Re-install teeter bolt, hand-tighten castellated nut and secure castellated nut adequately.
- 2 Loop a lifting belt around the teeter bolt and carefully lift the gyroplane.

Fig. 1 - Lifting belt looped around teeter bolt



07-00-00 2-2 JACKING OF THE GYROPLANE



GENERAL. REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Gyroplane must be placed on level ground and restrained (blocks, chocks)

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

None

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

Unload nose gear

1 In order to unload the nose gear, load or lash-down keel tube in most aft position until gyroplane rests safely on both main wheels and keel tube.

Unload main gear

- 2 In order to unload one of the main wheels carefully jack the gyroplane at the keel tube.
- 3 Let the gyroplane tip to the desired side and continue to jack slowly until the gyroplane rests stable on nose wheel, one main wheel and jack.

NOTE: Sand bags or load may be used to add additional weight on the desired side.

4 Secure gyroplane adequately before commencing work and do not leave unattended in jacked position.

WARNING: Do not work under the aircraft unless the aircraft is properly and safely supported.



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

07-00-00 2-3 SHORING OF THE GYROPLANE

OPR

GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Basic operational task, which can be performed by a licensed pilot or instructed personnel! Rotor system must be removed, see <u>62-11-00 4-1!</u>

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

CAUTION: Never use tie-down equipment or lashing straps in a way that would excert unsupported stress or high momentum on the structure of the gyroplane!

CAUTION: The suspension bow is not designed to take up high longitudinal forces!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

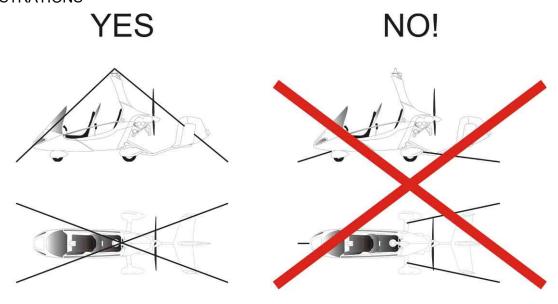
Shoring, road transport or container transport

WARNING: The rotor system must be removed, disassembled and carefully packed for road transport.

CAUTION: When wrapping the gyroplane make sure that foil or stretch does not cover the painted surface directly. Put a soft layer in between for damage protection and let plastic components breathe. Do not expose wrapped gyroplane or parts to sun radiation or heat in order to avoid paint damage.

- 1 Restrain main wheels (blocks/chocks). For container transport replace main wheels with wooden blocks to provide safe stand.
- 2 Put a wooden block below the lowest point of the keel tube and lash keel tube against wooden block. The block should be dimensioned so that the main wheels (if installed) are half way unloaded.
- 3 Lash-down both main wheels through the lashing lugs (use rims/axles alternatively) and/or the mast tie-down kit (option).
- 4 Lash-down nose wheel through its axle.
- 5 For container transport or shipping, use the mast tie-down kit (option) and consider folding the mast.





Lash-down mast top (kit available)

Never strap/tighten suspension bow in any longitudinal direction!

Fig. 1 - Lash-down methods of gyroplane



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

08-10-00 2-1 WEIGHING OF THE GYROPLANE



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

NOTE:

Weighing is performed by measuring the weight below each wheel with level datum (keel tube between front and rear seat) 5° down. Horizontal datum is main wheel axis vertical plane.

Contact AutoGyro support for current form.



08-20-00 2-1 LEVELLING OF THE GYROPLANE



GENERAL. REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Gyroplane must be placed on level ground and restrained (blocks, chocks)

Mast fairing must be removed, see 52-00-00 4-1

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

None

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

Measurement of Dimension D1

1 Use a tape measure and measure distance between mast reference point and fuselage reference point. See Fig. 1 for reference.

NOTE:

Where no visible reference mark provided, mast reference point is defined as the inner edge of the upper mast end.

Fuselage reference point is defined as the outer top edge of the ball joint.

2 Contact AutoGyro for reference values.

Measurement of Stabilizer Alignment

NOTE:

The stabilizer is mounted with a slight left (or CCW) rotation relative to longitudinal axis to compensation for propeller swirl. The correct alignment is measured as described below.

- Mark two reference points with 600 mm offset from the inner edge of the central fin (see Fig. 2).
- 4 Measure left and right distance (DL and DR) from offset reference points to the central reference point at belly seam at the underside of the fuselage (see Fig. 2).
- 5 Verify that DL is 10 +/- 2 mm longer than DR.

Measurement of relative angles

NOTE:

The datum plane for the aircraft is the keel tube between the front and rear seat (see Fig. 3)

- 6 Use an inclinometer / digital spirit level and measure thrust line angle (see Fig. 4) relative to datum plane (Fig. 3).
- 7 Use an inclinometer / digital spirit level and measure stabilizer incident angle (see Fig. 5) relative to datum plane (Fig. 3). Perform measurement in the straight area about 30 cm above the upper surface of the horizontal stabilizer.



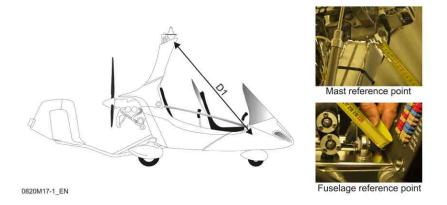


Fig. 1 - Measurement of Dimension D1

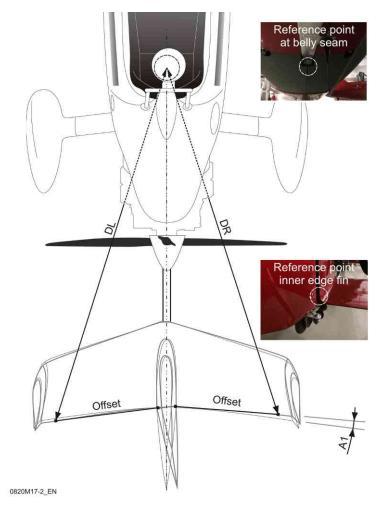


Fig. 2 - Measurement of Stabilizer Alignment



Fig. 3 - Measurement of reference zero



Fig. 4 - Measurement of thrust line angle

Fig. 5 - Measurement of stabilizer incident



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

24-30-00 4-1 REMOVAL-INSTALLATION: BATTERY



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

None

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Electrical shorting of the battery will produce high current with the risk of personal injury and damage to equipment!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

Removal

WARNING: Be careful to avoid electrical short cuts at all means.

- 1 Remove ground (L-) connection at the frame and isolate metallic cable shoe.
- 2 Remove hot (L+) cable at the battery.
- 3 Untighten battery retainer and remove battery.

Installation

4 Install battery in reverse order (work steps 3 to 1).





Fig. 1 - Installation Position Battery



Fig. 2 - Battery with fuse box

27-20-00 0-1 DESCRIPTION: FLIGHT CONTROL - RUDDER

OPR

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

The rudder is connected to the adjustable foot pedals with two push-pull control cables with are routed through the horizontal frame, steel cables and two bell crank levers. Nose wheel steering is directly linked to pedal/rudder control input by the two bell crank levers and control rods. The pair of aft pedals is interconnected in parallel with the nose wheel control path.

Both pairs of pedals are individually adjustable to suit pilot's comfort. A shorter adjustment is achieved by pulling the handle which moves the pedals closer. Pulling the handle while pushing with both feet gently against the pedals allows longer adjustment.

The rudder is fitted with a trim tab. This is normally biased to the left, and may be adjusted by the operator to trim the aircraft for straight flight at a desired speed, feet off the pedals.

The rudder is additionally centred by return springs mounted under the tail. These align the rudder in the straight ahead position, such that should a cable fail – or the occupants be unable to control the rudder – then the aircraft will continue to fly reasonably straight.

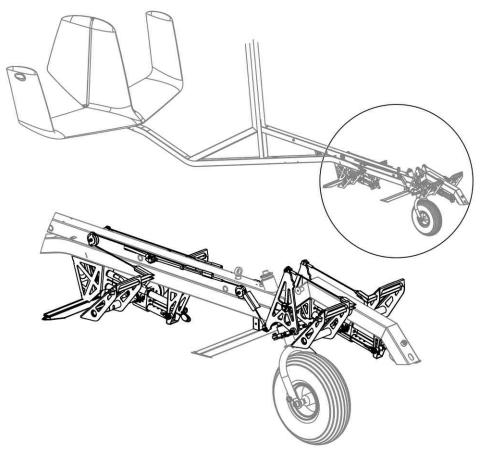


Fig. 1 - Flight control - Rudder (fwd area)



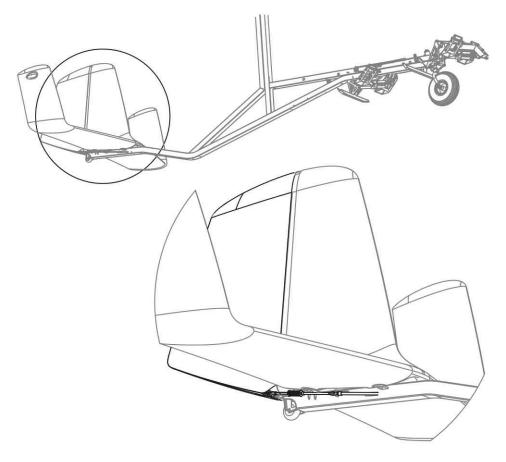


Fig. 2 - Flight control - Rudder (aft area)



Fig. 3 - Flight control - Rudder control horn (note that the horn is offset so that the cables are equal length with the rudder offset 7.5° to the right)



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

27-20-00 5-1 CHECK-ADJUSTMENT: RUDDER CONTROL ANGLES



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

S.WZ3002 Inclinometer / Digital Spirit Level

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

PROCEDURE: Check/adjust neutral setting

- 1 Adjust forward pair of pedals neutral/parallel with nose wheel unloaded. In order to simplify measurement and to avoid errors, unload nose wheel until reference plane becomes horizontal.
- 2 Verify angle A1 is 35 +/-3° when measured against a plane perpendicular to the reference plane (see Fig. 1).
- 3 Verify angle A2 is 53 +/-3° when measured against a plane perpendicular to the reference plane (see Fig. 1).
- 4 Verify left and right distance DL and DR of the control links are 80 +/- 2 mm (see Fig. 1).

NOTE:

Do NOT measure rudder deflection against the stabilizer or the central fin as both are slightly twisted by design.

Refer to 08-20-00 2-1 for further information and levelling procedure.

With pedals neutral, verify rudder deflection AN is 7° to the right when measured against aircraft longitudinal axis.

PROCEDURE: Check left and right control stop and corresponding rudder deflection

- Press RH control pedal until control stop is reached (see Fig. 1). With cantilever in the mechanical end stop make sure that no other mechanical stop within the complete control path is reached.
- 7 Verify full RH rudder deflection AR is 32 +4/-2°.
- 8 Repeat step 6 with pedal in the LH control stop.
- 9 Verify full LH rudder deflection AL is 27 +4/-2°.

ADJUSTMENT POSSIBILITIES

IMPORTANT NOTE:

All components of the rudder control system are manufactured with minimum possible tolerances and pre-adjusted to suit. In case of misalignment or out-of-tolerance values, contact AutoGyro support.



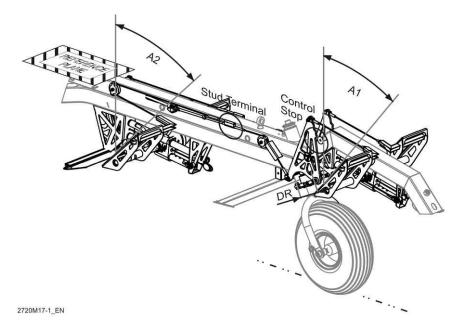


Fig. 1 - Rudder control - Pedals angle setting

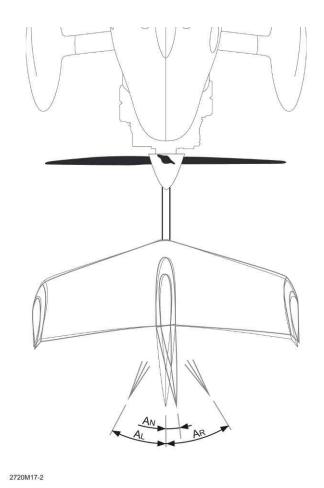


Fig. 2 - Rudder control - Rudder angle setting



28-20-00 6-1 INSPECTION: FUEL FILTER



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Battery must be removed, see 24-30-00 4-1

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

SP IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves spare parts. Check parts list below for ordering details of affected components!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Fuel and fuel vapors are HAZARDOUS MATERIAL, must be treated and handled accordingly, and constitute a danger to health and hardware!

IMPORTANT NOTE: Depending on engine variant and optional equipment, number and type of installed fuel filters may differ!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

EFFECTIVITY: Engine variant ROTAX 912 (without second fuel pump P2)

- 1 Inspect nylon filter (use a flashlight if appropriate).
- 2 If contamination is found, nylon fuel filter must be replaced, see <u>28-20-00 8-1</u>.

EFFECTIVITY - END

EFFECTIVITY: Engine variant ROTAX 912 with second fuel pump P2

NOTE: Fuel system consists of one nylon filter upstream of the mechanical fuel pump, a (secondary) electrical fuel pump with built-in strainer and another filter (F5273) downstream.

- 3 Inspect nylon filter (use a flashlight if appropriate).
- 4 If contamination is found or in case of scheduled replacement, nylon fuel filter AND filter F 5273 must be replaced, see 28-20-00 8-1 and strainer in electrical fuel pump must be inspected.
- 5 In order to do so, clamp both fuel lines to prevent fuel from spilling and disconnect incoming (lower) fuel line.
- 6 Carefully remove strainer from electrical fuel pump and inspect.
- 7 Clean strainer if necessary. Use brake cleaner and compressed air applied from the outside.
- 8 In case of residual contamination or damage, strainer has to be replaced, see 28-20-00 8-1.

EFFECTIVITY - END

EFFECTIVITY: Engine variant ROTAX 914

NOTE: Fuel system consists of two electrical fuel pumps with built-in strainer. Each pump has a preceding nylon filter and another filter (F 5273) downstream.

- 9 Inspect strainer for both electrical fuel pumps. In order to do so, refer to 28-20-00 8-1.
- 10 In case of residual contamination or damage, strainer has to be replaced, see 28-20-00 8-1.
- 11 In any case, both KL145 filters must be replaced, see 28-20-00 8-1.

EFFECTIVITY - END

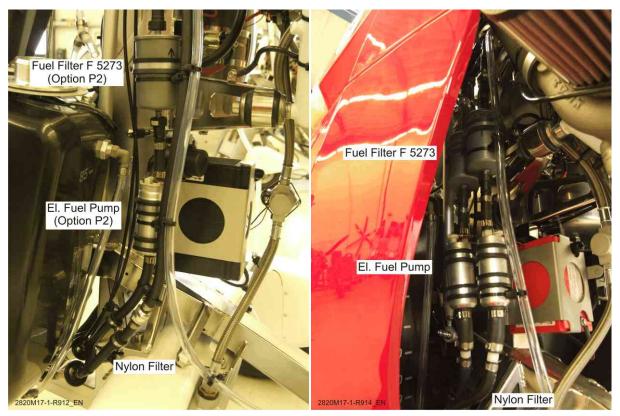


Fig. 1 - Effectivity ROTAX 912 with optional second fuel pump (P2) installed

Fig. 2 - Effectivity ROTAX 914



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

28-20-00 8-1 REPLACEMENT: FUEL FILTER



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Battery must be removed, see 24-30-00 4-1

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

SP IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves spare parts. Check parts list below for ordering details of affected components!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Fuel and fuel vapors are HAZARDOUS MATERIAL, must be treated and handled accordingly, and constitute a danger to health and hardware!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

NOTE: Depending on engine variant and optional equipment, number/type of installed fuel filters may differ

1 CAUTION: Before disconnecting any fuel lines, clamp respective hoses to prevent fuel spillage.

Applicable to Nylon Filter and F 5273

- 2 Disconnect filter and replace with new filter.
- 3 Re-connect hoses to filter and make sure tight fit (no leaks, dry).
- 4 Remove clamps from fuel hoses.



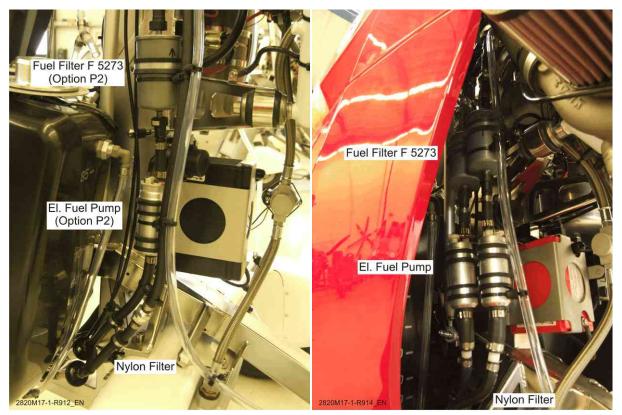


Fig. 1 - Effectivity ROTAX 912 with optional second fuel pump (P2) installed

Fig. 2 - Effectivity ROTAX 914



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

28-20-00 8-2 REPLACEMENT: ELECTRICAL FUEL PUMPS



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Battery must be removed, see 24-30-00 4-1

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

SP IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves spare parts. Check parts list below for ordering details of affected components!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Fuel and fuel vapors are HAZARDOUS MATERIAL, must be treated and handled accordingly, and constitute a danger to health and hardware!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

WARNING: Make sure the electrical system is switched off and protected against unintended activation

- 1 Clamp respective hoses to prevent fuel spillage.
- 2 Unscrew both terminal nuts and disconnect both ring-eye cable connectors. Isolate blank connectors to prevent electrical short-cut.
- 3 Disconnect fuel lines from pump.
- 4 Untighten clamp and replace fuel pump.
- 5 Install new fuel pump and tighten clamp.

IMPORTANT NOTE: The electrical terminals of the pump and the ring-eye cable connectors have different diameters to ensure correct polarization

- 6 Re-connect electrical cable connectors and tighten terminal nuts. Secure terminal nuts with securing paint.
- 7 Re-connect hoses to pump and make sure tight fit. Use securing paint on nuts and threads.
- 8 Remove clamps from fuel hoses.
- 9 Activate respective fuel pump an check function and proper fuel line connection (no leaks, dry).



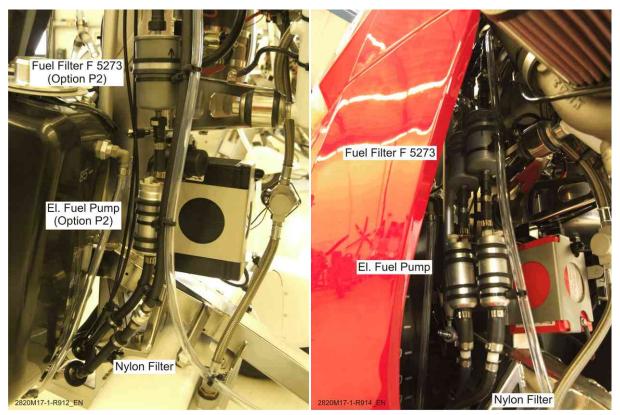


Fig. 1 - Effectivity ROTAX 912 with optional second fuel pump (P2) installed

Fig. 2 - Effectivity ROTAX 914



Fig. 5 - El. fuel pump terminal



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

32-40-00 4-1 REMOVAL-INSTALLATION: WHEELS



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Gyroplane must be jacked, see <u>07-00-00 2-2</u>

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

LR IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves parts with limited reusability. Check parts list below before starting job!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

Nose wheel - Removal

- 1 Unscrew and remove nut (Fig. 1, 8) and washer (Fig. 1, 9). Discard nut.
- 2 Pull out and remove bolt (Fig. 1, 11) with washer (Fig. 1, 10) and remove wheel.

Nose wheel - Installation

- Install wheel with items (Fig. 1, 12) and (Fig. 1, 13) in place, bolt (Fig. 1, 11) with washer (Fig. 1, 10) and washer (Fig. 1, 9) in reverse order.
- 4 Install new self-locking nut (Fig. 1, 12) and torque-tighten with 40 Nm.

Main wheel - Removal

- 5 Remove wheel spat (if installed).
- 6 Remove split pin, unscrew and remove nut (Fig. 2, 13). Discard pin.
- 7 Unscrew and remove 4 x bolt (Fig. 2, 1) with serrated washer (Fig. 2, 2). Mind limited reusability of serrated washer!
- 8 Remove wheel from axle assembly (Fig. 2, 6).

Main wheel - Installation

- 9 Insert main wheel on axle assembly (Fig. 2, 6).
- 10 Insert 4 x bolt (Fig. 2, 1) with serrated washer (Fig. 2, 2) and attach brake disc to main wheel.
- 11 Torque-tighten bolts (Fig. 2, 1) with 10 Nm in crosswise sequence.
- 12 Install nut (Fig. 2, 13) and torque-tighten with 50 Nm. Install split pin and form pin ends.
- 13 Check free rotation of wheel, radial run-out and braking action.
- 14 Install wheel spat, if required.



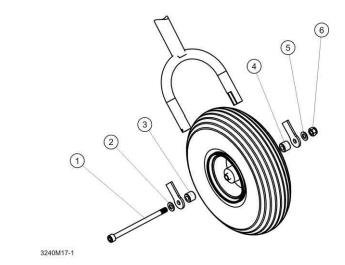


Fig. 1 - Nose gear with wheel

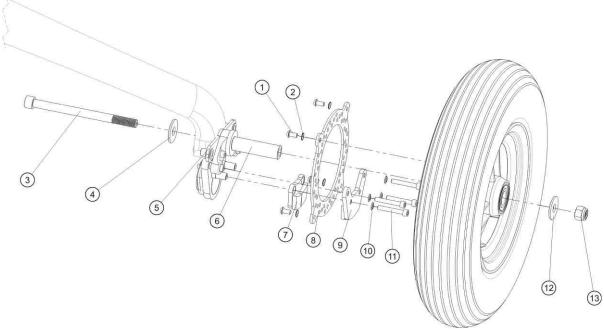


Fig. 2 - Main gear, wheel and brake



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

32-40-00 8-2 REPLACEMENT: MAIN WHEEL BRAKE PADS



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Gyroplane must be jacked, see <u>07-00-00 2-2</u>

Affected wheel must be removed, see 32-40-00 4-1

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-LUB-04 Silicone Spray

LR IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves parts with limited reusability. Check parts list below

before starting job!

SP IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves spare parts. Check parts list below for ordering

details of affected components!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves handling and disposal of special materials. For your health and environmental aspects respect all applicable regulations!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Pull out brake disc (8) between brake pads.
- 2 Remove 4 x shaft bolt (11) with serrated washer (10).
- 3 Remove brake pad (7) and (9). Dispose of properly!
- 4 Clean 4 x guide sleeves of axle assembly (5) and inspect for damage, scores or run-in grooves.
- 5 Apply a thin layer of silicone spray on guide sleeves of axle assembly.
- 6 Fit new brake pad (7) onto lower guide sleeves.
- 7 Fit new brake pad (9) onto upper guide sleeves.
- 8 Insert 4 x shaft bolt (11) with serrated washers (10) and torque-tighten with 10 Nm. Make sure that brake caliper and pad moves easily about the guide sleeve.
- 9 Insert brake disc between brake pads.
- 10 In order to re-install wheel continue with 32-40-00 4-1.



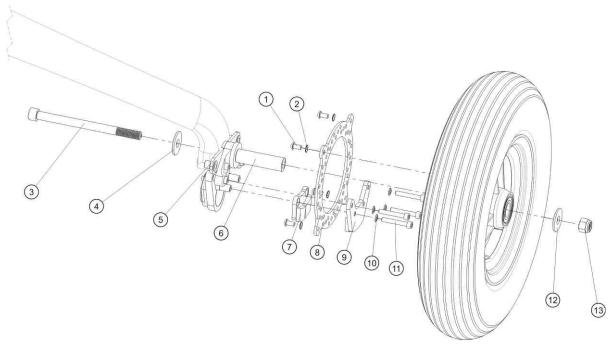


Fig. 1 - Main wheel with brake



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

32-40-00 8-3 REPLACEMENT: WHEEL BEARING



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization trained and entitled to carry out 'Heavy Maintenance'! Gyroplane must be jacked, see <u>07-00-00 2-2</u>

Affected wheel must be removed, see 32-40-00 4-1

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-BAS-04 Loctite 638 green

ContactAG For special tools or assistance contact AutoGyro customer support

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Remove old bearings.
- 2 Degrease new bearing and dry-off with paper towel.
- 3 Apply AG-BAS-04 on outer surface of first bearing and press in bearing.
- 4 Install spacer. Use of a tool may be appropriate.
- 5 Apply AG-BAS-04 on outer surface of second bearing and press in bearing.
- 6 Spacer must be held by both inner bearing rings. Re-position and press as necessary.
- 7 Check easy run of bearings.



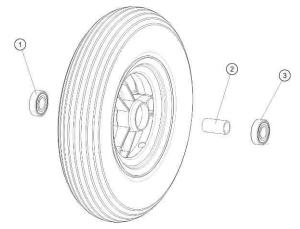


Fig. 1 - Main wheel and bearing



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

34-10-00 7-1 CLEANING: PITOT STATIC SYSTEM



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

CAUTION: Make sure all pitot and static lines are disconnected from any instruments before blowing through the lines!

CAUTION: Do not blow with the mouth directly into pitot or static ports. This will introduce moisture and may damage instruments!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

Disconnect all instruments from pitot line. These are airspeed, and optionally integrated display systems, if installed. The static line is vented via a filter behind the instrument panel and should never need cleaning.

NOTE: In most cases it is not necessary to remove the instrument panel.

- With the help of compressed air clean all pitot and static lines by blowing from the inside (cockpit panel side) to the outside.
- 3 Make sure to clean/check each branch of a line by closing the other open ends.
- 4 Re-connect all instruments.



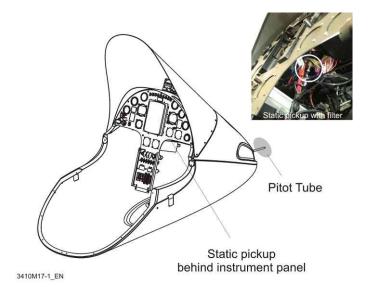
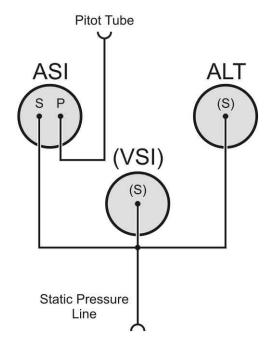


Fig. 1 - Static pickup and pitot tube



ALT: Altitude Indicator ASI: Airspeed Indicator VSI: Vertical Speed Indicator (if installed)

Integrated Instruments (Glass Cockpit) and backup instruments are also connected, if installed.

Fig. 2 - Pitot Static Instruments Connecting Diagram



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

36-21-00 8-1 REPLACEMENT: FILTER/DRYER



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Preparation work: Service covers / maintenance access accomplished, see 52-40-00 2-1

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Perform "PREP. WORK: SERVICE COVERS / MAINTENANCE ACCESS", see <u>52-40-00 2-1</u>.
- 2 Unscrew inlet and outlet connection and discard old seal ring (compressor side only).
- 3 Replace filter/dryer with new one and make sure cartridge is tightened safely to airframe. Install new seal ring.
- 4 Re-connect and tighten inlet and outlet connection with moderate torque.





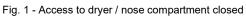




Fig. 1 - Access to dryer / nose compartment opened



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

52-00-00 4-1 REMOVAL-INSTALLATION: COWLINGS AND FAIRINGS

OPR

GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Basic operational task, which can be performed by a licensed pilot or instructed personnel! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

Mast fairing (1/2) - Removal

- 1 Remove and maintain linse head bolts with poly washers of forward mast fairing (Fig. 1, marked with a circle) and remove forward mast fairing.
- 2 Remove and maintain linse head bolts with poly washers of aft mast fairing (Fig. 1, marked with a triangle) and remove forward aft fairing.

Fuselage fairing (3) - Removal

- 4 Mast fairing must be removed (see previous procedure and Fig. 3).
- 5 Remove the bolt from the rear of the right side bar and strengthening strut, if fitted (Fig. 4).
- 6 Remove the bolts from the front and rear of the left side bar, if fitted (Fig. 4 & 5).
- 7 Loosen the upper clamp of the tank connecting hose and disconnect the hose (Fig. 6).
- 8 Remove the lower bolts of the left and right upper push/pull rods and disconnect from the bell-cranks (Fig. 7).
- 9 Loosen the 2 bolts attaching the upper fairings to the forward mast do not remove (Fig. 8).
- 10 Remove the 2 screws securing the upper fairings to the rear of the mast (Fig. 9).
- 11 Remove the 3 screws securing the cowlings to each other along the upper rear joint over the engine (Fig. 10).
- 12 Remove the 4 fastening bolts securing the lower fairings to the mast root (Fig. 11 & 12).
- 13 Remove all bolts from the lower centre joint of the left and right fairings, and left and right fairings to forward fairing attachments (Fig. 13, 14 & 15).
- Remove the 2 previously loosened bolts from the upper fairings to the forward mast attachment one at a time and remove the appropriate fairing, ensuring that it does not foul on the tank drain (Fig. 8 & 16).

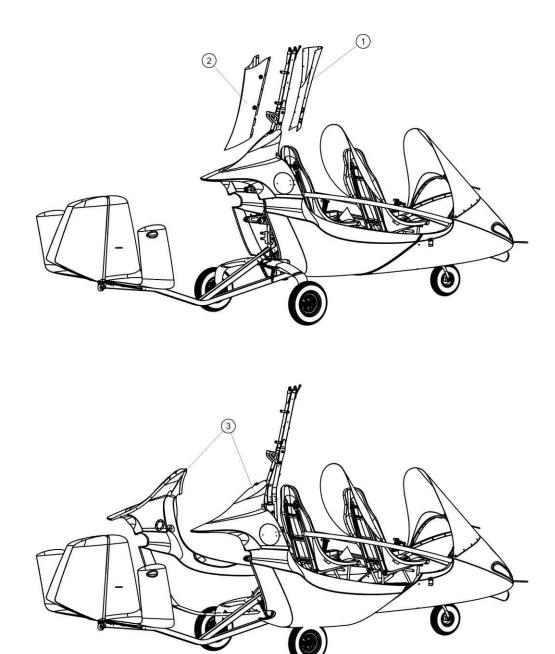
Fuselage fairing (3) - Installation

15 The fairings are assembled in the reverse order of disassembly described above.

Mast fairing (1/2) - Installation

- 16 Install mast fairing in reverse order (work steps 2 1).
- 17 Fasten all bolts with 3 Nm.





5200M17-1

Fig. 1 - Mast fairing and fuselage fairing





Fig. 2 - Mast fairing



Fig. 3 -

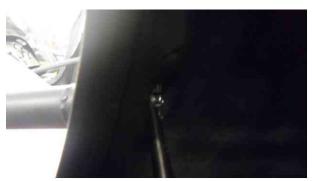


Fig. 4 -











Fig. 8 -



Fig. 9 -



Fig. 10 -



Fig. 11 -



Fig. 12 -



Fig. 13 -



Fig. 14 -

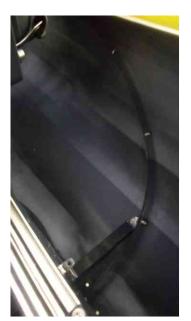


Fig. 15 -



Fig. 16 -



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

52-40-00 2-1 PREP. WORK: SERVICE COVERS / MAINTENANCE ACCESS



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

Access to fuses and cabling (Fig. 1 / 2)

1 Fuses are accessible without removing any covers; they are mounted onto the instrument panel and labelled accordingly.

Instrument panel - Removal (Fig. 3)

- 2 Remove rotor system or secure.
- 3 Release brake pressure and bring stick in most aft position.
- 4 Unscrew and remove panel bolts (13 x).

IMPORTANT NOTE:

Protect panel and instruments using a soft layer of cloth

5 Remove panel and lean against flight control stick. Use caution and do not damage tubing, cables and connectors. Disconnect as required.

Instrument panel - Installation

6 Bring panel into position so that bores and threaded inserts align. If needed let a second person support the nose. Reconnect any disconnected cables.

NOTE:

In order to do so, support nose / lower belly using a jack with a soft cover.

7 Tighten bolts. Use engineering judgement and do not overtorque. If any system has been disconnected, then test that system for proper function (eg pitot disconnection means apply suitable pressure to the pitot tube to prove it is connected properly by noting the airspeed indication on the ASI





Fig. 1 - Instrument Panel with attachment bolts

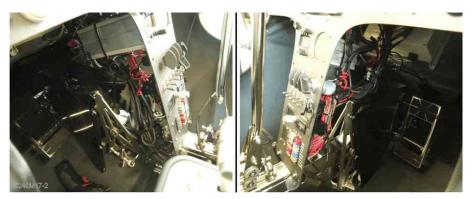


Fig. 2 - Access to fuses and cabling



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

61-10-00 4-1 REMOVAL-INSTALLATION: PROPELLER - HTC



GENERAL. REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Battery must be removed, see 24-30-00 4-1

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-BAS-02 Loctite 243 blue

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

CAUTION: When removing or disassembling make sure to mark all parts so that each and every part of the component is re-assembled and installed in exactly the same location and orientation!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

Note that the propeller blades may be purchased separately, or as a complete propeller with preset blade pitch to suit the engine variant required. The blades and hub (front and rear as a pair) carry serial identification.

Removal

- 1 Before removing the spinner (optional equipment) check marking (filed notch) is available on spinner (1) and spinner base plate (8). If not, the installation position has to be marked accordingly.
- 2 Unscrew and remove bolts (9) with poly washers (10) and remove spinner.
- 3 Mark installation position of propeller hub, engine flange and spinner base plate (if installed) relative to each other.
- 4 Release torque on each bolt (4) by turning bolt half a revolution in counter-clockwise direction. Do not untighten or unscrew bolts (4)!
- 5 Unscrew and remove bolts (2) and washers (3).

Installation

- 6 Install propeller hub, bolts (2) with washers (3) in its original installation position.
- 7 Torque-tighten bolts (2) with 15 Nm in crosswise sequence.
- 8 Torque-tighten bolts (4) with 10 Nm in crosswise sequence.
- 9 Install spinner (1), spinner bolts (9) with poly washers (10). Make sure spinner is in correct installation position relative to spinner base plate. Check marking.
- 10 Secure spinner bolts (9) with AG-BAS-02 and torque-tighten with 3 Nm in crosswise sequence.



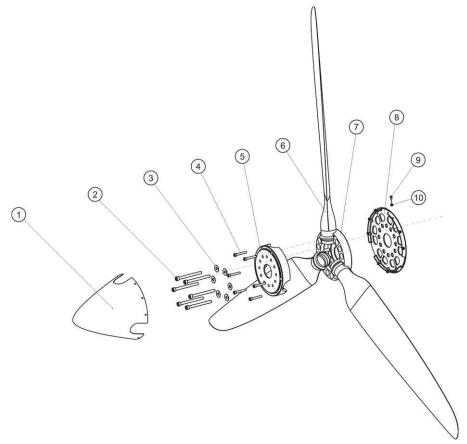


Fig. 1 - Propeller HTC



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

61-10-00 4-2 DISASSEMBLY-ASSEMBLY: PROPELLER - HTC



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Propeller must be removed, see 61-10-00 4-1

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

Disassembly

- 1 Mark inner and outer propeller hub to indicate relative installation position.
- 2 Place propeller assembly on a horizontal and clean surface and support propeller hub so that assembly does not lie on propeller blades.
- 3 Unscrew and remove bolts (4).
- 4 Remove outer propeller hub and remove individual blades.

Assembly

- 5 Place inner propeller hub on horizontal and clean surface and support propeller hub.
- 6 Insert individual blades in correct position.
- 7 Attach outer propeller hub, insert bolts (4) and hand-tighten.
- 8 Torque-tighten bolts (4) with 10 Nm in crosswise sequence.



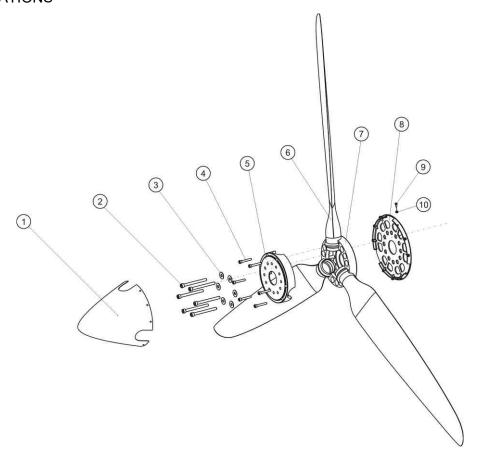


Fig. 1 - Propeller HTC



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

61-10-00 5-1 ADJUSTMENT: PROPELLER PITCH - HTC



GENERAL. REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Spinner (if installed) must be removed, see 61-10-00 4-1

Battery must be removed, see 24-30-00 4-1

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

M.WZ26 Propeller Pitch Adjustment Tool (MT)

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Untighten bolts (Fig. 1, 4) so that bolt heads does not contact outer propeller hub.
- 2 Unscrew bolts (Fig. 1, 2) about 2 revolutions.
- 3 Position propeller pitch adjustment tool with the inner side on outer propeller hub and profiled section on the propeller blade.
- 4 Carefully adjust blade pitch by tapping with a 200 g rubber hammer in the area of the blade's nose section so that blade pitch increases or decreases. Never use hammer on trailing edge as the blade may be damaged that way.
- In order to read the correct setting it is advisable to let the blade's trailing edge rest in (touch) the tool while allowing a small light gap between blade's back and the tool's profiled section.
- 6 Repeat work steps 3 to 5 for the remaining blades.
- 7 Hand-tighten bolts (Fig. 1, 2) and (Fig. 1, 4) and check blade pitch setting for all blades. If necessary, untighten bolts and re-do from step 1.
- 8 Torque-tighten bolts (Fig. 1, 2) with 15 Nm in crosswise sequence.
- 9 Torque-tighten bolts (Fig. 1, 4) with 10 Nm in crosswise sequence.
- 10 Perform torque-check after first flight or ground run. Flight test should indicate 5400 engine rpm in 60 mph (100 km/h) climb.

NOTE: In the absence of a gauge, the propeller is set with an inclinometer measuring the angle of the blade chord to the thrust line at ¾ blade radius, with the blade set horizontally.



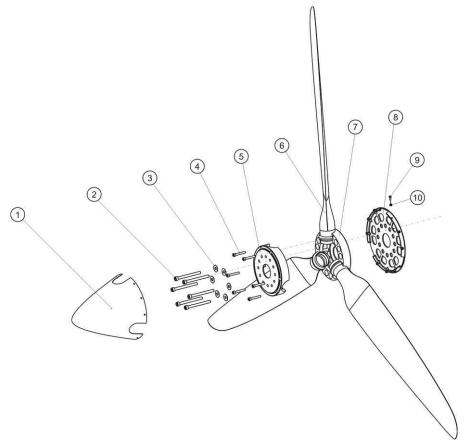


Fig. 1 - Propeller HTC



Fig. 2 - Propeller pitch adjustment and tool

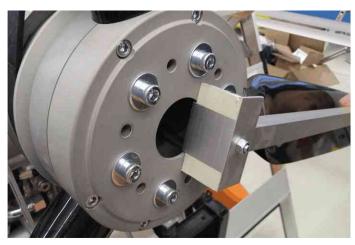


Fig. 3 - Detail hub



Fig. 4 - Detail blade



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

62-11-00 4-1 REMOVAL: ROTOR - TEETERING PARTS

OPR

GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Basic operational task, which can be performed by a licensed pilot or instructed personnel!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-BAS-01 Loctite 221 red

LR IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves parts with limited reusability. Check parts list below

before starting job!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Wear eye protection and mind FOD when removing attachment hardware!

WARNING: Object is heavy! Inadequate handling could cause injury. Use proper lifting techniques or assistance!

WARNING: Never place the rotor system on a dirty or grainy surface and avoid bending moments at the blade attachments!

WARNING: When handled incorrectly the rotor system can be damaged irreparably. If undetected this may have catastrophic consequences!

CAUTION: When removing or disassembling make sure to mark all parts so that each and every part of the component is re-assembled and installed in exactly the same location and orientation!

IMPORTANT NOTE: Some rotor blades have loose washers in them which are required as balance weights. Do not remove or restrain if present!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Secure the gyroplane on level ground by engaging the parking brake, adjust the rotor system lengthwise and pump up the rotor brake to its maximum.
- 2 Remove and discard split pin and unscrew the castellated nut (4). The rotor system has to be tilted onto the black rotor teeter stop.
- The teeter bolt (1) has to be extracted by using only the hand, not a hammer. If needed tilt the rotor blades carefully onto the teeter stop, in order to prevent the bolt from jamming. Make sure that the rotor stays level in the teeter axis, if not the teeter bolt will damage the Teflon coated bushes, while being pushed out.
- 4 A supervised second person has to hold the rotor system in flying direction.
- 5 Lift the rotor system carefully out of the teeter tower and be aware of the position of the shim washers (2). Their thicknesses may differ and it is essential that they are reinstalled on the correct side! They are marked with dots to identify the correct side.
- 6 Remove the rotor system to one side by letting it rest on your shoulder and take care not to collide with stabilizer or propeller.
- The shim washers and the teeter block in the hub are marked on each side with one or two engraved dots. Directly after the disassembly the shim washers need to be fixed on their respective side with cable ties.
- 8 If possible, handle with two persons while holding approximately in the middle of each blade. When supporting the system use two stands each positioned in about 2 metres distance from the hub.
- 9 The rotor system must not be placed on a dirty or grainy surface, as the blades can scratch and damage easily. The best way is to place the rotor blades centrally onto two stands, supporting the rotor at approximately 2 m distance from the hub.



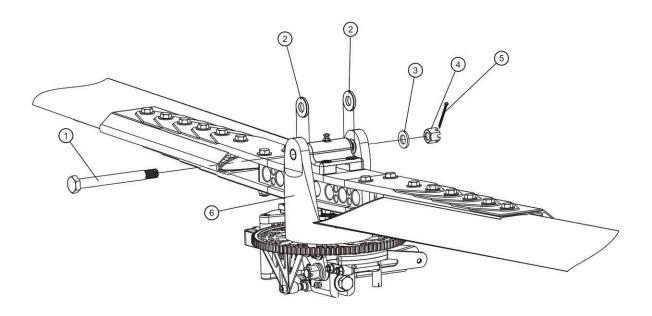


Fig. 1 - Removal rotor - teetering parts



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

62-11-00 4-2 DISASSEMBLY: ROTOR - TEETERING PARTS

OPR

GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Basic operational task, which can be performed by a licensed pilot or instructed personnel! Rotor system must be removed, see <u>62-11-00 4-1!</u>

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

LR IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves parts with limited reusability. Check parts list below before starting job!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: When handled incorrectly the rotor system can be damaged irreparably. If undetected this may have catastrophic consequences!

CAUTION: The rotor hub must never be disassembled!

CAUTION: When removing or disassembling make sure to mark all parts so that each and every part of the component is re-assembled and installed in exactly the same location and orientation!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 To disassemble the rotor system, place it upside down onto a clean surface or stands to support the rotor at approximately 2 m from the hub.
- 2 Untighten and discard self-locking nuts (9) on the first blade by counter-holding the corresponding bolt head to prevent it from turning.
- 3 Push out all shoulder bolts (1 5) without any force, but use no more than a gentle tapping if necessary. Tilt the rotor blade up and down to support easy removal of the bolt.
- 4 Carefully pull the rotor blade out of the hub (7) in radial direction and take off the clamping profile (10).
- 5 Repeat step 2 to 4 on second rotor blade.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Do not disassemble the rotor hub!

6 Place rotor blades, clamping profile and rotor hub in a suitable way to prevent bending or surface damage.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Do not lift or support the rotor system at its blade tips as the bending moment due to the weight of the hub assembly may overstress the blade roots. If possible, handle with two persons while holding approximately in the middle of each blade. When supporting the system use two stands each positioned in about 2 metres distance from the hub.



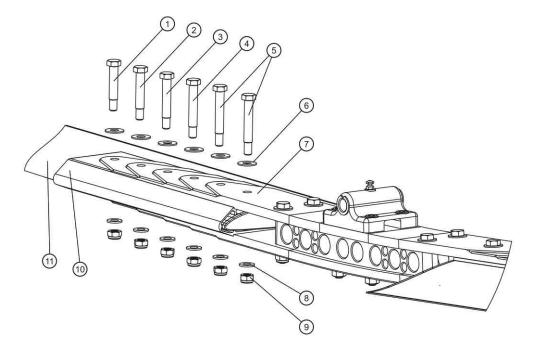


Fig. 1 - Disassembly rotor - teetering parts



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

62-11-00 4-3 ASSEMBLY: ROTOR - TEETERING PARTS

OPR

GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Basic operational task, which can be performed by a licensed pilot or instructed personnel!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

LR IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves parts with limited reusability. Check parts list below

before starting job!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: When handled incorrectly the rotor system can be damaged irreparably. If undetected this may have catastrophic consequences!

CAUTION: When removing or disassembling make sure to mark all parts so that each and every part of the component is re-assembled and installed in exactly the same location and orientation!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 The rotor blades (11), clamping profile (10) and rotor hub (7) are each labelled with an engraved serial number.
- 2 Insert the first rotor blade carefully into the clamping profile. Make sure that all serial numbers match.
 - IMPORTANT NOTE: Grease shaft with AG-LUB-03, but do not allow AG-LUB-03 to come into contact with threads at any time!
- 3 Fit the rotor hub side with the according serial number to clamping profile (7) and blade (11). Insert 6 x shoulder bolts (1-5) and corresponding washers (6) without using force so that the bolt end is on top when the rotor system is installed. For re-identification and correct installation position the shaft length is provided in the figure above. Example: 40/12 means shaft length 40mm.
- 4 Position the washers (8) and the self-locking nuts (9) and hand-tighten.
- Torque-tighten nuts (9) with 20 +/- 5 Nm from the inside to the outside. When doing so, counter-hold bolts (5) to prevent any damage to the hub and blade holes.
- 6 Repeat work steps 2 to 5 for the second rotor blade.
- 7 Check rotor system alignment according to 62-11-00 5-1 and adjust, if necessary.



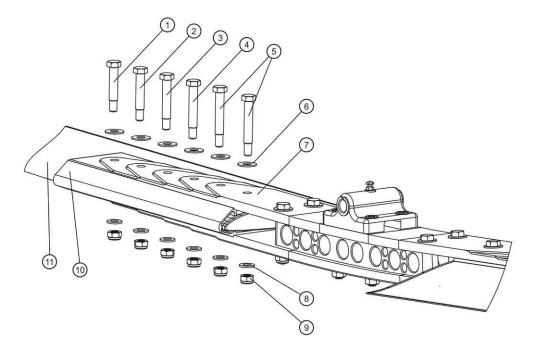


Fig. 1 - Assembly rotor - teetering parts



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

62-11-00 4-4 INSTALLATION: ROTOR - TEETERING PARTS

OPR

GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Basic operational task, which can be performed by a licensed pilot or instructed personnel! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-GRS-01 Lagermeister WHS 2002 Grease

LR IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves parts with limited reusability. Check parts list below

before starting job!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Object is heavy! Inadequate handling could cause injury. Use proper lifting techniques or assistance!

WARNING: When handled incorrectly the rotor system can be damaged irreparably. If undetected this may have catastrophic consequences!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Secure the gyroplane on level ground by engaging parking brake, adjust the rotor head or teeter tower corresponding to fore-aft and pressurize the rotor brake up to maximum.
- 2 Check correct matching of parts: The rotor hub and the teeter tower are marked with two dots according to the orientation for installation.
- 3 Lift the rotor blade with a second briefed person (one person standing aft, one person standing directly in front of the hub).
- 4 Approach with the rotor system from the side to the gyroplane and make sure not to collide with propeller or stabilizer. Insert the rotor system into the hub from above while standing on a ladder or the rear seat.
- 5 The second person can let go, as soon as it is resting centrally in the teeter tower on the teeter stops.
- 6 Apply a thin layer of AG-GRS-01 on teeter bolt (using a lint-free cloth).
- Insert teeter bolt by hand in the same orientation as it was before (bolt head should be at that side of the teeter block which is marked with one dot) while matching the shim washers with the corresponding installation positions. Insert teeter bolt by hand in the same orientation as it was before (bolt head should be at that side of the teeter block which is marked with one dot) while matching the shim washers with the corresponding installation positions.
- 8 Check direction of assembly and shim washers: rotor hub, teeter tower and shim washers are marked on each side either with one or two engraved dots.
- 9 If the teeter bolt cannot be inserted, tilt the rotor blade along the teeter axis with the free hand.
- 10 Install washer and castellated nut. Hand-tighten only and secure with a new split pin. Use split pins only once. Make sure that the teeter bolt can be turned easily by hand.
- 11 Grease nipple in teeter block.



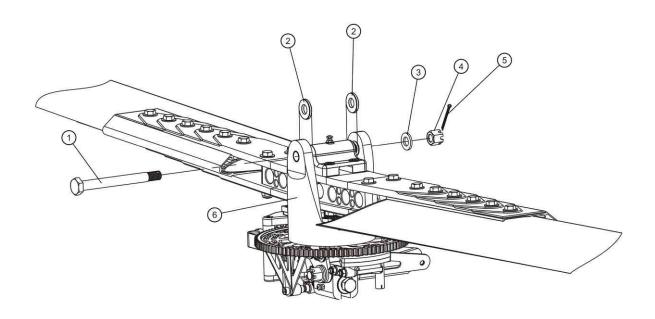


Fig. 1 - Installation rotor - teetering parts



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

62-11-00 5-1 CHECK-ADJUSTMENT: ROTOR SYSTEM ALIGNMENT



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Rotor system must be removed, see 62-11-00 4-1!

Rotor system must be placed on suitable supports to avoid scratching of the blades or bending moments at the blade attachment

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

None

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Object is heavy! Inadequate handling could cause injury. Use proper lifting techniques or assistance!

WARNING: Do not lift or support the rotor system at its blade tips as the bending moment due to the weight of the hub assembly may overstress the blade roots!

WARNING: Never place the rotor system on a dirty or grainy surface and avoid bending moments at the blade attachments!

WARNING: When handled incorrectly the rotor system can be damaged irreparably. If undetected this may have catastrophic consequences!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Place rotor system on suitable stands on level ground. Make sure stand surface is level and stand is oriented exactly 90 degrees to rotor blade (see Fig. 1).
- 2 String measuring cord between both outer blade tips. Position at rivet as depicted in Fig. 2 'Positioning of measuring cord'.
- 3 Adjust distance of stand carefully so that measuring cord is strung slightly above the central grease nipple. Verify centre position of grease nipple (Fig. 3).
- 4 In case the measuring cord deviates by more than 2 mm from centre position (i.e. grease nipple inner bore), adjust rotor system linearity. To do so perform the following work steps:
- Untighten the self-locking nuts of the blade attachment bolts, except for the most inner bolt(s). Counter-hold bolt head to prevent it from turning.
- 6 Adjust linearity/alignment of rotor system and tighten nuts. Perform alignment check. If necessary, repeat procedure from step 5 on.
- 7 Torque-tighten nuts with 20 +/- 5 Nm from the inside to the outside. When doing so, counter-hold bolts to prevent any damage to the hub and blade holes.
- 8 Perform final linearity/alignment check. If necessary, repeat procedure from step 5 on.

IMPORTANT NOTE: In case of any adjustment, a functional test flight must be performed!





Fig. 1 - Rotor system placed on stands

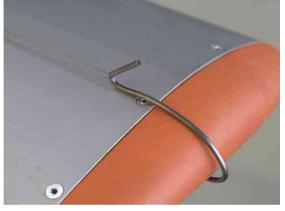


Fig. 2 - Positioning of measuring cord



Fig. 3 - Reference point at grease nipple



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

62-11-00 6-1 INSPECTION: ROTOR - TEETERING PARTS



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Rotor system must be removed, see 62-11-00 4-1!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-GRS-01 Lagermeister WHS 2002 Grease

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Never place the rotor system on a dirty or grainy surface and avoid bending moments at the blade attachments!

WARNING: When handled incorrectly the rotor system can be damaged irreparably. If undetected this may have catastrophic consequences!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Check inner and outer blade caps for tight fit and general condition. Visible insets or score marks may indicate contact with obstacles with possible damage to the rotor system.
- 2 Perform visual inspection of clamping profile.
- 3 Perform visual inspection of rotor hub.
- 4 Perform visual inspection of grease nipple and check tight fit
- 5 Check rotor system alignment 62-11-00 5-1, i.e. work steps 1 to 3 for trend monitoring purposes.
- 6 Inspect teeter bolt. In order to do so, clean with lint-free cloth and inspect for wear marks and corrosion. If corrosion or wear marks are evident (fingernail test), the teeter bolt must be discarded and replaced.
- 7 Apply a thin layer of AG-GRS-01 on teeter bolt (using a lint-free cloth).
- 8 Inspect bushings in teeter block and teeter tower for correct seating (see Fig. 1 for positions of slits) and secure installation (must not be possible to turn by hand). Otherwise, bushings must be replaced, see 62-11-00 8-1.
- 9 Insert teeter bolt in teeter block and inspect for play. If any bearing play is evident, try with new teeter bolt. If play is still evident, replace teeter block bushing, see 62-11-00 8-1.
- 10 Insert teeter bolt in teeter tower and inspect for play. If any bearing play is evident, try with new teeter bolt. If play is still evident, replace teeter tower bushings, see 62-11-00 8-1.



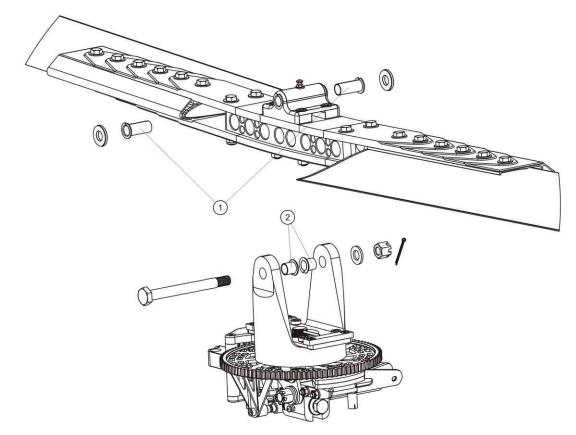


Fig. 1 - Teeter bushings, block and tower



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

62-11-00 6-2 INSPECTION: ROTOR BLADES

OPR

GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Basic operational task, which can be performed by a licensed pilot or instructed personnel! Rotor system must be disassembled, see 62-11-00 4-2

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

S.WZ9001 Aluminium ruler 1000mm

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Do not use permanent marker on anodized (eloxated) parts!

CAUTION: Do not use sticky labels on aluminium or composite parts as they may be difficult to remove!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- Inspect for cracks in the blade root area, especially in the area of the inner attachment bore (see Fig. 1 "Critical Area"). In case of any cracks the complete rotor system must be replaced.
- 2 Check each rotor blade in its root section for linearity. In order to do place each rotor blade with the nose section facing down on the support stands and measure gap with an aluminium ruler in 1 m distance from the inner end (see Fig. 2). Maximum allowed gap (dimension A) is 0.5 mm (LTA DULV-2010-004).

IMPORTANT NOTE: In order to avoid measuring errors draw a straight and parallel line 200 mm from the trailing edge. Use a lead pencil. Do not use permanent marker on anodized (eloxated) parts!



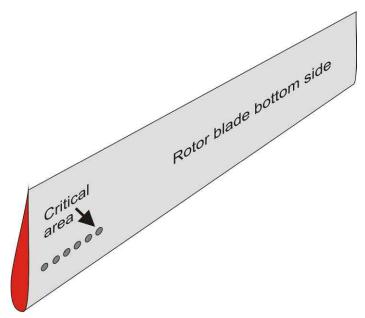


Fig. 1 - Critical blade area

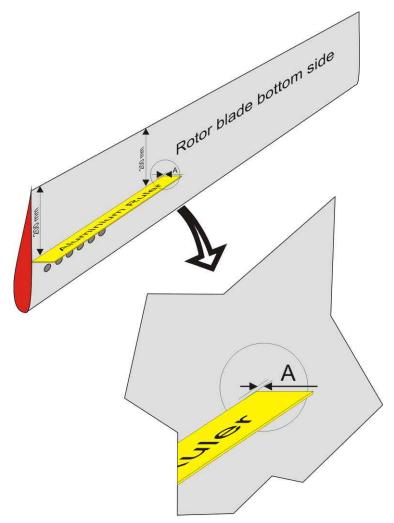


Fig. 2 - Measurement of blade root linearity



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

62-11-00 6-3 INSPECTION: ROTOR HUB BOLTS



GENERAL. REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Rotor system must be removed, see 62-11-00 4-1!

Rotor system must be placed on suitable supports to avoid scratching of the blades or bending moments at the blade attachment

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-GRS-01 Lagermeister WHS 2002 Grease

LR IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves parts with limited reusability. Check parts list below

before starting job!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

CAUTION: Remove and re-install only one bolt at a time. Never remove more than one bolt of the installation!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Remove first Rotor Hub Bolt and discard self-locking nut. If necessary use a mandrel and a hammer and tap carefully. Use caution not to damage the threads or the surface of the bore.
- 2 Inspect Rotor Hub Bolt for corrosion. In case of any signs of corrosion the bolt must be replaced.
- 3 Apply a thin layer of AG-GRS-01 on shaft, but NOT on the thread.
- 4 Re-install bolt with a slow turning motion and moderate pressure.
- 5 Install new self-locking nut and pre-torque to approximately 10 Nm.
- 6 Repeat work steps 1 to 5 for the remaining bolts.
- 7 Torque-tighten all Rotor Hub Bolts to the final torque of 25 Nm in opposing/crosswise sequence.



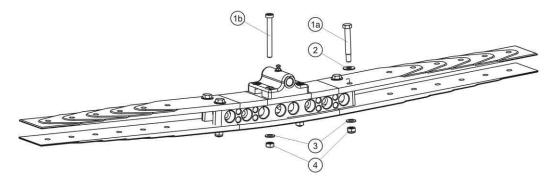


Fig. 1 - Rotor hub



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

62-11-00 8-1 REPLACEMENT: TEETER BUSHINGS



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Rotor system must be removed, see 62-11-00 4-1!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-BAS-04 Loctite 638 green

S.WZ6010 Puller bushing teeterblock

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

CAUTION: When removing or disassembling make sure to mark all parts so that each and every part of the component is re-assembled and installed in exactly the same location and orientation!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

Removal

CAUTION: It is advisable to heat up the teeter block in an oven. When removing the teeter block marks all parts or use cable ties so that each and every part of the component is reassembled and installed in exactly the same location and orientation! This is especially important for the shim plates between teeter block and hub bar.

WARNING: Affected aluminium parts must not become warmer than 160 °C.

- 1 Remove bushings from teeter block. In order to do so warm up teeter block to 120 °C, preferably in an oven.
- 2 Use appropriate tools to drive out bushings. Be careful not to damage the surface of bore.
- 3 Remove bushings from pre-heated teeter tower.
- 4 Use appropriate tools to drive out bushings. Be careful not to damage the surface of bore.

Installation

- 5 Clean bushing seatings / bores from bonding residues and de-grease.
- 6 Teeter block: Apply a thin layer of AG-BAS-04 to bore.
- 7 Press in first bushing (1) with joint/slit facing up. Use a bench vise and press carefully until bushing flange is flush.
- 8 Clean off excessive Loctite, if necessary.
- 9 Repeat step 6 to 8 for second bushing.
- 10 Teeter tower: Apply a thin layer of AG-BAS-04 to bore.
- 11 Press in first bushing (2) with joint/slit facing down. Pull in bushing until flange is flush. Use thick washers on both sides to protect teeter tower and bushing flange from damage.
- 12 Clean off excessive Loctite, if necessary.
- 13 Repeat step 10 to 12 for second bushing.
- 14 If necessary rework inner diameter of bushings in teeter tower with a reamer 13H7.



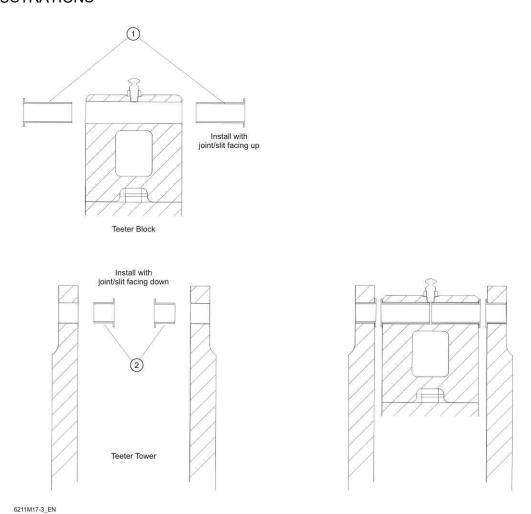


Fig. 1 - Teeter bushings, block and tower - cross section view



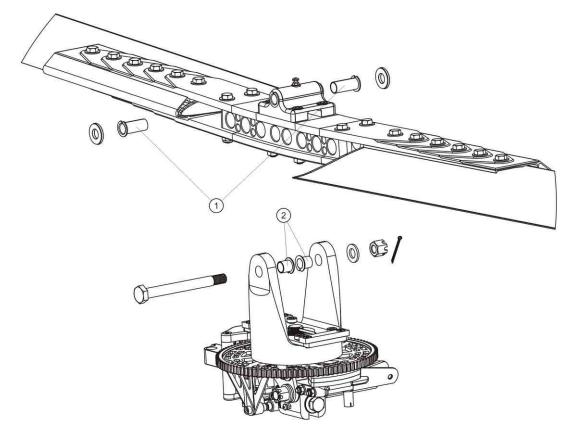


Fig. 2 - Teeter bushings, block and tower - exploded view



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

62-20-00 8-1 REPLACEMENT: DRIVE GEAR



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Gyroplane must be placed on level ground and restrained (blocks, chocks)

Rotor system must be removed, see 62-11-00 4-1!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-BAS-02 Loctite 243 blue

LR IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves parts with limited reusability. Check parts list below

before starting job!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

CAUTION: When removing or disassembling make sure to mark all parts so that each and every part of the component is re-assembled and installed in exactly the same location and orientation!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Switch pneumatic mode selector to BRAKE and build-up brake pressure.
- 2 Remove and dispose the split pin (1) (Fig.1).

WARNING: Wear eye protection when removing attachment hardware!

- 3 Undo the castle nut (2) (Fig. 1).
- 4 Switch pneumatic mode selector to FLIGHT.
- 5 Remove the castle nut (2) (Fig.1).
- 6 Remove the teeter tower with the drive gear. Fix the teeter tower in a bench vise carefully.
- 7 Remove and dispose the 6 screws and 6 washers of the drive gear. Remove the drive gear.
- 8 Put new drive gear on teeter tower.
- 9 Apply Loctite 243 to the ten screws of the drive gear. Tighten the screws with a torque of 25 Nm.
- 10 Rotate rotor head so that rotor blades (removed!) would point exactly in flight direction.
- 11 Put teeter tower with new drive gear on the rotor head.
- 12 Align the hole or magnet to the 7 o'clock position in flight direction (Fig.2 & 3).
- 13 Torque-tighten castle nut (2) with final torque of 120 Nm and re-check position. Apply further torque until the split pin can be inserted.
- 14 Inspect backlash of pre-rotator upper engagement. Backlash should be as tight as possible, but also wide enough to allow easy engagement of the pinion into the sprocket wheel in any position.
- 15 Insert and secure new split pin (1). Make sure that ends do not contact rotating parts (Fig.2).
- 16 Install the rotor system, according to 62-11-00 4-4.
- 17 Perform jobcard 63-11-30 6-1 "INSPECTION: PRE-ROTATOR UPPER ENGAGEMENT".



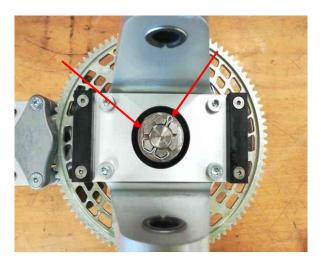


Fig. 1 - Split pin and castle nut



Fig. 2 - Hole or magnet in the 7 o'clock position in flight direction



Fig. 3 - Hole or magnet in the 7 o'clock position in flight direction



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

62-31-00 6-1 INSPECTION: ROTOR HEAD BRIDGE, BEARING AND TEETER TOWER



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

LR IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves parts with limited reusability. Check parts list below before starting job!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Wear eye protection and mind FOD when removing attachment hardware!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Inspect rotor head bridge (5) function and condition, i.e. no misalignment, dents, nicks, corrosion, or cracks. In case of any of the aforementioned is evident or suspected contact AutoGyro customer support.
- Inspect, whether the upper bearing shield bendix shaft is welded on inner bottom side to the rotor head side plates; if not contact AutoGyro customer support.
- 3 Inspect teeter stops (4) for correct attachment and condition.
- 4 Inspect teeter tower (3) for correct attachment and condition, i.e. no cracks. In case of cracks or unusual condition or appearance contact AutoGyro customer support.
- 5 Perform torque-check on main bolt nut (2). In order to do so, remove and discard split pin (1) and torque-check castle nut with 120 Nm.
- 6 If torque-check fails mark component / gyroplane unserviceable and contact AutoGyro customer support.
- 7 Insert new split pin (1) and secure. Make sure that ends do not contact rotating parts.

WARNING: Do not fly gyroplane in case torque-check failed. Clearly mark as unserviceable and prevent from use until resolved.



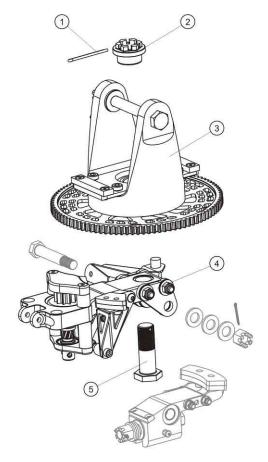


Fig. 1 - Rotor head bridge, bearing and teeter tower



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

62-32-00 5-1 CHECK-ADJUSTMENT: ROTOR CONTROL FRICTION



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Rotor head bridge / gimbal head configuration state must conform to version II Rotor system must be removed, see 62-11-00 4-1!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

S.WZ6008 Spring balance / Dynamometer

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Switch pneumatic mode selector to FLIGHT and release trim pressure completely. If necessary, switch repeatedly!
- 2 Attach spring balance / dynamometer as shown in Fig. 1 and pull carefully until control stick starts to move. Note maximum value (breakout force).

WARNING: Job includes work at critical flight controls. Duplicate inspection must be performed after completion!

- 3 Breakout force can be adjusted by tightening the gimbal head pitch bolt. If the bore pin drill of the gimbal head pitch bolt is covered by the castle nut, place shim washers between the washers (Pos. 3 & 6). Note: 0.1 mm shim washer equates approximately 20° nut rotating angle.
- 4 Rotor vibration levels will decrease with higher control friction, but handling qualities will suffer, if control friction is too high. Friction should not exceed 10 N, with an absolute maximum of 15 N!
- 5 After completion, switch pneumatic mode selector to BRAKE, apply brake pressure and secure rotor system.





Fig. 1 - Measurement of rotor control friction

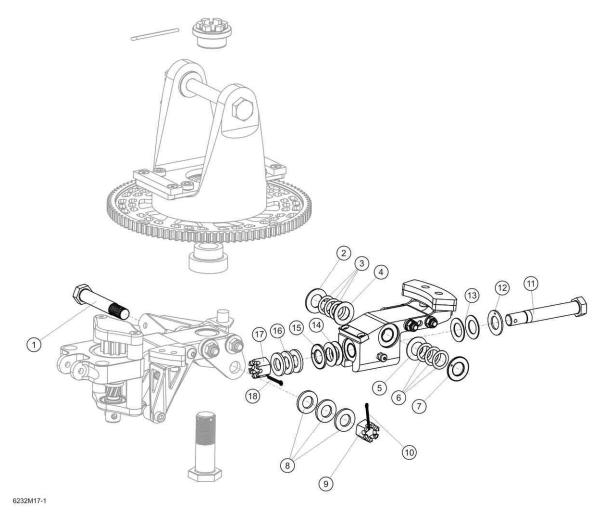


Fig. 2 - Gimbal head assembly, Rotor System III (with spring washers)



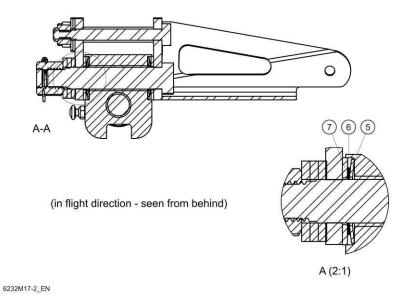


Fig. 3 - Arrangement of spring and shim washers on gimbal head - Version III



62-32-00 6-1 INSPECTION: ROTOR GIMBAL HEAD



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Rotor system must be removed, see 62-11-00 4-1!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-GRS-01 Lagermeister WHS 2002 Grease
S.WZ3002 Inclinometer / Digital Spirit Level

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Inspect gimbal head (4) for correct function and condition, i.e. check split pin (7) and (11) is installed and no play at the hinge points is evident.
- 2 Verify angles of gimbal head mechanical end stops. In order to do so perform the following work steps:
- 3 Place gyroplane on level ground with zero roll attitude and lower mast section vertical.
- 4 Rotate rotor head so that rotor blades (removed!) would point exactly fore-aft. Place inclinometer on top of teeter tower and measure RH and LH end stop angle. Make sure that mechanical stops are reached. Record values.
- Rotate rotor head so that rotor blades (removed!) would point exactly left-right. Place inclinometer on top of teeter tower and measure FORE and AFT end stop angle. Make sure that mechanical stops are reached. Record values.
- 6 Verify measured angles comply with the values specified in the corresponding type certificate data sheet. If any of the values differs by more than 1° from the specified value mark component unserviceable and contact AutoGyro customer support.



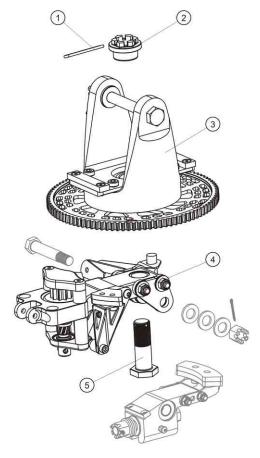


Fig. 1 - Gimbal head assembly



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

63-11-10 4-1 REMOVAL-INSTALLATION: PRE-ROTATOR CLUTCH



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Fuselage fairing must be removed, see 52-00-00 4-1!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-BAS-02 Loctite 243 blue

LR IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves parts with limited reusability. Check parts list below

before starting job!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

Removal (Assumes aircraft side panels are already removed)

- 1 Remove hoses from oil reservoir and seal open ends against contamination.
- 2 Remove oil reservoir.
- 3 Loop a lifting belt around the propeller/gearbox shaft and take the load off the engine mounts using appropriate lifting equipment.

NOTE: Both engine mounts in the LH side remain in place.

- 4 Unscrew and remove 2 x attachment hardware of engine mounts on RH side. Discard self-locking nuts.
- With the engine weight unloaded, tilt engine around remaining LH engine mounts as far as necessary (do not overstretch rubber bushings) in order to get access to the pneumatic clutch.
- 6 Disconnect pneumatic hose at quick connect coupling.
- 7 Cut open and discard affected cable ties.
- 8 Unscrew and remove 4 x M6 bolts and remove pneumatic clutch with attach ring.

NOTE

Do not separate attach ring from clutch and let adapter frame remain on engine.

9 Remove pneumatic clutch by pulling apart sliding shaft coupling.

Installation

- 10 Insert sliding shaft coupling and position pneumatic clutch with attach ring on adapter frame.
- 11 Apply AG-BAS-02 on threads and torque-tighten 4 x M6 bolts with 10 Nm.
- 12 Check that vertical pre-rotator drive can be easily turned by hand.
- 13 Re-connect pneumatic hose at quick connect coupling. Make sure flow control valve is in place and installed in correct flow direction (blue line to clutch, white line to pneumatic box).
- 14 Perform functional check (engine off) and monitor clutch actuation.
- 15 Re-install engine mounts. Use new self-locking nuts and torque-tighten.
- 16 Remove lifting belt.
- 17 Install oil reservoir.
- 18 Remove seals and re-connect oil hoses to reservoir.



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

63-11-10 6-1 INSPECTION: PRE-ROTATOR CLUTCH



GENERAL. REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

None

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Inspect pre-rotator bracket for cracks, especially in the marked area (Fig. 1).
- 2 Inspect alignment of upper and lower pulley. Use a ruler at the flanges (Fig. 2).
- Inspect sufficient slackness of belt. Belt must click when slapped with the palm of your hand against lower pulley from below. Replace belt if necessary.

NOTE: Improper pre-rotation (too high clutch speed, extensive slip) induces heat which may cause the belt to shrink in diameter. As a result the clutch is permanently exposed to friction which causes excessive wear, heat and further shrinking.

- 4 Check that pneumatic piston is not at its mechanical stop during clutch activation (belt is short enough). In order to do so, activate pre-rotation (engine off) until clutch is fully engaged. Check that pneumatic cylinder is not in its mechanical end stop by manually compressing the cylinder further (Fig. 3).
- 5 Check that upper pulley / actuation arm can easily return into its neutral position (i.e. sufficient braking action). If actuation arm hesitates to return into neutral position and braking action is low, perform the following work steps 6 to 11.
- 6 Disconnect ball joint from actuation arm.
- 7 Check that bearing of actuation arm has no excessive friction. In order to do so, move actuation arm by hand. Adjust if necessary.
- 8 Move actuator piston by hand and check alignment of ball joint and actuation arm bore. If necessary, adjust (carefully bend) attachment bracket of actuator.
- 9 Move actuator piston by hand and assess ease of movement. In case of excessive friction, the actuator piston must be replaced.
- 10 Rotate brake rubber, if necessary (run-in groves).
- 11 Re-connect ball joint to actuation arm.



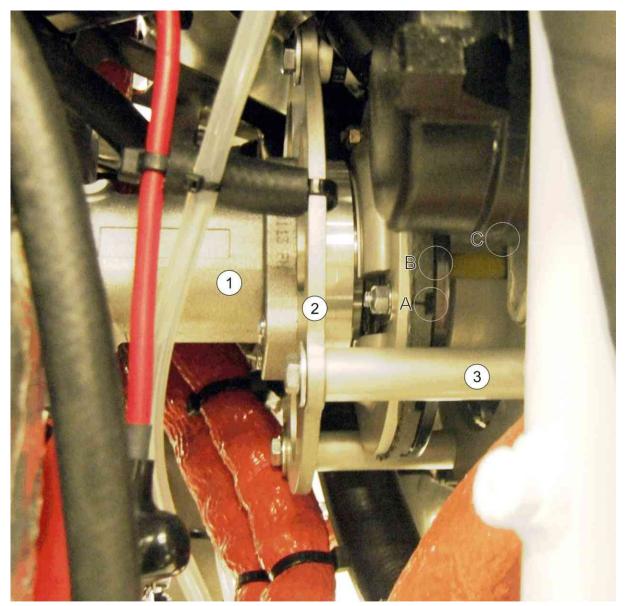


Fig. 1 -Pneumatic clutch with attach ring



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

63-11-10 8-1 REPLACEMENT: PRE-ROTATOR CLUTCH LINING



GENERAL. REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization trained and entitled to carry out 'Heavy Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Engine cowlings must be removed, see 52-00-00 4-1!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

S.VB3008 Loctite 7063 Super Clean

S.VB6055 Loctite 648

V.WZ3024 Installation Aid Dog Gear

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Disconnect battery according to 24-30-00 4-1, work steps 1 2.
- 2 Remove M8x20 screw plug (Fig. 2) with seal ring from the crankcase. Turn the crankshaft by propeller into top dead centre (TDC) position of cylinder 1 and 2. TDC can be checked with the aid of a lamp through the opening of the removed screw. When the crankshaft is in correct position screw V.WZ3028 (Fig. 3) so that the crankshaft is blocked.
- 3 Remove pre-rotator clutch according to 63-11-10 4-1, work steps 1 9

IMPORTANT NOTE: New clutch liners feature an with improved design additional brake pad. Stock items having old design shall be returned to AutoGyro or discarded.

- 4 Replace clutch liner
 - In order to do so, untighten central screw. Should it not be possible untighten central screw bore out bolt head and remove remaining screw thread with pliers. Pull friction plate off the drive shaft axially. Place spare part and fix it with new central screw.
- 5 Remove clutch dog gear with 'Installation Aid Dog Gear'
- 6 Thoroughly clean the crankshaft and the driver stud with Loctite 7063

CAUTION: For the following work step, use Loctite 648 only! The use of other brands or alternative products will prevent correct functioning.

7 Apply Loctite 648 on inner and outer thread in sufficient quantity (Fig.4)

CAUTION: For the following work step, the clutch dog gear must be easily screwable (floating) up to the stop!

- 8 Screw dog clutch gear onto the thread and remove excess Loctite
- 9 Tighten dog clutch gear using 'Installation Aid Dog Gear' with a torque of 140 Nm (Fig. 5). Clean driver free of Loctite residues.
- 10 Check with feeler gauge 0.05 mm whether dog clutch gear is contacted with the flywheel. Feeler gauge 0.05 mm must not be able to stick in between dog clutch gear and flywheel (Fig. 6).
- 11 Remove thread pin M8x50 V.WZ3028. Mount M8x20 screw plug with new copper seal ring and tighten with a torque of 15 Nm. For checking, carefully turn propeller by hand.
- 12 Re-connect battery according to 24-30-00 4-1, work steps 2 1.
- 13 Re-install pre-rotator clutch according to 63-11-10 4-1, work steps 10 19

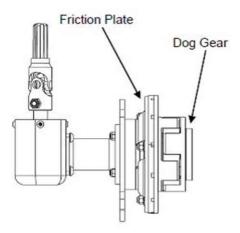


Fig. 1 - Pneumatic Clutch III



Aircraft

Fig. 2 - M8x20 screw plug



Fig. 3 - Thread Pin M8x50

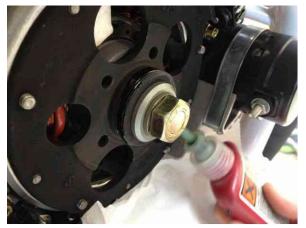


Fig. 4 - Loctite 648 on inner and outer thread



Fig. 5 - Torque dog gear with 140 Nm



Fig. 6 - Correct mounting position



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

63-11-10 8-2 REPLACEMENT: PRE-ROTATOR CLUTCH DOG GEAR



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization trained and entitled to carry out 'Heavy Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Engine cowlings must be removed, see 52-00-00 4-1!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

S.VB3008 Loctite 7063 Super Clean

S.VB6055 Loctite 648

V.WZ3024 Installation Aid Dog Gear

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Disconnect battery according to 24-30-00 4-1, work steps 1 2.
- 2 Remove M8x20 screw plug (Fig. 1) with seal ring from the crankcase. Turn the crankshaft by propeller into top dead centre (TDC) position of cylinder 1 and 2. TDC can be checked with the aid of a lamp through the opening of the removed screw. When the crankshaft is in correct position screw in V.WZ3028 (Fig. 2) so that the crankshaft is blocked (for further information see Rotax Maintenance Manual 12-20-00).
- 3 Remove pre-rotator clutch according to 63-11-10 4-1, work steps 1 9
- 4 Remove clutch dog gear with 'Installation Aid Dog Gear'
- 5 Thoroughly clean the crankshaft and the driver stud with Loctite 7063.

CAUTION: For the following work step, use Loctite 648 only! The use of other brands or alternative products will prevent correct functioning.

6 Apply Loctite 648 on inner and outer thread in sufficient quantity (Fig.4)

CAUTION: For the following work step, the clutch dog gear must be easily screwable (floating) up to the stop!

- 7 Screw dog clutch gear onto the thread and remove excess Loctite
- 8 Tighten dog clutch gear using 'Installation Aid Dog Gear' with a torque of 140 Nm (Fig. 5). Clean driver free of Loctite residues.
- 9 Check with feeler gauge 0.05 mm whether dog clutch gear is contacted with the flywheel. Feeler gauge 0.05 mm must not be able to stick in between dog clutch gear and flywheel (Fig. 6).
- 10 Remove thread pin M8x50 V.WZ3028. Install M8x20 screw plug with new copper seal ring and tighten with a torque of 15 Nm. For checking, carefully turn propeller by hand.
- 11 Re-connect battery according to 24-30-00 4-1, work steps 2 1
- 12 Re-install pre-rotator clutch according to 63-11-10 4-1, work steps 10 19.





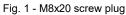




Fig. 2 - Thread Pin M8x50



Fig. 3 - Loctite 648 on inner and outer thread



Fig. 4 - Correct mounting position

63-11-30 6-1 INSPECTION: PRE-ROTATOR UPPER ENGAGEMENT



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Gyroplane must be placed on level ground and restrained (blocks, chocks)

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-GRS-01 Lagermeister WHS 2002 Grease

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Inspect wear pattern and gear mesh of pre-rotator upper engagement. If in doubt, contact AutoGyro customer support.
- If the wear pattern is uneven (see Fig. 1), e.g. due to dynamic skew, the pre-rotoator upper engagement / Bendix shaft must be repaired acc. to 63-11-30 8-2.
 IMPORTANT NOTE: adjustment job is classified as heavy maintenance (HVY)!
- Inspect backlash of pre-rotator upper engagement. Backlash should be as tight as possible, but also wide enough to allow easy engagement of the pinion into the sprocket in any position.
- 4 If necessary, adjust backlash.
- 5 Grease with AG-GRS-01.

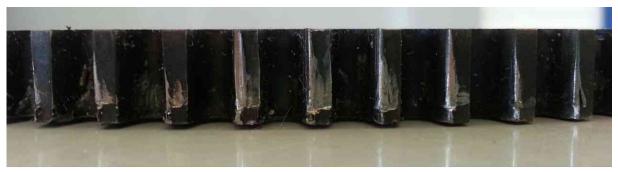


Fig. 1 - Wear Pattern (uneven)



63-51-00 8-1 REPLACEMENT: ROTOR BRAKE PADS



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Gyroplane must be placed on level ground and restrained (blocks, chocks)

Rotor system must be removed, see 62-11-00 4-1!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-BAS-02 Loctite 243 blue

SP IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves spare parts. Check parts list below for ordering

details of affected components!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves handling and disposal of special materials. For your health and environmental aspects respect all applicable regulations!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Unscrew and remove hexagon socket screws (1) with washers (2) of affected brake pad.
- 2 Replace integrated rotor brake pad assembly (3/4) with new component.
- 3 Apply Loctite 243 (blue) on screws, re-install hexagon socket screws (1) with washers (2) and torque-tighten.
- 4 After replacing the front pad, check that the head stops onto the pad before the stick reaches the forward limit stop. Adjust limit stop as required.



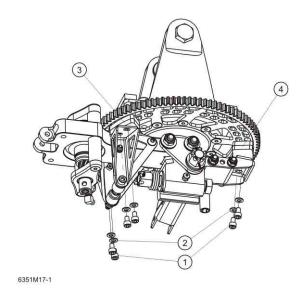


Fig. 1 - Rotor bridge with brake pads



67-00-00 0-1 **DESCRIPTION: ROTOR FLIGHT CONTROL**

OPR

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

Rotor flight control comprises of control stick, a base control unit / tube, flight control base link and control rods (push rods) which are connected to the rotor head bridge.

Pitch and roll of the gyroplane is controlled by tilting the complete rotor head by means of the control stick. Control input is transferred via a base control unit / tube running horizontally along the forward extension of the main frame (below the seats) to the base link and from there to the rotor head via control rods (push rods). The control rods with ball joints at both ends are supported by a bell crank about half way up the mast.

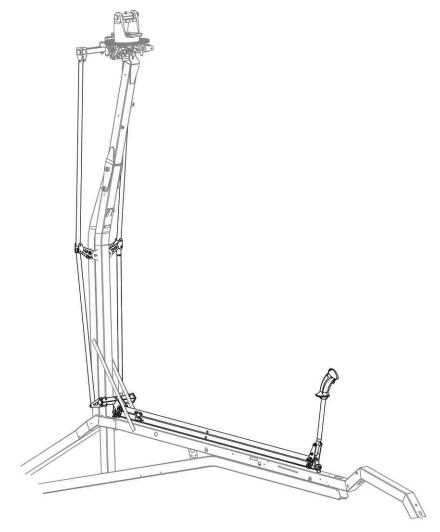


Fig. 1 - Rotor flight control



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

67-00-00 6-1 INSPECTION: ROTOR FLIGHT CONTROL



GENERAL. REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Work should be performed with the aid of a second briefed person!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

None

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Pump up the rotor brake to its maximum.
- 2 Carefully move forward flight control stick forward and aft to determine free play. Touch each joint and assess relative motion of joint elements using tactile sense, if necessary with help of a second person.
- 3 A 5 mm free play, measured at the top end of the control stick, is considered within limits as long as the free play is only a result of equal play in the ball joints.

CAUTION: Control base link and ball bearing must be free of play!

- 4 If a ball joint exhibits above average play the respective ball joint must be replaced.
- If control base link or ball bearings exhibit play, or the total play from the ball joints results in play more than 10 mm, measured at the control stick, affected components must be replaced.
- 6 Move forward and aft flight control stick relative to each other (push one forward while pulling the other one back, and vice versa). No play must be evident. If play ist evident, investigate and replace component(s).



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

67-00-00 6-2 INSPECTION: FLIGHT CONTROL BASE LINK



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Rotor system must be removed, see 62-11-00 4-1!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

None

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Job includes work at critical flight controls. Duplicate inspection must be performed after completion!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

NOTE: The procedure ensures necessary clearance of the flight control base link when flight control stick is in full aft position.

- 1 Switch pneumatic mode selector to FLIGHT and allow control stick to move to most aft position.
- 2 Make sure that gimbal head rests in its aft mechanical stops.
- 3 Disconnect upper ball joint of lower RH flight control rod from bell crank (see picture). Let gimbal head rest in aft mechanical stops while flight control stick is in full aft position, laterally centred.

NOTE: The bar of the flight control base link now contacts the ball joint of base control unit.

- The resulting offset must be between 6.5 mm (outer diameter of spacer aligns with bore centre of bell crank) and 9.5 mm (spacer barely visible through bore in bell crank). Adjust and secure control rod, if necessary. Torque-tighten with 25Nm.
- 5 Re-connect ball joint to bell crank and secure.
- 6 Perform duplicate inspection and functional check.
- 7 After completion, switch pneumatic mode selector to BRAKE and apply brake pressure.



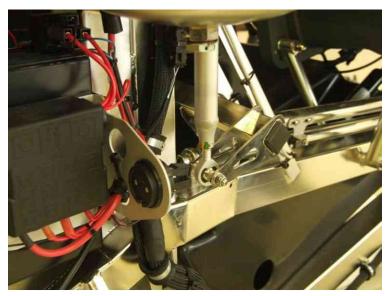


Fig. 1 - Clearance in flight control base link



Fig. 2 - Connection of upper ball joint of lower RH flight control rod with bell crank(step3/5)



Fig. 3 - Offset measurement



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

67-05-00 8-1 REPLACEMENT: PITCH TRIM/BRAKE PNEUMATIC SEAL



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-BAS-02 Loctite 243 blue

SP IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves spare parts. Check parts list below for ordering

details of affected components!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

NOTE: Following photos show the operation on the sport 2010. The process is the same.

- 1 Disconnect upper cardan joint.
- 2 Install rotor lash bag to support rotor system.
- 3 Switch pneumatic mode selector to FLIGHT and release trim pressure completely. If necessary, switch repeatedly!
- 4 Disconnect rod end from ball joint (Fig. 1).
- 5 Retract cylinder (pneumatic mode selector to FLIGHT and trim aft).
- 6 Remove circlip / snap ring with appropriate tool (Fig. 2).
- 7 Tilt pneumatic cylinder to the side and move out piston completely. In order to do so, switch pneumatic mode selector to BRAKE and apply brake pressure.

NOTE: The servo-valve requires a certain system pressure to switch-over to BRAKE mode. If brake pressure is not built-up during compressor activation, switch to FLIGHT, run the compressor (trim AFT) for some seconds and switch-over to BRAKE mode with the compressor engaged.

- 8 Remove old seal ring and discard. Install new seal ring using the special grease provided in the package (Fig. 3).
- 9 Re-install piston and re-assemble pneumatic cylinder. Re-install circlip / snap ring.
- 10 Apply AG-BAS-02 on threads, install ball head and tighten.
- 11 Re-connect upper cardan joint. Use AG-BAS-02 on threads to secure nut (Fig. 4).





Fig. 1 - Disconnect rod end from ball joint (step 4)

Fig. 2 - Remove circlip / snap rind (step 6)

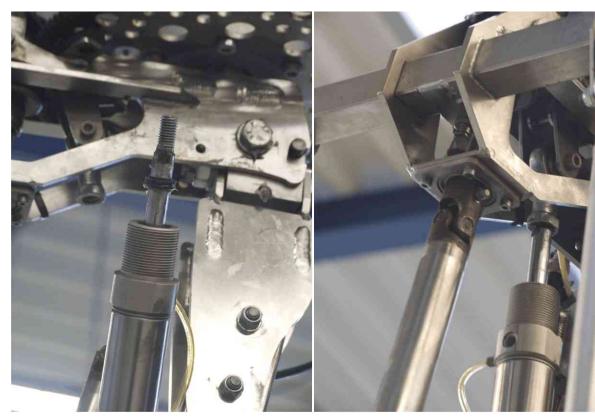


Fig. 3 - New seal rind installed with special grease (step 8)

Fig. 4 - Re-connect ball joint and upper cardan hinge



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

71-20-00 8-1 REPLACEMENT: ENGINE MOUNTING BUSHINGS



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Battery must be removed, see 24-30-00 4-1

Fuselage fairing must be removed, see 52-00-00 4-1!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

None

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Loop a lifting belt around the intake manifold of the engine and unload weight of the engine with a crane or appropriate lifting device.
- 2 Start with lower mounting bushings and replace engine mounting bushings one-by-one.
- 3 Check correct seating of mounting bushing prior to torquing.

76-10-00 8-1 REPLACEMENT: THROTTLE CONTROL WITH BRAKE



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

None

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

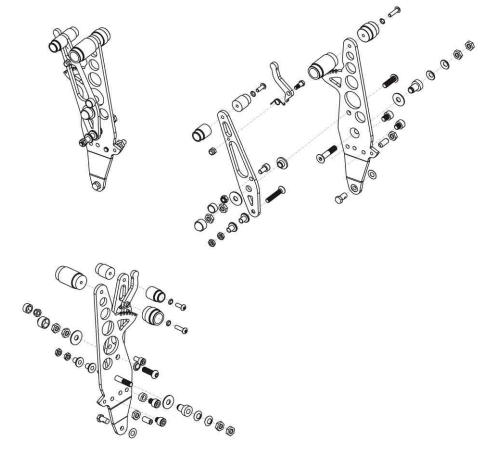


Fig. 1 - Throttle control and brake lever



AutoGyro MTOsport Model 2017

78-20-00 3-1 SERVICING: LUBRICATION OF EXHAUST SYSTEM JOINTS OPR

GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Basic operational task, which can be performed by a licensed pilot or instructed personnel!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

AG-LUB-02 Anti-Seize 31590

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

1 Apply Aluminium Anti-Seize 31590 to all exhaust system joints. See Fig. 1/2 for reference. Use a small brush, if appropriate.





Fig. 1 - Effectivity ROTAX 912

Fig. 2 - Effectivity ROTAX 914



78-20-00 8-1 REPLACEMENT: WOOL OF MUFFLER TUBE



GENERAL, REFERENCES AND REQUIREMENTS

Task may only be performed by an organization or individual trained and entitled to carry out 'Line Maintenance'! Secure gyroplane against unauthorized or unintended operation!

Execute procedure only in cold engine condition!

SPECIAL TOOLS AND CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

LR IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves parts with limited reusability. Check parts list below

before starting job!

SP IMPORTANT NOTE: Procedure involves spare parts. Check parts list below for ordering

details of affected components!

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

WARNING: Risk of severe burns and scalds! Hot engine parts! Always allow engine to cool down to ambient temperature before start any work!

WARNING: Wear eye protection and mind FOD when removing attachment hardware!

CAUTION: When removing or disassembling make sure to mark all parts so that each and every part of the component is re-assembled and installed in exactly the same location and orientation!

PROCEDURES/DESCRIPTION

- 1 Remove and dispose the locking wire of the hose clamps.
- 2 Loosen the hinge pin clamp (Fig.1).
- 3 Before replacing the muffler tube, mark the position so that the muffler tube can be exactly installed in the same location and orientation.
- 4 Remove the hose clamps and keep them for the installation procedure (Fig.2). Inspect the hose clamps for possible damage.
- 5 Remove and clamp muffler tube in bench vise carefully.
- 6 Use appropriate tools to drive out the riveting mandrels.
- 7 Drill out the rivet pin (Fig.3). Then, use appropriate tool to tap out the pin of the rivet.
- 8 Remove outer shell.
- 9 Remove the rivet mandrel and rivet heads from the wool if it is left in place. Make sure any metal swarf is removed.
- 10 Check the wool. If it is visibly burnt, remove it completely.
- 11 Install the whole new wool with tension tightly around the pipe (Fig.4).

Installation

Important: Rivet the outer shell to the hot end of the muffler tube (Fig.1)!

Effectivity: When the outer shell is riveted to the cold end (Fig.5)!

- 12 When the outer shell is riveted to the cold end, reposition the outer shell so that the outer shell can be riveted to the hot end (Fig.1).
- 13 Install the outer shell and mark the position of the four rivet holes.
- 14 Remove the outer shell and drill four holes. Make sure any metal swarf is removed.

Effectivity: End

15 Install the outer shell. Make sure that the rivets holes of muffler tube and the steel tube are perfectly lined up



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(Fig.6).

- 16 Insert the four rivets into the hole and install them with a rivet gun (Fig.6).
- 17 Set and tighten the muffler tube into the correct position with hose clamps and hinge pin clamp (Fig.7).
- 18 Secure the screws of hose clamps with locking wire (Fig.8).



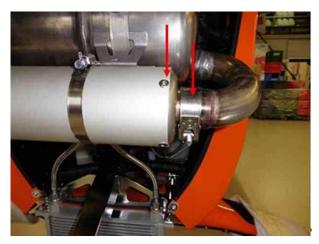


Fig. 1 - Rivets at the hot end and hinge pin clamp

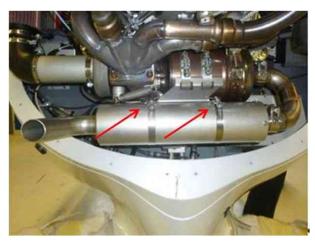


Fig. 2 - Hose clamps



Fig. 3 - Drill out the rivet pin





Fig. 4 - Installation of wool



Fig. 5 - Rivets at the cold end of muffler tube



Fig. 6 - Riveting of the outer shell

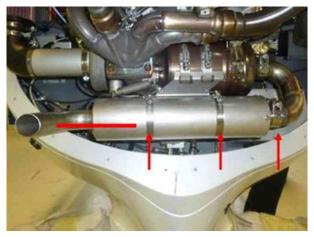


Fig. 7 - Installation of hose clamps and hinge pin clamp

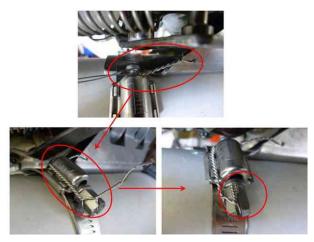


Fig. 8 - Installation of locking wire





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